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**AN ANTHOLOGY
OF
MODERN VERSE**

IF thou indeed derive thy light from Heaven,
Then, to the measure of that Heaven-born light,
Shine, Poet ! in thy place, and be content :
The stars pre-eminent in magnitude,
And they that from the zenith dart their beams
(Visible though they be to half the earth,
Though half a sphere be conscious of their bright-
ness),
Are yet of no diviner origin,
No purer essence, than the one that burns,
Like an untended watch-fire, on the ridge
Of some dark mountain ; or than those which seem
Humbly to hang, like twinkling winter lamps,
Among the branches of the leafless trees.

Wordsworth

AN ANTHOLOGY OF MODERN VERSE

Chosen *by* A. METHUEN

With an Introduction
by ROBERT LYND

"By nothing is England so glorious
as by her poetry"—MATTHEW ARNOLD

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TO
THOMAS HARDY, O.M.
GREATEST
OF THE MODERNS

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ON POETRY & THE MODERN MAN

POETRY was born, like Beatrice, under a dancing star. There is in the nature of things a law of dancing which, at a crisis of great happiness or exaltation, sets the thoughts and the emotions leaping rhythmically to time. All men, even those who would be most surprised to be reckoned among the poets or the followers of the poets, are subject to this law. Every child is a poet from the age at which he learns to beat a silver spoon on the table in numbers. He likes to make not only a noise but a noise with something of the regularity of an echo. He coos with delight when he is taken on an elder's knee and is trotted up and down to the measure of "This is the way the ladies ride," with its steady advance of pace till the ultimate fury of the country clown's gallop. Later on, he himself trots gloriously in reins with bells that jingle in rhyme as he runs. His pleasure in swings, in sitting behind a horse, in travelling in a train, with its puff as regular as an uncle's watch and its wheels

thudding out endless hexameters on the line, arise from the same delight in rhythm. We may even trace the origins of the poet in those first reduplications of sound that lead a child to call a train a puff-puff and its mother ma-ma. Cynics may pretend that it is nurses and foolish parents who invent the language of babyhood. It is the child, however, who feels that a sound does not mean enough till it has rhymed itself double, and who of its own accord will gravely murmur "cawr-cawr" to a scratching hen or "wow-wow" to a dog with expectant eyes and ears.

It is difficult to remember what was the first literature one enjoyed in childhood. But I feel reasonably certain that it was in rhyme. No child who ever lived in an old house, with a clock like a tall wooden tower beating the seconds at the turn of the stairs, but must have owed one of its first literary thrills to *Hickory-dickory-dock*. To know the rhyme was to live with a clock that might become a mouse's race-course. It made the stairs even more intensely exciting than they were before. It brought the patter of new hopes and fears into the house. The nursery-rhyme thrill, I think, precedes by a considerable time the prose thrill of *Jack the Giant-Killer*, and even in *Jack the Giant-Killer* it is when the Giant falls to rhyming with his—

Fee-foh-fum,

I smell the blood of an Englishman,

that the excitement catches fire. It is in verse that the imagination learns its first steps. The first sorrows with which we learn to sympathize in literature are the sorrows of Bo-peep. Our first sense

of the comedy of disaster we owe to Jack and Jill. Into ethical comedy—the comedy brought to adult perfection by Molière—we were initiated at the hands of Little Jack Horner and Margery Daw. Reading and hearing the nursery-rhymes, indeed, we went round the entire clock-face of the emotions—at least of the emotions possible to a child. We were merry with Old King Cole, excited with Little Miss Muffet, distraught with the Old Woman who lived in a Shoe. We heard the bell toll for Cock Robin and stood by his grave. Cross-patch was as real to us as the face in the mirror. We opened the door into romance with a rhyme about a white horse and a woman who had rings on her fingers and bells on her toes. Critics of literature are fond of making a distinction between poetry and verse, and it is possible to make these distinctions in regard to nursery rhymes equally with every other kind of literature. If we must do so, I should say that, while *Little Miss Muffet* is indubitably verse and *Little Jack Horner* (though rich in character as in diet) almost indubitably so, *Ride-a-Cock-Horse* is poetry. Here we are in a fantastic world, a world beyond the prose of knowledge. *Polly, Put the Kettle On*, contains not a word or a rhyme that makes the world a new place for us. *Ride a Cock-Horse*, however, and *Mary, Mary, Quite Contrary*, carry us out of our walled lives like a dream. They liberate us into a fairy-land of chiming music and flowers.

In poetry we are continually being re-born into new fairylands. The poet in the child is a traveller into fairyland, and if at a later stage he returns to reality, he must bring back with him fire from

that Heaven if he is to remain a poet. He cannot be a poet of experience unless he has first been a poet of innocence. Poetry begins as a random voyage among the blue seas of fancy, though it may end with the return of a laden treasure-ship of the imagination into the harbours of home. The poet of riper years cannot entirely dissociate his imaginative life from his every-day experience. He is always a commentator on life under whatever disguises. The child, on the other hand, claims complete liberty of the imagination, and can build for itself at a moment's notice a world as perfect and useless and beautiful as a soap-bubble—a world in which defiance is bidden to all the zoologists and geographers and gods of the things that are. The child, it may be argued, is in this enjoying the pleasure of inexperience rather than rebelling against experience, and, perhaps, this gives us a clue to one of the secrets of poetry. The poet must always retain a mighty sense of inexperience—of a world outside him of which he can know nothing save by guesses and wonder. True poetry begins with the delighted use of this sense. It creates the mermaid, the unicorn and the fiery dragon. It peoples the vague unknown with witches on broom-sticks and fairies and beasts that are kings' sons in disguise. Distance has no terrors for it, and we can travel over impossible spaces either in seven-league boots or by the light of a candle :

“How many miles to Babylon ? ”

“Three score and ten.”

“Can I get there by candle-light ? ”

“Yes, and back again.”

That is the poet's licence. Impossible trees bear

impossible fruits, and for their sake an impossible princess comes over the sea :

I had a little nut tree ;
Nothing would it bear,
But a silver nutmeg
And a golden pear.
The King of Spain's daughter
Came to visit me
And all because
Of my little nut tree.

You might easily construct a theory of poetry, taking this most charming of nursery-songs as your text. Here, better than in many a more pompous poem, you can see what it is that distinguishes poetry from prose. Here is the imagination escaping from the four walls—laughing at the four walls—and building its own house out of nothing but beauty and rhymes. Like all fine poetry, it is a thing of pleasant sights and pleasant sounds—of images and music. Prose, too, can give us these delights. But verse which gives them to us is what we specifically call poetry.

For convenience' sake, however, most of us use the word "poetry" with different meanings in different contexts. In one context we mean by it verse that has taken the wings of inspiration, or even prose that dares the same levels. In another, we mean simply literature in verse or in rhythms akin to those of verse. Whichever may be the sense in which we use the word, there is a good defence of poetry as, not the possession of a select few, but a part of the general human inheritance. Poetry is natural to man : it is not a mere cult of abnormal or intellectual persons. We see the beginnings of it, not only in the child's love of repetition

and rhythms and jingles, but in the cullery uses to which verse is put by school-boys and grown men. Boys and men take to verse for use as well as beauty. We can remember the number of days in each month better because of the rhyme that begins "Thirty days hath September."

Milton, in his attack on rhyme, denounced the "jingling sound of like endings," as though they were but a child's toys that a mature world should lay aside. But the truth is that rhyme makes even a fact doubly a fact because it makes it memorable. Memorableness, after all, is one of the eminent qualities in literature. We judge the greatness of an author largely by his genius for writing memorable passages. He must do more, but he must incidentally pass this test. The appeal to the memory seems to be part of the appeal to the imagination. The memory desires patterns, whether of metre or rhyme or alliteration, and the pattern in its turn excites the imagination to make new and unexpected uses of it. Poetry has a double birth: it has a utilitarian father and an æsthetic mother. The man who first said, "Birds of a feather flock together," was probably a teacher anxious to leave a lesson that would repeat itself in the mind, but he also seems to have been a little excited in his wisdom, and so he gave us not only a pattern but an image. We see the same use of the pattern as a net for the image in the didactic poets. Hesiod is a didactic writer of verse, but, in the heat of his excitement, he is exalted into an imaginative poet. Lucretius sought to make his philosophy memorable by putting it into verse; as he did so, his verse rose into poetry that is more memorable than his philosophy. I

do not wish to suggest that this literally was the way in which the masterpieces of Hesiod and Lucretius shaped themselves. I wish only to emphasize the fact that each of them wrote with the aid of two muses—a muse of utility and a muse of inspiration. Horace of the critical verse and Pope of the critical and moral verse also did so, though in different degrees. Wit and wisdom, no less than desire, seem to turn naturally to the poetic pattern. Pope has often been derided as a prosaic writer, but, if he had written in prose, he would not be one of the most frequently quoted of English authors. It was a muse, a muse, that sharpened his arrows. His epigrams may be as monotonous as soldiers in a battalion on the march, but like the soldiers, they have gained at least in neatness and deportment from the regimental discipline. The epigram in verse is not necessarily superior to the epigram in prose, but other things being equal, it seems to stamp itself deeper and more delightfully on the memory ; and lines such as

Willing to wound, and yet afraid to strike,
and

Mistress of herself, though China fall,
remain clear as gold pendants in the mind when the wittiest sayings of La Rochefoucauld and Dr. Johnson have become a little blurred. Even if we despised rhyme and metre as Tolstoy did, and held that nothing has been said in verse that could not be better said in prose, we should still have to admit that many things are said more permanently in verse. Great story-tellers, like great wits, have turned to verse, consciously or unconsciously, in

search of this permanence. In the result, Homer shows us the adventures of men from a higher tower than we are permitted to climb in even the most beautiful of prose tales such as those of the Irish heroes. Here the muse of utility and the muse of inspiration do not merely march side by side : they are no longer two but one.

So far the aim of my argument has been to suggest that in the past a taste for poetry has in some degree been natural to men in general ; first, because our emotions automatically seek to express themselves in patterns of rhythm and measure, and, secondly, because the memory finds such patterns useful as well as pleasant. On the score of memory, perhaps, the defence of poetry has weakened since the introduction of books and especially since the introduction of printing. Memory nowadays stores on the bookshelf many things that the memory of Homer's contemporaries had to store in the brain. Our memory is no longer our chief reference library. Hence the teacher of facts—agriculture, theology, or genealogies—has in recent centuries been ever less tempted to say what he has to say in verse. Verse that merely makes knowledge or opinion or anecdote tinkle no longer appeals to us, and to write a treatise on farming or botany in verse would in these days be to court ridicule. Wit can still triumph in verse in spite of a lack of the poetic fire ; but, on the whole, it is true of the modern man who reads verse that he is descended not from the jingler of facts and wise saws, but from the enraptured child beating the spoon on the table.

At every great hour of his life—hours of passionate

happiness or passionate sorrow—if he can speak at all, he is aware of the futility of common speech. His deepest personal emotions find no echo in the prose of a leading article or in the intonations of the commercial traveller discussing the shortcomings of provincial hotels. He feels as inarticulate as though he had never learned to speak. He may be a fluent conversationalist, but in presence of love and death he is dumb. He is not contentedly dumb, however. His dumbness is but a prelude to a longing for utterance. He realizes that while speech has given him words that make him master of the common objects in his house, it has as yet given him no words to express what he has begun to perceive or half-perceive in this vast house of the universe in which he finds himself a visitor. He is like a man invited to the king's table who knows only the language of the shop and the servants' hall. To experience any of the deeper emotions of life—whether in love, religion, patriotism, or the desire for a more perfect world—is to be a guest of the king, and the language of the king is, in the finer sense of the word, poetry. We realize that the room in which we have so far been content to live is mean and narrow, and even though we return to it, it can no longer confine us like a prison, but is rich with memories that enable us to escape at will into the sense of that unforgettable experience. We do this either by becoming poets ourselves or by becoming poets by proxy. Poetry is that which reminds us of reality, and that we live in a world, not merely of twenty-four-hour days, but of great occasions.

The function of poetry is to make the life of

man more full and real. It is to make him an independent hunter of the facts by which men live—the facts of the world and the facts of the universe. It enables him to escape out of the make-believe existence of everyday in which perhaps an employer seems more huge and imminent than God, and to explore reality, where God and love and beauty and life and death are seen in truer proportions and where the desire of the heart is at least brought within sight of a goal. There are critics who hold that it is enough to say that art offers us an escape from life. Art, however, offers us not only an escape from life but an escape into life, and the first escape is of importance only if it leads to the second. If the poets offered us nothing more than another make-believe world, they would be mere sellers of drugs or, at best, sweetmeats. The wares of the poetic imagination, however, as I have said, are not make-believe but reality. Even the make-believe of nursery rhymes is something more than make-believe : it is a trial flight of the imagination into reality—the reality of the beauty and the wonder of things. We often speak of the imagination as though it were a brilliant faculty of lying : on the contrary, it is a faculty by which not only do we see and hear things that the eye cannot see or the ear hear, but which enables the eye to see and the ear to hear things that they did not see or hear before. To scorn the imagination is to be a blind man deliberately refusing the miracle of sight. It is imagination that cleanses the scales from our eyes, and awakens our senses to the real things that surround us. We cannot fall in love without imagination, or become good

citizens conscious of our citizenship, or enjoy the song of a robin, or the beauty of a rose. Friendship, patriotism, love of father, mother and children, love of nature—none of these can exist without imagination. Where there is no imagination, there is cruelty, selfishness, death. We can see the results of the lack of imagination in the cruelty with which nation treats nation and class treats class. When Christ announced that all men were His brothers, He taught us to look on other people imaginatively and not as though they were ciphers in a statistical abstract. To treat a child without imagination is to treat it without love. To Blake imagination seemed to be another name for the Holy Ghost.

Thus we see that the life without imagination is a mutilated life, and we have also seen that the imagination, when it becomes articulate in speech, at its highest moments desires to express itself rhythmically. This being so, it seems improbable that poetry will ever cease to be written, and the only astonishing thing about poetic revivals such as the present is that they are comparatively rare. They are rare, however, only because we are so easily tempted to follow mirages—wealth and a luxurious table, the vain show of power and the still vainer show of security—and to become intensely interested in what is fleeting rather than what is permanent. No sooner, however, do mortals hope to settle down in comfort in their well-appointed sty than a longing—a discontent, a protest, a questioning—begins to trouble them. We may not know what causes it but, as it grows in strength, it demands utterance, and poetry is its supreme utterance. Longingness --“ poor mortal longingness,” in Mr. Walter de le

Mare's phrase—is the beginning of poetry, whether in the nursery or the grown man. It may be the longing of love or the longing for God or the longing merely for some permanence somewhere in a world of things that pass like the wind and disappear into the earth like snow. Whitman relates in *Out of the Cradle Endlessly Rocking* how his whole life was changed by hearing, as a boy, the song of a bird breaking its heart in longing for its lost mate. "Now I know what I am for," he cries :

Nevermore shall I escape, nevermore the reverberations,
 Nevermore the cries of unsatisfied love be absent from me.
 Never again leave me to be the peaceful child I was before
 what, there, in the night

By the sea, under the yellow and sagging moon,
 The messenger there aroused—the fire, the sweet hell
 within,

The unknown want, the destiny of me.

Without that "unknown want" there would be no poetry.

Sir Henry Newbolt in an admirable essay treats poetry as a transfiguration of life heightened by the home-sickness of the spirit for a perfect world; and it would be difficult to find a more suggestive theory in contemporary criticism. The home-sickness of the poet may be home-sickness for beauty, or for permanence, or even for the past. The home-sickness of Mr. Hardy differs from the home-sickness of Mr. Yeats, and the home-sickness of Mr. Davies from the home-sickness of Mr. de la Mare. But there is this element in each of them, making them all equally, if not equal, poets. In the absence of it, man is but a prodigal, glad to be allowed to live on the husks, without memory of his father's house. At the same time, "home-sickness" is not altogether

the best word to express this longing of the spirit. It has a connotation of plaintiveness that does not seem to accord with the hunger for reality of a Browning or the hunger for God of an A. E. A. E., it is true, called his first book of verse *Homeward : Songs by the Way*; but they are songs of a spirit, not sick, but eager for home. On the other hand, all those sad poets who chiefly mourn over the transience of things may justly be defined as home-sick, though some of them are home-sick for a home that they believe does not exist.

Of all contemporary poets, there is none who is so obviously the poet of home-sickness as Mr. de la Mare. He is the poet of "love shackled with vain-longing"—vain-longing for lovely things that pass, for love that passes. He draws consolation, however, from the fact that, though things pass, they pass in a perpetuity of beauty. The stream remains though it does not stand still—the stream of lovely things that change, watched by loving eyes that change. Hence he bids us :

Look thy last on all things lovely
Every hour. Let no night
Seal thy sense in deathly slumber
Till to delight
Thou have paid thy utmost blessing ;
Since that all things thou would'st praise
Beauty took from those who loved them
In other days.

Every poet continually returns to the stream of lovely things—the stream that flows and yet remains. This is for him the river of life—the brook that flows "fast by the oracle of God." His attitude to it

may vary from the delight of the soul in the Creator of these deep and incessant waters to the delight of the eye in the play of wind or the skimming of a blue-backed swallow over its surface. But, whatever his attitude to it, he knows that without it the world would be an Egypt without a Nile. He may not be conscious of the reason why he is homesick for its banks. A Browning and a Swinburne, a Hardy and a Yeats, haunt its shores for reasons that seem defiantly contradictory of each other. But all of them alike know that but for its waters we should be inhabitants of a barren plain—that here is what gives life riches and significance. That is why men must always return to poetry. Civilized human beings cannot be content to live like desert tribesmen, ignorant of what it is that makes life significant and rich. They live under a constant pressure of mechanical needs, like animals and savages. But even the fullest satisfaction of these needs leaves them only animals and savages. They must have something else—the something else that makes man a master, that satisfies his hunger for reality. The poets, like the religious teachers, the historians, and the astronomers, help to satisfy this hunger. We may live opposite to an advertisement hoarding and be overwhelmed by a sense of the visible commonness of things; but Mr. Davies will transform the world back into the likeness of reality with an image of a waterfall. He will do more for us than this. Even when we live, not among advertisement hoardings, but among green and singing things, we are creatures of indolent and occasional sight and hearing. To read him is to see with new eyes, to hear with new

ears. He invites us to a more intense experience of eye and ear than we have before known. Like Mr. de la Mare, he bids us look on all things lovely as longingly as though it were for the last time.

A rainbow and a cuckoo's song
May never come together again.

Perhaps, however, one could define the different qualities of Mr. de la Mare's and Mr. Davies's poetry better by saying that, while Mr. de la Mare has the genius for making us look on lovely things as though for the last time, Mr. Davies has a gift for making us look at them as if for the first time. When we read his poem on the robin :

That little hunchback in the snow,

we feel as if we had never perfectly seen a robin before.

The variety of the poems in the present anthology—an anthology that gives a better idea of the diffuse and ubiquitous riches of recent poetry than any that has yet appeared—should help to remind any thoughtful reader that we must always look for personal differences of this sort as among the essential things in poetry. Every poet extends the boundaries of reality for us ; but he is not the master of all reality ; he makes but a partial and personal conquest. He is not a teacher, telling us the significance of all significant things. He can reveal only those things that were significant to himself. To Mr. Hardy the ship of which we read in *A Passer-By* would not have been superlatively significant as it was to Mr. Bridges. To Mr. Bridges the forlorn figures in *Beyond the Last Lamp* would not have

been superlatively significant as they were to Mr. Hardy. Mr. Squire is as incapable of the original imaginative experience recorded in Mr. Yeats's *The Song of Wandering Aengus* as Mr. Yeats is of the original imaginative experience recorded in Mr. Squire's *Winter Nightfall*. Every poet has his own net and his own draught of fishes. Even when we have invented a formula that seems to explain those things the poets have in common, we shall find that each of them escapes out of the formula and has to be re-formulated—or, as I should prefer to say, portrayed—in terms of his own personality. Each of them has even a personal music, and the musical characteristics of the poets are as clearly distinguishable as are those of Mozart and Bach and Chopin. This does not necessarily imply the invention of new forms. Mr. Yeats can take the rhymed couplet, as in *The Folly of Being Comforted*, and he can make of it something new—a measure unknown alike to Pope and to Keats. Not that Mr. Yeats has been slow to invent new forms, as in several of the poems in *The Wind Among the Reeds*. But many of these are merely variations of well-known forms, as when he transforms the quatrain of four beats to magic uses in *Had I the Heaven's Embroidered Cloths*. Mr. Bridges, like Mr. Yeats, has made music hitherto unknown in both old and new measures. *The Passer-By* is written in a form as original as those poems in which he is merely experimenting in metre. In it he has intermixed the beat of dactyl and spondee in a music that lesser poets have imitated but greater poets had not anticipated. Mr. Hardy has not influenced

the rhythm of recent verse as Mr. Bridges and Mr. Yeats have, but he, too, loves to experiment with new forms. At the same time, some of his most unforgettable poems, such as *The Oxen* and *In Time of "The Breaking of Nations,"* are poems in which he makes use of old and simple metres. Among the younger poets of distinction, none has shown himself more impatient of the settled forms than Mr. Squire. He has taken over the cultivated dactyl of Mr. Bridges, as in *August Moon* and *A Far Place*, but he has used it in rhythms that have a new flow. His long practice as one of the wittiest parodists of his time compelled him, I suspect, to turn away from forms in which he had learned too thoroughly the habit of imitation. As a result, though a mocker of "free verse," he has claimed some of the liberties of "free verse," as in that beautiful poem *The Stronghold*.

On the whole, however, as any reader of the present anthology can see, though there has been a continuous invention of new forms on the part of living and recent writers, the good poets of the twentieth century have not been nearly so revolutionary either in form or in formlessness as is sometimes imagined. The notion of what is correct in rhyme has changed, largely owing to the influence of Mr. de la Mare, whose occasional half-rhymes are a part of the charm of his music. We find the later Mr. Yeats deliberately rhyming "did" and "head." But there are precedents for these faint rhymes even in the most consciously musical of the Elizabethans, Campion. Wilfred Owen made a further innovation with his consonantal rhymes and wrote a whole poem in which the lines ended

in such rhymes as "escaped" and "scooped." Regarding the poetry of the present generation in the mass, however, it may truly be said that there has been no violent break with the past. There has been a general loosening of form, but there has been a logical development, based on tradition. The chief danger of the modern poet is not indifference to form, but indifference to phrase. No one wishes to see the revival of the phrase as a sort of posy in the buttonhole; but every garden should charm us, not only as a whole, but in the delightful detail of flower after flower. Great poetry is memorable—with lines and phrases that repeat themselves hauntingly. Modern poetry seems to me to be risking the loss of the quality of memorableness. It may be doubted if there are any lines being written to-day that will live in the world's memory like :

Magic casements, opening on the foam
Of perilous seas, in faery lands forlorn ;

or like :

For he on honey-dew hath fed,
And drunk the milk of Paradise.

There has been a reaction against style in favour of sincerity, as though the two things were contradictory instead of being complementary. The perfect word has gone the way of the perfect rhyme, and it is a more serious loss.

As for the change in the spirit of modern poetry, it is obvious enough that there has been a change, but it would be folly to attempt to discover a generalization within the four corners of which Mr.

Bridges, Mr. Hardy, Mr. Yeats, Mr. A. E. Housman, Flecker, Brooke, Mr. Davies, Mr. Sassoon, Mr. Freeman, Mr. Colum and Mr. Chesterton can all be securely herded like cattle in a yard. The poets of to-day differ from one another almost as profoundly as from their predecessors. Mr. Bridges is the poet of nine o'clock in the morning ; Mr. Hardy of midnight—a midnight, however, not without passionate memories of “ the throbbings of noon-tide.” Mr. Hardy’s powerful creative intellect, his tragic and sensitive imagination have given him a kingdom rather than a school among living writers : Mr. Bridges is not only a master but a head-master. To Mr. Yeats all the world’s a mixture of fairy-land and a crystal-gazer’s vision : Mr. Davies is content with the world that meets the eye :

What is this life if, full of care,
We have no time to stand and stare ?

For A. E. the twilight vibrates with the passing of unseen spirits : Mr. Edward Shanks, as we see in his *Night Piece*, loves the dying fall of day for the appeal it makes, in one note after another, to his sensibilities. Mr. Chesterton is a humorous Gothic architect ; Mr. Masfield turns in verse from romance to realism, and from realism to the novel of action. Mr. Kipling’s genius blazed upon his generation in humour and rhetoric : Francis Thompson’s rhetoric was a fire of lights before an altar. Mr. Colum writes of the country as though he knew the people in it, their ambitions and affairs : Mr. de la Mare writes of it as a traveller among dreams. Mr. Housman is an ironic sentimentalist who somehow comforts us : Mr. Sassoon’s

irony is a protest that seeks us out and punishes us. The truth is, there has never been a greater variety of moods among poets than during the past two generations. The poets of war may be regarded as a group by themselves ; but even among them what has Mr. Sassoon, or even Mr. Nichols, in common with Grenfell and the Rupert Brooke who wrote :
Now, God be thanked Who has matched us with His hour ;
and :

If I should die, think only this of me :
That there's some corner of a foreign field
That is for ever England.

The Georgian group of poets are frequently regarded as a single school. They have been censured in the mass as "the week-end school of poetry," as though they were writers on themes rather than poets under compulsion. One may disagree with this criticism, but one can see the point of it. More poetry is written to-day in a rapture of self-consciousness than in the selfless rapture of a Shelley. Poetry of the sensibilities is commoner than poetry of the passions. The passion of love sets as few of the younger poets on fire as the passion of politics. The only great book of love poetry written in English by a living man is Mr. Yeats' *Wind Among the Reeds*. There are great individual lyrics of love, such as Mr. Bridges' *Awake, my Heart, to be Loved* ; but nothing so matchless has been written in this mood by any of the younger men. You have only to compare the present anthology with any good collection of Elizabethan verse in order to see how love has dwindled as a theme for poetry. The absence of political passion from modern verse

is more easily understood. Politics as a rule make bad poetry, but I am not sure that they are not a part of the make-up of great poets. Wordsworth and Byron and Shelley were all ardent politicians, and that generous ardour, I am convinced, enriched their imaginative lives. Mr. Squire, it is true, has written a witty book of political passion, *The Survival of the Fittest*. But, for the most part, the poets have been not only dumb but indifferent in a world in which there is an unprecedented need for the creative imagination in politics. Whether the deepening social consciousness that has come into the world in the last century and a half will ever become the common stuff of poetry is, I admit, doubtful. Great poetry is not the expression of collective feeling. It is the speech of soul to soul. On the other hand, as Whitman showed in *To a Foil'd European Revolutionaire*, there is room for the expression of personal passion in politics as in religion. No one is eager to see the poets turning aside from the Muse to tell us that "a man's a man for a' that." But it is reasonable to believe that Burns's genial realization that "a man's a man for a' that" was of service to him as a poet in that it made him a richer-natured human being. Modern poetry has its own genius, however,* and we need

* Those who are inclined to condemn modern poetry because it does not square with some pre-established code, would do well to remember what Wordsworth said in regard to the appreciation of poetry of a new kind in his introduction to *Lyrical Ballads*. "Readers accustomed to the gaudiness and inane phraseology of many modern writers," wrote Wordsworth, "if they persist in reading this book to its conclusion, will perhaps frequently have to struggle with feelings of strangeness and awkwardness; they will look round for poetry, and will be induced to enquire by what species of courtesy these attempts

not weigh it against that of another age as we delight in its sensibility, its wealth of observation, its conquest of new themes, its perpetual rediscovery of simple things and of their effect on the consciousness.

We may see in it, as in the poetry of the Lake school, a revolt against convention in favour of reality. As in the verse of the Lake School, the thing seen has become more important than the thing said. The twentieth century is recovering from too much Tennyson as the nineteenth century had to recover from too much Pope. Tennyson, no doubt, has often been praised for his minute observation of nature, but it is not as a familiar of nature that he survives as a poet. He was a lord of the literary manner and the æstheticism of the nineties came as logically after him as after Rossetti and Swinburne. The Georgian poets, like the Lake poets, are re-establishing the claim of familiar experiences to poetical treatment in familiar language. They love birds like naturalists rather than æsthetes.

To him this must have been a familiar sight,
is the epitaph Mr. Hardy foresees for himself, as he watches the hawk alighting on the "wind-warped

can be permitted to assume that title. It is desirable that such readers, for their own sakes, should not suffer the solitary word Poetry, a word of very disputed meaning, to stand in the way of their gratification; but that, while they are perusing this book, they should ask themselves if it contains a natural delineation of human passions, human characters, and human incidents; and if the answer be favourable to the author's wishes, that they should consent to be pleased in spite of that most dreadful enemy to our pleasures, our own pre-established codes of decision."

upland thorn " at the close of evening. There is almost more of the spirit of John Clare than of Wordsworth in the modern eagerness to set down exactly some small individual experience as a thing of value in itself. Mr. de la Mare, it is true, is no naturalist ; he even goes so far over the borders of romance as to give the blackbird " golden shoon." Mr. Davies is more representative of one of the tendencies of modern poetry when he exclaims :

I could sit down here alone
And count the oak-trees one by one.

We find this surrender to the immediate joy of the eye, not only in Mr. Hardy and Mr. Bridges, but in most of the younger poets, down even to such meditative writers as Mr. Freeman and Mr. Brett Young. It is as though poetry were now going through the same phase of evolution that painting went through in the days of Impressionism. The same passion for the actual, for the record of the minutiae of personal experience, accounts perhaps for the frequency of place-names in contemporary poetry. Gloucestershire means something to Mr. Drinkwater, Sussex to Mr. Belloc, that was never expressed in Elizabethan or eighteenth century poetry. Edward Thomas exclaims :

Make me content
With some sweetness
From Wales,
Whose nightingales
Have no wings—
From Wiltshire and Kent
And Herefordshire
And the villages there—
From the names, and the things
No less.

Poetry, if not politics, has succeeded in taking us back to the land, and the exiles in the towns return home. We are aware of this even in the work of so romantic a poet as Mr. Turner : he returns in his imagination to a more giant world under lonelier stars, as Dora Sigerson and Moira O'Neill return to the soft rains of Ireland.

And side by side with this return to the roads of home there are evidences that something like a return to religion is in progress. We see signs of this, not only in such Catholic poets as Mr. Chesterton and Mrs. Meynell, but in the work of Mr. Gould, Mr. Graves and Mrs. Shove. Painting to-day has gone to the café, but poetry lingers at the door of the church. In this, I think, poetry is more faithful to the tradition of the arts. For what is art but a consolation of exiles by the waters of Babylon ? As I have said, however, it is in vain that we make categories for the poets, if we expect them to be mechanically perfect and beyond contradiction. We can point to a few tendencies, like currents in the sea, but winds blow across from the east and the west, and the tide makes for a thousand shores. The moon and her rule are still the same. What is most important in modern poetry is not that which distinguishes it from the poetry of yesterday, but that which makes it in its degree one with the poetry of Homer and Sappho, of Shakespeare and Shelley.

Critical opinion is still conflicting as to the place to which the various poets represented in this anthology will ultimately be entitled in the hierarchy of authors. Mr. Bridges and Mr. Hardy, Mr. Yeats

and Mr. Davies have all been the subjects of widely different estimates. There are critics—and able critics—who would like to arrange the poets in order (first, second, third, etc.), like horses at the end of a race. This, I think, is only a minor function of criticism. We must, indeed, have a standard by which we know, without even the trouble of thinking, that Flecker is a lesser poet than Milton. But our pleasure in reading Wordsworth does not consist in knowing that he is a greater poet than Keats, or our pleasure in Keats in knowing that he is greater than Wordsworth, either of these judgments being reasonably tenable by a good critic. The good critic is he who can define a poet's genius in terms of quality rather than in terms of quantity. The astronomer must know the greater and lesser magnitudes of the stars; but the stars have more exciting interests than these. When Wordsworth wrote :

If thou indeed derive thy light from Heaven . . .
Shine, poet, in thy place and be content,

he was bequeathing a lesson not only to poets but to critics. Mr. Hardy and Mr. Bridges, Mr. Yeats and Mr. Davies may well be content to know that they are luminaries for all time; and even many of the smaller poets in this collection may be well enough pleased to be peeps of light in a not inglorious constellation. That there is no Shakespeare writing in our midst is a fact in support of which it is unnecessary to argue. But our generation has not failed to add new and lovely lights to the firmament. The poets of to-day are not a remnant but a nation. That is the justification—if justification were needed

—of this fine and catholic collection of modern verse. In an age poor in poets a miscellany of such varied excellences would be impossible.

ROBERT LYND

COMPILER'S NOTE

THE compiler renders his sincere thanks to those authors and publishers whose names are mentioned in the index of authors and whose kindness has made this selection possible. Considerations of copyright have prevented the inclusion of poems by one or two eminent writers.

There is an obvious difficulty in deciding where modern verse begins, but, roughly, the pieces chosen for this book are either the work of living poets or, with rare exceptions, of poets who have died within the last fifteen years. It is hoped in any case that the spirit of the new poetry inspires this little book.

January, 1921

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AN ANTHOLOGY OF MODERN VERSE

FROLIC

THE children were shouting together
And racing along the sands,
A glimmer of dancing shadows,
A dovelike flutter of hands.

The stars were shouting in heaven,
The sun was chasing the moon :
The game was the same as the children's,
They danced to the self-same tune.

The whole of the world was merry,
One joy from the vale to the height,
Where the blue woods of twilight encircled
The lovely lawns of the light.

A. E.

BABYLON

THE blue dusk ran between the streets : my love
was winged within my mind,
It left to-day and yesterday and thrice a thousand
years behind.

To-day was past and dead for me, for from to-day
my feet had run
Through thrice a thousand years to walk the ways of
ancient Babylon.
On temple top and palace roof the burnished gold
flung back the rays
Of a red sunset that was dead and lost beyond a
million days.
The tower of heaven turns darker blue, a starry
sparkle now begins ;
The mystery and magnificence, the myriad beauty
and the sins
Come back to me. I walk beneath the shadowy
multitude of towers ;
Within the gloom the fountain jets its pallid mist in
lily flowers.
The waters lull me and the scent of many gardens,
and I hear
Familiar voices, and the voice I love is whispering
in my ear.
Oh real as in dream all this ; and then a hand on
mine is laid :
The wave of phantom time withdraws ; and that
young Babylonian maid,
One drop of beauty left behind from all the flowing
of that tide,
Is looking with the self-same eyes, and here in
Ireland by my side.
Oh light our life in Babylon, but Babylon has taken
wings,
While we are in the calm and proud procession of
eternal things.

A. E.

HYMN TO LOVE

WE are thine, O Love, being in thee and made of thee,

As thou, Love, were the deep thought
And we the speech of the thought ; yea, spoken
are we,

Thy fires of thought out-spoken :

But burn'd not through us by thy imagining

Like fierce mood in a song caught,
We were as clamour'd words a fool may fling,
Loose words, of meaning broken.

For what more like the brainless speech of a fool,—

The lives travelling dark fears,
And as a boy throws pebbles in a pool
Thrown down abysmal places ?

Hazardous are the stars, yet is our birth

And our journeying time theirs ;
As words of air, life makes of starry earth
Sweet soul-delighted faces ;

As voices are we in the worldly wind ;

The great wind of the world's fate
Is turned, as air to a shapen sound, to mind
And marvellous desires.

But not in the world as voices storm-shatter'd,

Not borne down by the wind's weight ;
The rushing time rings with our splendid word
Like darkness fill'd with fires.

For Love doth use us for a sound of song,
And Love's meaning our life wields,
Making our souls like syllables to throng
His tunes of exultation.

Down the blind speed of a fatal world we fly,
As rain blown along earth's fields ;
Yet are we god-desiring liturgy,
Sung songs of adoration ;

Yea, made of chance and all a labouring strife,
We go charged with a strong flame ;
For as a language Love hath seized on life
His burning heart to story.

Yea, Love, we are thine, the liturgy of thee,
Thy thought's golden and glad name,
The mortal conscience of immortal glee,
Love's zeal in Love's own glory.

Lascelles Abercrombie

PRAYERS

GOD who created me
Nimble and light of limb,
In three elements free,
To run, to ride, to swim :
Not when the sense is dim,
But now from the heart of joy,
I would remember Him ;
Take the thanks of a boy.

Jesu, King and Lord,
Whose are my foes to fight,

Gird me with Thy sword,
Swift and sharp and bright.
Thee would I serve if I might,
And conquer if I can ;
From day-dawn till night,
Take the strength of a man.

- Spirit of Love and Truth
Breathing in grosser clay,
The light and flame of youth,
Delight of men in the fray,
Wisdom in strength's decay ;
From pain, strife, wrong to be free,
This best gift I pray,
Take my spirit to Thee.
Henry Charles Beeching

THE SOUTH COUNTRY

WHEN I am living in the Midlands,
That are sodden and unkind,
I light my lamp in the evening ;
My work is left behind ;
And the great hills of the South Country
Come back into my mind.

The great hills of the South Country
They stand along the sea,
And it's there, walking in the high woods,
That I could wish to be,
And the men that were boys when I was a boy
Walking along with me.

The men that live in North England
I saw them for a day ;
Their hearts are set upon the waste fells,
Their skies are fast and grey ;
From their castle-walls a man may see
The mountains far away.

The men that live in West England
They see the Severn strong,
A-rolling on rough water brown
Light aspen leaves along.
They have the secret of the rocks
And the oldest kind of song.

But the men that live in the South Country
Are the kindest and most wise,
They get their laughter from the loud surf,
And the faith in their happy eyes
Comes surely from our sister the Spring
When over the sea she flies ;
The violets suddenly bloom at her feet,
She blesses us with surprise.

I never get between the pines
But I smell the Sussex air ;
Nor I never come on a belt of sand
But my home is there.
And along the sky the line of the Downs
So noble and so bare.

A lost thing could I never find,
Nor a broken thing mend ;
And I fear I shall be all alone
When I get towards the end.
Who will there be to comfort me
Or who will be my friend ?

I will gather and carefully make my friends
Of the men of the Sussex Weald ;
They watch the stars from silent folds,
They stiffly plough the field.
By them and the God of the South Country
My poor soul shall be healed.

If I ever become a rich man,
Or if ever I grow to be old,
I will build a house with deep thatch
To shelter me from the cold,
And there shall the Sussex songs be sung
And the story of Sussex told.

I will hold my house in the high wood,
Within a walk of the sea,
And the men that were boys when I was a boy
Shall sit and drink with me.

Hilaire Belloc

DUNCTON HILL

He does not die that can bequeath
Some influence to the land he knows,
Or dares, persistent, interweath
Love permanent with the wild hedgerows ;
He does not die, but still remains
Substantiate with his darling plains.

The spring's superb adventure calls
His dust athwart the woods to flame ;
His boundary river's secret falls
Perpetuate and repeat his name.
He rides his loud October sky
He does not die. He does not die.

The beeches know the accustomed head
Which loved them, and a peopled air
Beneath their benediction spread
Comforts the silence everywhere ;
For native ghosts return and these
Perfect the mystery in the trees.

So, therefore, though myself be crosst
The shuddering of that dreadful day
When friend and fire and home are lost,
And even children drawn away—
The passer-by shall hear me still
A boy that sings on Duncton Hill.

Hilaire Belloc

THE BIRDS

WHEN Jesus Christ was four years old,
The angels brought Him toys of gold,
Which no man ever had bought or sold.

And yet with these He would not play.
He made Him small fowl out of clay,
And blessed them till they flew away :
Tu creasti, Domine.

Jesus Christ, Thou child so wise,
Bless mine hands and fill mine eyes,
And bring my soul to Paradise.

Hilaire Belloc

FOR THE FALLEN

WITH proud thanksgiving, a mother for her children,
England mourns for her dead across the sea.
Flesh of her flesh they were, spirit of her spirit
Fallen in the cause of the free.

Solemn the drums thrill : Death august and royal
Sings sorrow up into immortal spheres.
There is music in the midst of desolation
And a glory that shines upon our tears.

They went with songs to the battle, they were young,
Straight of limb, true of eye, steady and aglow.
They were staunch to the end against odds
uncounted,
They fell with their faces to the foe.

They shall grow not old, as we that are left grow old :
Age shall not weary them, nor the years condemn.
At the going down of the sun and in the morning
We will remember them.

They mingle not with their laughing comrades again ;
They sit no more at familiar tables at home ;
They have no lot in our labour of the day-time :
They sleep beyond England's foam.

But where our desires are and our hopes profound
Felt as a well-spring that is hidden from sight,
To the innermost heart of their own land they are
known
As the stars are known to the Night.

As the stars that shall be bright when we are dust
Moving in marches upon the heavenly plain,
As the stars that are starry in the time of our
darkness,
To the end, to the end, they remain.

Laurence Binyon

O WORLD, BE NOBLER

O WORLD, be nobler, for her sake !
If she but knew thee what thou art,
What wrongs are borne, what deeds are done
In thee, beneath thy daily sun,
Know'st thou not that her tender heart
For pain and very shame would break ?
O World, be nobler, for her sake !

Laurence Binyon

ALMSWOMEN

At Quincey's moat the squandering village ends,
And there in the almshouse dwell the dearest friends
Of all the village, two old dames that cling
As close as any true loves in the spring.
Long, long ago they passed threescore-and-ten,
And in this doll's house lived together then ;
All things they have in common, being so poor,
And their one fear, Death's shadow at the door.
Each sundown makes them mournful, each sunrise
Brings back the brightness in their failing eyes.

How happy go the rich fair-weather days
When on the roadside folk stare in amaze
At such a honeycomb of fruit and flowers
As mellows round their threshold ; what long hours
They gloat upon their steeping hollyhocks,
Bee's balsams, feathery southernwood, and stocks,
Fiery dragon's-mouths, great mallow leaves
For saives, and lemon-plants in bushy sheaves,
Shagged Isau's-hands with five green finger-tips.
Such old sweet names are ever on their lips.
As pleased as little children where these grow
In cobbled pattens and worn gowns they go,
Proud of their wisdom when on gooseberry shoots
They stuck eggshells to fright from coming fruits
The brisk-billed rascals ; pausing still to see
Their neighbour owls saunter from tree to tree,
Or in the hushing half-light mouse the lane
Long-winged and lordly.

But when these hours wane,
Indoors they ponder, scared by the harsh storm
Whose pelting saracens on the window swarm,
And listen for the mail to clatter past
And church clock's deep bay withering on the blast ;
They feed the fire that flings a freakish light
On pictured kings and queens grotesquely bright,
Platters and pitchers, faded calendars
And graceful hour-glass trim with lavenders.

Many a time they kiss and cry, and pray
That both be summoned in the selfsame day,
And wiseman linnet tinkling in his cage
End too with them the friendship of old age,
And all together leave their treasured room
Some bell-like evening when the may's in bloom.

Edmund Blunden

THE BARN

RAIN-SUNKEN roof, grown green and thin
For sparrows' nests and starlings' nests ;
Dishevelled eaves ; unwieldy doors,
Cracked rusty pump, and oaken floors,
And idly-pencilled names and jests
 Upon the posts within.

The light pales at the spider's lust,
The wind tangs through the shattered pane :
An empty hop-poke spreads across
The gaping frame to mend the loss
And keeps out sun as well as rain,
 Mildewed with clammy dust.

The smell of apples stored in hay
And homely cattle-cake is there.
Use and disuse have come to terms,
The walls are hollowed out by worms,
But men's feet keep the mid-floor bare
 And free from worse decay.

All merry noise of hens astir
Or sparrows squabbling on the roof
Comes to the barn's broad open door ;
You hear upon the stable floor
Old hungry Dapple strike his hoof,
 And the blue fan-tail's whirl.

The barn is old, and very old,
But not a place of spectral fear.
Cobwebs and dust and speckling sun
Come to old buildings every one.
Long since they made their dwelling here,
 And here you may behold

Nothing but simple wane and change ;
Your tread will wake no ghost, your voice
Will fall on silence undeterred.
No phantom wailing will be heard,
Only the farm's blithe cheerful noise ;
The barn is old, not strange.

Edmund Blunden

THE OLD SQUIRE

I LIKE the hunting of the hare
Better than that of the fox ;
I like the joyous morning air,
And the crowing of the cocks.

I like the calm of the early fields,
The ducks asleep by the lake,
The quiet hour which Nature yields,
Before mankind is awake.

I like the pheasants and feeding things
Of the unsuspecting morn ;
I like the flap of the wood-pigeon's wings
As she rises from the corn.

I like the blackbird's shriek, and his rush
From the turnips as I pass by,
And the partridge hiding her head in a bush
For her young ones cannot fly.

I like these things, and I like to ride
When all the world is in bed,
To the top of the hill where the sky grows wide,
And where the sun grows red.

The beagles at my horse heels trot
In silence after me ;
There's Ruby, Roger, Diamond, Dot,
Old Slut and Margery,—

A score of names well-used and dear,
The names my childhood knew ;
The horn, with which I rouse their cheer,
Is the horn my father blew.

I like the hunting of the hare
Better than that of the fox ;
The new world still is all less fair
Than the old world it mocks.

I covet not a wider range
Than these dear manors give ;
I take my pleasures without change,
And as I lived I live.

I leave my neighbours to their thought :
My choice it is, and pride,
On my own lands to find my sport,
In my own fields to ride.

The hare herself no better loves
The field where she was bred
Than I the habit of these groves,
My own inherited.

I know my quarries every one,
The meuse where she sits low ;
The road she chose to-day was run
A hundred years ago.

The lags, the gills, the forest ways,
The hedgerows one and all,
These are the kingdoms of my chase,
And bounded by my wall ;

Nor has the world a better thing,
Though one should search it round,
Than thus to live one's own sole king,
Upon one's own sole ground.

I like the hunting of the hare ;
It brings me, day by day,
The memory of old days as fair,
With dead men past away.

To these, as homeward still I ply
And pass the churchyard gate
Where all are laid as I must lie,
I stop and raise my hat.

I like the hunting of the hare ;
New sports I hold in scorn ;
I like to be as my fathers were
In the days ere I was born.

Wilfrid Scawen Blunt

THE LITTLE WAVES OF BREFFNY

THE grand road from the mountain goes shining to
the sea,
And there is traffic in it, and many a horse and
cart ;
But the little roads of Cloonagh are dearer far to me,
And the little roads of Cloonagh go rambling
through my heart.

A great storm from the ocean goes shouting o'er
the hill,

And there is glory in it and terror on the wind ;
But the haunted air of twilight is very strange
and still,

And the little winds of twilight are dearer to my
mind.

The great waves of the Atlantic sweep ⁶ storming on
their way,

Shining green and silver with the hidden herring
shoal ;

But the Little Waves of Breffny have drenched
my heart in spray,

And the Little Waves of Breffny go stumbling
through my soul.

Eva Gore Booth

NEW YEAR'S EVE, 1913

O, CARTMEL bells ring soft to-night,

And Cartmel bells ring clear,

But I lie far away to-night,

Listening with my dear ;

Listening in a frosty land

Where all the bells are still,

And the small-windowed bell-towers stand

Dark under heath and hill.

I thought that, with each dying year,

As long as life should last

The bells of Cartmel I should hear

Ring out an aged past :

The plunging, mingling sounds increase
Darkness's depth and height,
The hollow valley gains more peace
And ancientness to-night :

The loveliness, the fruitfulness,
The power of life lived there
Return, revive, more closely press
Upon that midnight air.

But many deaths have place in men
Before they come to die ;
Joys must be used and spent, and then
Abandoned and passed by.

Earth is not ours ; no cherished space
Can hold us from life's flow,
That bears us thither and thence by ways
We knew not we should go.

O, Cartmel bells ring loud, ring clear,
Through midnight deep and hoar,
A year new-born, and I shall hear
The Cartmel bells no more.

Gordon Bottomley

TO IRON-FOUNDERS AND OTHERS

WHEN you destroy a blade of grass,
You poison England at her roots :
Remember no man's foot can pass
Where evermore no green life shoots.

You force the birds to wing too high
Where your unnatural vapours creep :
Surely the living rocks shall die
When birds no rightful distance keep.

You have brought down the firmament,
And yet no heaven is more near ;
You shape huge deeds without event,
And half-made men believe and fear.

Your worship is your furnaces,
Which, like old idols, lost obscenes,
Have molten bowels ; your vision is
Machines for making more machines.

O, you are busied in the night,
Preparing destinies of rust ;
Iron misused must turn to blight
And dwindle to a tettered crust.

The grass, forerunner of life, has gone ;
But plants that spring in ruins and shards
Attend until your dream is done :
I have seen hemlock in your yards.

The generations of the worm
Know not your loads piled on their soil ;
Their knotted ganglions shall wax firm
Till your strong flagstones heave and toil.

When the old hollowed earth is cracked,
And when, to grasp more power and feasts,
Its ores are emptied, wasted, lacked,
The middens of your burning beasts

Shall be raked over till they yield
Last priceless slags for fashionings high,
Ploughs to wake grass in every field,
Chisels men's hands to magnify.

Gordon Bottomley

LIGHT

THE night has a thousand eyes,
And the day but one ;
Yet the light of the bright world dies
With the dying sun.

THE mind has a thousand eyes,
And the heart but one ;
Yet the light of a whole life dies
When love is done.

F. W. Bourdillon

AWAKE, MY HEART, TO BE LOVED

AWAKE, my heart, to be loved, awake, awake !
The darkness silvers away, the morn doth break,
It leaps in the sky : unrisen lustres slake
The o'ertaken moon. Awake, O heart, awake !

She too that loveth awaketh and hopes for thee ;
Her eyes already have sped the shades that flee,
Already they watch the path thy feet shall take :
Awake, O heart, to be loved, awake, awake !

And if thou tarry from her,—if this could be,—
She cometh herself, O heart, to be loved, to thee ;
For thee would unashamed herself forsake :
Awake to be loved, my heart, awake, awake !

Awake ! the land is scattered with light, and see,
Uncanopied sleep is flying from field and tree :
And blossoming boughs of April in laughter shake ;
Awake, O heart, to be loved, awake, awake !

Lo all things wake and tarry and look for thee :
She looketh and saith, " O sun, now bring him to me.
Come more adored, O adored, for his coming's sake,
And awake my heart to be loved : awake, awake ! "

Robert Bridges

I WILL NOT LET THEE GO

I WILL not let thee go.
Ends all our month-long love in tiffs ?
Can it be summed up so,
Quit in a single kiss ?
I will not let thee go.
I will not let thee go.
If thy words' breath could scare thy deeds,
As the soft south can blow
And toss the feathered seeds,
Then might I let thee go.
I will not let thee go.
Had not the great sun seen, I might ;
Or were he reckoned slow
To bring the false to light,
Then might I let thee go.
I will not let thee go.
The stars that crowd the summer skies
Have watched us so below
With all their million eyes,
I dare not let thee go.
I will not let thee go.
Have we not chid the changeful moon,
Now rising late, and now
Because she set too soon,
And shall I let thee go ?

I will not let thee go.
Have not the young flowers been content,
Plucked ere their buds could blow,
To seal our sacrament ?
I cannot let thee go.

I will not let thee go.
I hold thee by too many bands :
Thou sayest farewell, and lo !
I have thee by the hands,
And will not let thee go.

Robert Bridges

A PASSER-BY

WHITHER, O splendid ship, thy white sails crowding,
Leaning across the bosom of the urgent West,
That fearest nor sea rising nor sky clouding,
Whither away, fair rover, and what thy quest ?
Ah ! soon, when Winter has all our vales opprest,
When skies are cold and misty, and hail is hurling,
Wilt thou glide on the blue Pacific, or rest
In a summer haven asleep, thy white sails furling.

I there before thee, in the country that well thou
knowest,
Already arrived am inhaling the odorous air :
I watch thee enter unerringly where thou goest,
And anchor queen of the strange shipping there,
Thy sails for awnings spread, thy masts bare ;
Nor is aught from the foaming reef to the snow-
capp'd, grandest
Peak, that is over the feathery palms more fair
Than thou, so upright, so stately, and still thou
standest.

And yet, O splendid ship, unhail'd and nameless,
I know not if, aiming a fancy, I rightly divine
That thou hast a purpose joyful, a courage blameless,
Thy port assured in a happier land than mine.
But for all I have given thee, beauty enough is thine,
As thou, aslant with trim tackle and shrouding,
From the proud nostril curve of a prow's line
In the offing scatterest foam, thy white sails crowding.

Robert Bridges

THE LINNET

I HEARD a linnnet courting
His lady in the spring ;
His mates were idly sporting,
Nor stayed to hear him sing
His song of love—
I fear my speech distorting
His tender love.

One phrase was all his pleading,
He spoke of love and home :
To her who gave him heeding
He sang his question, " Come."—
His gay sweet notes,
So sadly marred in the reading !
His tender notes !

And when he ceased, the hearer
Re-echoed the refrain,
And swiftly perching nearer,
" Come, come," she sang again,—

Ah for their loves !
Would that my verse spake clearer,
Their tender loves !
Blest union of twin creatures
Unmarred by sense of doubt :
All summer's dry misfeatures
Such springtide trust bars out ;
But of their loves
Fall short our wiser natures :
Their tender loves !

Robert Bridges

THE SOLDIER

If I should die, think only this of me :
That there's some corner of a foreign field
That is for ever England. There shall be
In that rich earth a richer dust concealed ;
A dust whom England bore, shaped, made aware,
Gave, once, her flowers to love, her ways to roam,
A body of England's, breathing English air,
Washed by the rivers, blest by suns of home.
And think, this heart, all evil shed away,
A pulse in the eternal mind, no less
Gives somewhere back the thoughts by Eng-
land given ;
Her sights and sounds ; dreams happy as her day ;
And laughter, learnt of friends ; and gentleness,
In hearts at peace, under an English heaven.

Rupert Brooke

THE OLD VICARAGE, GRANTCHESTER

Café des Westens, Berlin.

JUST now the lilac is in bloom,
 All before my little room ;
 And in my flower-beds, I think,
 Smile the carnation and the pink ;
 And down the borders, well I know,
 The poppy and the pansy blow . . .
 Oh ! there the chestnuts, summer through,
 Beside the river make for you
 A tunnel of green gloom, and sleep
 Deeply above ; and green and deep
 The stream mysterious glides beneath,
 Green as a dream and deep as death.—
 Oh, damn ! I know it ! and I know
 How the May fields all golden show,
 And when the day is young and sweet,
 Gild gloriously the bare feet
 That run to bathe . . .

Du lieber Gott !

Here am I, sweating, sick, and hot,
 And there the shadowed waters fresh
 Lean up to embrace the naked flesh.
Temperamentvoll German Jews
 Drink beer around ; and *there* the dews
 Are soft beneath a morn of gold.
 Here tulips bloom as they are told ;
 Unkempt about those hedges blows
 An English unofficial rose ;
 And there the unregulated sun
 Slopes down to rest when day is done,

And wakes a vague unpunctual star,
A slippered Hesper; and there are
Meads towards Haslingfield and Coton
Where *das Betreten's* not *verboten* . . .
εἶθε γενόμην . . . would I were
In Grantchester, in Grantchester!—
Some, it may be, can get in touch
With Nature there, or Earth, or such.
And clever modern men have seen
A Faun a-peeping through the green,
And felt the Classics were not dead,
To glimpse a Naiad's reedy head,
Or hear the Goat-foot piping low . . .
But these are things I do not know.
I only know that you may lie
Day long and watch the Cambridge sky,
And, flower-lulled in sleepy grass,
Hear the cool lapse of hours pass,
Until the centuries blend and blur
In Grantchester, in Grantchester . . .
Still in the dawnlit waters cool
His ghostly Lordship swims his pool,
And tries the strokes, essays the tricks,
Long learnt on Hellespont, or Styx;
Dan Chaucer hears his river still
Chatter beneath a phantom mill;
Tennyson notes, with studious eye,
How Cambridge waters hurry by . . .
And in that garden, black and white,
Creep whispers through the grass all night;
And spectral dance, before the dawn,
A hundred Vicars down the lawn;
Curates, long dust, will come and go
On lissom, clerical, printless toe;

And oft between the boughs is seen
The sly shade of a Rural Dean . . .
Till, at a shiver in the skies,
Vanishing with Satanic cries,
The prim ecclesiastic rout
Leaves but a startled sleeper-out,
Grey heavens, the first bird's drowsy calls,
The falling house that never falls.

God ! I will pack, and take a train,
And get me to England once again !
For England's the one land, I know,
Where men with Splendid Hearts may go ;
And Cambridgeshire, of all England,
The shire for Men who Understand ;
And of *that* district I prefer
The lovely hamlet Grantchester.
For Cambridge people rarely smile,
Being urban, squat, and packed with guile ;
And Royston men in the far South
Are black and fierce and strange of mouth ;
At Over they fling oaths at one,
And worse than oaths at Trumpington,
And Ditton girls are mean and dirty,
And there's none in Harston under thirty,
And folks in Shelford and those parts,
Have twisted lips and twisted hearts,
And Barton men make cockney rhymes,
And Coton's full of nameless crimes,
And things are done you'd not believe
At Madingley on Christmas Eve.
Strong men have run for miles and miles
When one from Cherry Hinton smiles ;
Strong men have blanched and shot their wives
Rather than send them to St. Ives ;

Strong men have cried like babes, bydam,
To hear what happened at Babraham.
But Grantchester ! ah, Grantchester !
There's peace and holy quiet there,
Great clouds along pacific skies,
And men and women with straight eyes,
Lithe children lovelier than a dream,
A ~~bosky~~ wood, a slumbrous stream,
And little kindly winds that creep
Round twilight corners, half asleep.
In Grantchester their skins are white,
They bathe by day, they bathe by night ;
The women there do all they ought ;
The men observe the Rules of Thought.
They love the Good ; they worship Truth ;
They laugh uproariously in youth ;
(And when they get to feeling old,
They up and shoot themselves, I'm told). . . .

Ah God ! to see the branches stir
Across the moon at Grantchester !
To smell the thrilling-sweet and rotten,
Unforgettable, unforgotten
River smell, and hear the breeze
Sobbing in the little trees.
Say, do the elm-clumps greatly stand
Still guardians of that holy land ?
The chestnuts shade, in reverend dream,
The yet unacademic stream ?
Is dawn a secret shy and cold
Anadyomene, silver-gold ?
And sunset still a golden sea
From Haslingfield to Madingley ?
And after, ere the night is born,
Do hares come out about the corn ?

Oh, is the water sweet and cool,
 Gentle and brown, above the pool ?
 And laughs the immortal river still
 Under the mill, under the mill ?
 Say, is there Beauty yet to find ?
 And Certainty ? and Quiet kind ?
 Deep meadows yet, for to forget
 The lies, and truths, and pain ? . . . oh ! yet
 Stands the Church clock at ten to three ?
 And is there honey still for tea ?

Rupert Brooke

OPIFEX

As I was carving images from clouds,
 And tinting them with soft ethereal dyes
 Pressed from the pulp of dreams, one comes and
 cries :—

“ Forbear ! ” and all my heaven with gloom en-
 shrouds.

“ Forbear ! Thou hast no tools wherewith to essay
 The delicate waves of that elusive grain :
 Wouldst have due recompense of vulgar pain ?
 The potter’s wheel for thee, and some coarse clay !

“ So work, if work thou must, O humbly skilled !
 Thou hast not known the Master ; in thy soul
 His spirit moves not with a sweet control ;
 Thou art outside, and art not of the guild.”

Thereat I rose, and from his presence passed,
 But, going, murmured :—“ To the God above,
 Who holds my heart, and knows its store of love,
 I turn from thee, thou proud iconoclast.”

Then on the shore God stooped to me, and said :—

“ He spake the truth : even so the springs are set
That move thy life, nor will they suffer let,
Nor change their scope ; else, living, thou wert
dead.

“ This is thy life : indulge its natural flow,
And carve these forms. They yet may find a
place.

On shelves for them reserved. In any case,
I bid thee carve them, knowing what I know.”

T. E. Brown

SWEET BREEZE

SWEET breeze that sett'st the summer buds a-sway-
ing,

Dear lambs amid the primrose meadows playing,
Let me not think !

O floods, upon whose brink

The merry birds are maying,

Dream, softly dream ! O blessed mother, lead me
Unsevered from thy girdle—lead me ! feed me !

I have no will but thine ;

I need not but the juice

Of elemental wine—

Perish remoter use

Of strength reserved for conflict yet to come !

Let me be dumb,

As long as I may feel thy hand—

This, this is all—do ye not understand

How the great Mother mixes all our bloods ?

O breeze ! O swaying buds !

O lambs, O primroses, O floods !

T. E. Brown

MY GARDEN

A GARDEN is a lovesome thing, God wot !
Rose plot,
Fringed pool,
Ferned grot—
The veriest school
Of peace ; and yet the fool
Contentds that God is not—
Not God ! in gardens ! when the eve is cool ?
Nay, but I have a sign ;
'Tis very sure God walks in mine.

T. E. Brown

DORA

SHE knelt upon her brother's grave,
My little girl of six years old—
He used to be so good and brave,
The sweetest lamb of all our fold ;
He used to shout, he used to sing,
Of all our tribe the little king—
And so unto the turf her ear she laid,
To hark if still in that dark place he played.
No sound ! no sound !
Death's silence was profound ;
And horror crept
Into her aching heart, and Dora wept.
If this is as it ought to be,
My God, I leave it unto Thee.

T. E. Brown

I AM THE GILLY OF CHRIST

I AM the gilly of Christ,
The mate of Mary's Son ;
I run the roads at seeding time,
And when the harvest's done.

I sleep among the hills,
The heather is my bed ;
I dip the termon-well for drink,
And pull the sloe for bread.

No eye has ever seen me,
But shepherds hear me pass,
Singing at fall of even
Along the shadowed grass.

The beetle is my bellman,
The meadow-fire my guide,
The bee and bat my ambling nags
When I have need to ride.

All know me only the Stranger,
Who sits on the Saxon's height ;
He burned the bacach's little house
On last Saint Brigid's Night.

He sups off silver dishes,
And drinks in a golden horn ;
But he will wake a wiser man
Upon the Judgment Morn !

I am the gilly of Christ,
The mate of Mary's Son ;
I run the roads at seeding time,
And when the harvest's done.

The seed I sow is lucky,
The corn I reap is red,
And whoso sings the Gilly's Rann
Will never cry for bread.

Joseph Campbell

THE DONKEY

WHEN fishes flew and forests walked,
And figs grew upon thorn,
Some moment when the morn was blood
Then surely I was born ;

With monstrous head and sickening cry
And ears like errant wings,
The devil's walking parody
On all four-footed things.

The tattered outlaw of the earth,
Of ancient crooked will ;
Starve, scourge, deride me : I am dumb,
I keep my secret still.

Fools ! For I also had my hour ;
One far fierce hour and sweet :
There was a shout about my ears,
And palms before my feet.

G. K. Chesterton

THE HOUSE OF CHRISTMAS

THERE fared a mother driven forth
Out of an inn to roam ;
In the place where she was homeless
All men are at home.

The crazy stable close at hand,
With shaking timber and shifting sand,
Grew a stronger thing to abide and stand
Than the square stones of Rome.

For men are homesick in their homes,
And strangers under the sun,
And they lay their heads in a foreign land
Whenever the day is done.
Here we have battle and blazing eyes,
And chance and honour and high surprise;
But our homes are under miraculous skies
Where the yule tale was begun.

A child in a foul stable,
Where the beasts feed and foam ;
Only where He was homeless
Are you and I at home ;
We have hands that fashion and heads that know,
But our hearts we lost—how long ago !—
In a place no chart nor ship can show
Under the sky's dome.

This world is wild as an old wives' tale,
And strange the plain things are,
The earth is enough and the air is enough
For our wonder and our war ;
But our rest is as far as the fire-drake swings,
And our peace is put in impossible things
Where clashed and thundered unthinkable wings
Round an incredible star.

To an open house in the evening
Home shall men come,
To an older place than Eden
And a taller town than Rome;

To the end of the way of the wandering star,
To the things that cannot be and that are,
To the place where GOD was homeless
And all men are at home.

G. K. Chesterton

LEPANTO

WHITE founts falling in the Courts of the sun,
And the Soldan of Byzantium is smiling as they
run ;
There is laughter like the fountains in that face of
all men feared,
It stirs the forest darkness, the darkness of his
beard,
It curls the blood-red crescent, the crescent of his
lips,
For the inmost sea of all the earth is shaken with
his ships.
They have dared the white republics up the capes
of Italy,
They have dashed the Adriatic round the Lion of
the Sea,
And the Pope has cast his arms abroad for agony
and loss,
And called the kings of Christendom for swords
about the Cross.
The cold queen of England is looking in the glass ;
The shadow of the Valois is yawning at the Mass ;
From evening isles fantastical rings fain the Span-
ish gun,
And the Lord upon the Golden Horn is laughing
in the sun.

Dim drums throbbing, in the hills half heard,
Where only on a nameless throne a crownless prince
 has stirred,
Where, risen from a doubtful seat and half at-
tainted stall,
The last knight of Europe takes weapons from the
 wall,
The last and lingering troubadour to whom the
 bird has sung,
That once went singing southward when all the
 world was young.
In that enormous silence, tiny and unafraid,
Comes up along a winding road the noise of the
 Crusade.

Strong gongs groaning as the guns boom far,
Don John of Austria is going to the war,
Stiff flags straining in the night-blasts cold
In the gloom black-purple, in the glint old-gold,
Torchlight crimson on the copper kettle-drums,
Then the tuckets, then the trumpets, then the can-
non, and he comes.

Don John laughing in the brave beard curled,
Spurning of his stirrups like the thrones of all the
 world,

Holding his head up for a flag of all the free.
Love-light of Spain—hurrah !
Death-light of Africa !

Don John of Austria
Is riding to the sea.

Mahound is in his paradise above the evening star,
(*Don John of Austria is going to the war.*)

He moves a mighty turban on the timeless houri's
 knees,

His turban that is woven of the sunsets and the seas.

He shakes the peacock gardens as he rises from
his ease,
And he strides among the tree-tops and is taller
than the trees,
And his voice through all the garden is a thunder
sent to bring
Black Azrael and Ariel and Ammon on the wing.
Giants and the Genii,
Multiplex of wing and eye,
Whose strong obedience broke the sky
When Solomon was king.

They rush in red and purple from the red clouds
of the morn,
From temples where the yellow gods shut up their
eyes in scorn ;
They rise in green robes roaring from the green
hells of the sea
Where fallen skies and evil hues and eyeless crea-
tures be ;
On them the sea-valves cluster and the grey sea-
forests curl,
Splashed with a splendid sickness, the sickness of
the pearl ;
They swell in sapphire smoke out of the blue
cracks of the ground,—
They gather and they wonder and give worship to
Mahound.
And he saith, “ Break up the mountains where
the hermit-folk can hide,
And sift the red and silver sands lest bone of saint
abide,
And chase the Giaours flying night and day, not
giving rest,

For that which was our trouble comes again out
of the west.
We have set the seal of Solomon on all things under
sun,
Of knowledge and of sorrow and endurance of
things done;
But a noise is in the mountains, in the mountains,
and I know
The voice that shook our palaces—four hundred
years ago:
It is he that saith not 'Kismet'; it is he that
knows not Fate;
It is Richard, it is Raymond, it is Godfrey in the
gate!
It is he whose loss is laughter when he counts the
wager worth:
Put down your feet upon him, that our peace be
on the earth."
For he heard drums groaning and he heard guns jar,
(*Don John of Austria is going to the war.*)
Sudden and still—hurrah!
Bolt from Iberia!
Don John of Austria
Is gone by Alcalar.

St. Michael's on his Mountain in the sea-roads of
the north,
(*Don John of Austria is girt and going forth.*)
Where the grey seas glitter and the sharp tides shift
And the sea-folk labour and the red sails lift.
He shakes his lance of iron and he claps his wings
of stone;
The noise is gone through Normandy; the noise
is gone alone;

The North is full of tangled things and texts of
aching eyes,
And dead is all the innocence of anger and surprise,
And Christian killeth Christian in a narrow dusty
room,
And Christian dreadeth Christ that hath a newer
face of doom,
And Christian hateth Mary that God kissed in
Galilee,
But Don John of Austria is riding to the sea.
Don John calling through the blast and the eclipse,
Crying with the trumpet, with the trumpet of his lips,
Trumpet that sayeth ha !
Domino gloria !
Don John of Austria
Is shouting to the ships.

King Philip's in his closet with the Fleece about
his neck,
(*Don John of Austria is armed upon the deck.*)
The walls are hung with velvet that is black and
soft as sin,
And little dwarfs creep out of it and little dwarfs
creep in.
He holds a crystal phial that has colours like the
moon,
He touches, and it tingles, and he trembles very
soon,
And his face is as a fungus of a leprous white and
grey,
Like plants in the high houses that are shuttered
from the day,
And death is the phial and the end of noble work,
But Don John of Austria has fired upon the Turk.

Don John's hunting, and his hounds have bayed—
Booms away past Italy the rumour of his raid.
Gun upon gun, ha ! ha !
Gun upon gun, hurrah !
Don John of Austria
Has loosed the cannonade.

The Pope was in his chapel before day or battle
broke,
(*Don John of Austria is hidden in the smoke.*)
The hidden room in man's house where God sits
all the year,
The secret window whence the world looks small
and very dear.
He sees as in a mirror on the monstrous twilight
sea
The crescent of his cruel ships whose name is
mystery ;
They fling great shadows foe-wards, making Cross
and Castle dark ;
They veil the plumèd lions on the galleys of St.
Mark ;
And above the ships are palaces of brown, black-
bearded chiefs,
And below the ships are prisons, where with multi-
tudinous griefs,
Christian captives sick and sunless, all a labouring
race repines
Like a race in sunken cities, like a nation in the
mines.
They are lost like slaves that swat, and in the skies
of morning hung
The stairways of the tallest gods when tyranny
was young.

They are countless, voiceless, hopeless as those
 fallen or fleeing on
Before the high Kings' horses in the granite of
 Babylon.

And many a one grows witless in his quiet room
 in hell,

Where a yellow face looks inward through the lat-
 tice of his cell,

And he finds his God forgotten, and he seeks no
 more a sign—

(But Don John of Austria has burst the battle line !)

Don John pounding from the slaughter-painted poop,
Purpling all the ocean like a bloody pirate's sloop,
Scarlet running over on the silvers and the golds,
Breaking of the hatches up and bursting of the holds,
Thronging of the thousands up that labour under sea,
White for bliss and blind for sun and stunned for
 liberty.

Vivat Hispania !

Domino Gloria !

Don John of Austria

Has set his people free !

Cervantes on his galley sets the sword back in the
 sheath,

(Don John of Austria rides homeward with a wreath,)

And he sees across a weary land a straggling road
 in Spain,

Up which a lean and foolish knight forever rides
 in vain,

And he smiles, but not as Sultans smile, and settles
 back the blade . . .

*(But Don John of Austria rides home from the
 Crusade.)*

G. K. Chesterton

OUR LADY

MOTHER of God ! no lady thou :
Common woman of common earth,
Our Lady ladies call thee now ;
But Christ was never of gentle birth :
A common man of the common earth.

For God's ways are not as our ways.
The noblest lady in the land
Would have given up half her days,
Would have cut off her right hand,
To bear the child that was God of the land.

Never a lady did He choose,
Only a maid of low degree,
So humble she might not refuse
The carpenter of Galilee :
A daughter of the people, she.

Out she sang the song of her heart.
Never a lady so had sung.
She knew no letters, had no art ;
To all mankind, in woman's tongue,
Hath Israelitish Mary sung.

And still for men to come she sings,
Nor shall her singing pass away.
“ *He hath filled the hungry with good things* ”—
Oh, listen, lords and ladies gay !—
“ *And the rich He hath sent empty away.* ”

Mary E. Coleridge

AN OLD WOMAN OF THE ROADS

O, to have a little house !

To own the hearth and stool and all !

The heaped-up sods upon the fire,

The pile of turf against the wall !

To have a clock with weights and chains

And pendulum swinging up and down !

A dresser filled with shining delph,

Speckled and white and blue and brown !

I could be busy all the day

Clearing and sweeping hearth and floor,

And fixing on their shelf again

My white and blue and speckled store !

I could be quiet there at night

Beside the fire and by myself,

Sure of a bed, and loth to leave

The ticking clock and the shining delph !

Och ! but I'm weary of mist and dark,

And roads where there's never a house or bush,

And tired I am of bog and road

And the crying wind and the lonesome hush !

And I am praying to God on high,

And I am praying Him night and day,

For a little house—a house of my own—

Out of the wind's and the rain's way.

Padraic Colum

A CRADLE SONG

O, MEN from the fields !
Come gently within.
Tread softly, softly,
O ! men coming in.

Mavourneen is going
From me and from you,
Where Mary will fold him
With mantle of blue !

From reck of the smoke
And cold of the floor,
And the peering of things
Across the half-door.

O, men from the fields !
Soft, softly come thro'.
Mary puts round him
Her mantle of blue.

Padraic Colum

PRE-EXISTENCE

I LAID me down upon the shore
And dreamed a little space ;
I heard the great waves break and roar ;
The sun was on my face.

My idle hands and fingers brown
Played with the pebbles grey ;
The waves came up, the waves went down,
Most thundering and gay.

The pebbles, they were smooth and round
And warm upon my hands,
Like little people I had found
Sitting among the sands.

The grains of sand so shining-small
Soft through my fingers ran ;
The sun shone down upon it all,
And so my dream began :

How all of this had been before ;
How ages far away
I lay on some forgotten shore
As here I lie to-day.

The waves came shining up the sands,
As here to-day they shine ;
And in my pre-Pelasgian hands
The sand was warm and fine.

I have forgotten whence I came,
Or what my home might be,
Or by what strange and savage name
I called that thundering sea.

I only know the sun shone down
As still it shines to-day,
And in my fingers long and brown
The little pebbles lay.

Frances Cornford

NON NOBIS

Not unto us, O Lord,
Not unto us the rapture of the day,
The peace of night, or love's divine surprise,
High heart, high speech, high deeds 'mid honouring
 eyes ;
For at Thy word
All these are taken away.

Not unto us, O Lord :
To us Thou givest the scorn, the scourge, the scar,
The ache of life, the loneliness of death,
The insufferable sufficiency of breath ;
And with Thy sword
Thou piercest very far.

Not unto us, O Lord :
Nay, Lord, but unto her be all things given—
May light and life and earth and sky be blasted—
But let not all that wealth of loss be wasted :
Let Hell afford
The pavement of her Heaven !

Henry Cust

IN ROMNEY MARSII

As I went down to Dymchurch Wall,
 I heard the South sing o'er the land ;
I saw the yellow sunlight fall
 On knolls where Norman churches stand.

And ringing shrilly, taut and lithe,
 Within the wind a core of sound,
The wire from Romney town to Hythe
 Alone its airy journey wound.

A veil of purple vapour flowed
And trailed its fringe along the Straits ;
The upper air like sapphire glowed ;
And roses filled Heaven's central gates.

Masts in the offing wagged their tops ;
The swinging waves pealed on the shore ;
The saffron beach, all diamond drops
And beads of surge, prolonged the roar.

As I came up from Dymchurch Wall,
I saw above the Downs' low crest
The crimson brands of sunset fall,
Flicker and fade from out the west.

Night sank : like flakes of silver fire
The stars in one great shower came down ;
Shrill blew the wind ; and shrill the wire
Rang out from Hythe to Romney town.

The darkly shining salt sea drops
Streamed as the waves clashed on the shore ;
The beach, with all its organ stops
Pealing again, prolonged the roar.

John Davidson

A CINQUE PORT

BELOW the down the stranded town
What may betide forlornly waits,
With memories of smoky skies
When Gallic navies crossed the straits ;
When waves with fire and blood grew bright,
And cannon thundered through the night.

With swinging stride the rhythmic tide
Bore to the harbour barque and sloop ;
Across the bar the ship of war,
In castled stern and lanterned poop,
Came up with conquests on her lee,
The stately mistress of the sea.

Where argosies have wooed the breeze,
The simple sheep are feeding now ;
And near and far across the bar
The ploughman whistles at the plough ;
Where once the long waves washed the shore,
Larks from their lowly lodgings soar.

Below the down the stranded town
Hears far away the rollers beat ;
About the wall the seabirds call ;
The salt wind murmurs through the street ;
Forlorn the sea's forsaken bride
Awaits the end that shall betide.

John Davidson

PIPER, PLAY !

Now the furnaces are out,
And the aching anvils sleep ;
Down the road the grimy rout
Tramples homeward twenty deep.
Piper, play ! Piper, play !
Though we be o'erlaboured men,
Ripe for rest, pipe your best !
Let us foot it once again !

Bridled looms delay their din ;
All the humming wheels are spent ;
Busy spindles cease to spin ;
Warp and woof must rest content.
Piper, play ! Piper, play !
For a little we are free !
Foot it, girls, and shake your curls,
Haggard creatures though we be !

Racked and soiled the faded air
Freshens in our holiday ;
Clouds and tides our respite share ;
Breezes linger by the way.
Piper, rest ! Piper, rest !
Now, a carol of the moon !
Piper, piper, play your best !
Melt the sun into your tune !

We are of the humblest grade ;
Yet we dare to dance our fill ;
Male and female were we made—
Fathers, mothers, lovers still !
Piper—softly ; soft and low ;
Pipe of love in mellow notes,
Till the tears begin to flow
And our hearts are in our throats.

Nameless as the stars of night
Far in galaxies unfurled,
Yet we wield unrivalled might,
Joints and hinges of the world !
Night and day ! night and day !
Sound the song the hours rehearse !
Work and play ! work and play !
The order of the universe !

Now the furnaces are out,
And the aching anvils sleep ;
Down the road a merry rout
Dances homeward, twenty deep.
Piper, play ! Piper, play !
Wearied people though we be,
Ripe for rest, pipe your best !
For a little we are free !

John Davidson

WHERE SHE IS NOW

WHERE she is now, I cannot say—
The world has many a place of light :
Perhaps the sun's eyelashes dance
On hers, to give them both delight ;
Or does she sit in some green shade,
And then the air, that lies above,
Can with a hundred pale blue eyes
Look through the leaves and find my Love ?

Perhaps she dreams of life with me,
Her cheek upon her finger-tips :
O that I could leap forward now,
Behind her back, and with my lips
Break through those curls above her nape,
That hover close and lightly there—
To prove if they are substance, or
But shadows of her lovely hair.

W. H. Davies

LEISURE

WHAT is this life if, full of care,
We have no time to stand and stare ?

No time to stand beneath the boughs
And stare as long as sheep or cows.

No time to see, when woods we pass,
Where squirrels hide their nuts in grass.

No time to see, in broad daylight,
Streams full of stars, like skies at night.

No time to turn at Beauty's glance,
And watch her feet, how they can dance.

No time to wait till her mouth can
Enrich that smile her eyes began.

A poor life this if, full of care,
We have no time to stand and stare.

W. H. Davies

THE KINGFISHER

It was the Rainbow gave thee birth,
And left thee all her lovely hues ;
And, as her mother's name was Tears,
So runs it in thy blood to choose
For haunts the lonely pools, and keep
In company with trees that weep.

Go you and, with such glorious hues,
Live with proud Peacocks in green parks ;
On lawns as smooth as shining glass,
Let every feather show its mark ;
Get thee on boughs and clap thy wings
Before the windows of proud kings.

Nay, lovely Bird, thou art not vain ;
Thou hast no proud ambitious mind ;
I also love a quiet place
That's green, away from all mankind ;
A lonely pool, and let a tree
Sigh with her bosom over me.

W. H. Davies

RICH DAYS

WELCOME to you, rich Autumn days,
Ere comes the cold, leaf-picking wind ;
When golden stooks are seen in fields,
All standing arm-in-arm entwined ;
And gallons of sweet cider seen
On trees in apples red and green.

With mellow pears that cheat our teeth,
Which melt that tongues may suck them in ;
With cherries red, and blue-black plums,
Now sweet and soft from stone to skin ;
And woodnuts rich, to make us go
Into the loveliest lanes we know.

W. H. Davies

A GREAT TIME

SWEET Chance, that led my steps abroad,
Beyond the town, where wild flowers grow—
A rainbow and a cuckoo, Lord,
How rich and great the times are now !
 Know, all ye sheep
 And cows, that keep
On staring that I stand so long
 In grass that's wet from heavy rain—
A rainbow and a cuckoo's song
May never come together again ;
 May never come
 This side the tomb.

W. H. Davies

EARLY SPRING

How sweet this morning air in spring,
 When tender is the grass and wet !
I see some little leaves have not
 Outgrown their curly childhood yet ;
And cows no longer hurry home,
However sweet a voice cries " Come."

Here, with green Nature all around,
 While that fine bird the skylark sings ;
Who now in such a passion is,
 He flies by it, and not his wings ;
And many a blackbird, thrush, and sparrow
Sing sweeter songs that I may borrow.

These watery swamps and thickets wild—
 Called Nature's slums—to me are more
Than any courts where fountains play,
 And men-at-arms guard every door ;
For I could sit down here alone,
And count the oak-trees one by one.

W. H. Davies

THE MOON

Thy beauty haunts me heart and soul,
 Oh thou fair Moon, so close and bright ;
Thy beauty makes me like the child,
 That cries aloud to own thy light :
The little child that lifts each arm
To press thee to her bosom warm.

Though there are birds that sing this night
 With thy white beams across their throats,
Let my deep silence speak for me
 More than for them their sweetest notes :
Who worships thee till music fails
Is greater than thy nightingales.

W. H. Davies

SILVER

SLOWLY, silently, now the moon
Walks the night in her silver shoon ;
This way, and that, she peers, and sees
Silver fruit upon silver trees ;
One by one the casements catch
Her beams beneath the silvery thatch ;

Couched in his kennel, like a log,
With paws of silver sleeps the dog ;
From their shadowy cote the white breasts peep
Of doves in a silver-feathered sleep ;
A harvest mouse goes scampering by,
With silver claws, and silver eye ;
And moveless fish in the water gleam,
By silver reeds in a silver stream.

Walter de la Mare

THE LISTENERS

“ Is there anybody there ? ” said the Traveller,
Knocking on the moonlit door ;
And his horse in the silence champed the grasses
Of the forest’s ferny floor :
And a bird flew up out of the turret,
Above the Traveller’s head :
And he smote upon the door again a second time ;
“ Is there anybody there ? ” he said.
But no one descended to the Traveller ;
No head from the leaf-fringed sill
Leaned over and looked into his grey eyes,
Where he stood perplexed and still.
But only a host of phantom listeners
That dwelt in the lone house then
Stood listening in the quiet of the moonlight
To that voice from the world of men :
Stood thronging the faint moonbeams on the dark
stair,
That goes down to the empty hall,
Harkening in an air stirred and shaken
By the lonely Traveller’s call.

And he felt in his heart their strangeness,
Their stillness answering his cry,
While his horse moved, cropping the dark turf,
'Neath the starred and leafy sky ;
For he suddenly smote on the door, even
Louder, and lifted his head :—
“ Tell them I came, and no one answered,
That I kept my word,” he said.
Never the least stir made the listeners,
Though every word he spake
Fell echoing through the shadowiness of the still
house
From the one man left awake :
Ay, they heard his foot upon the stirrup,
And the sound of iron on stone,
And how the silence surged softly backward,
When the plunging hoofs were gone.

Walter de la Mare

NOD

SOFTLY along the road of evening,
In a twilight dim with rose,
Wrinkled with age, and drenched with dew,
Old Nod, the shepherd, goes.

His drowsy flock streams on before him,
Their fleeces charged with gold,
To where the sun's last beam leans low
On Nod the shepherd's fold.

The hedge is quick and green with brier,
From their sand the conies creep ;
And all the birds that fly in heaven
Flock singing home to sleep.

His lambs outnumber a noon's roses,
Yet, when night's shadows fall,
His blind old sheep-dog, Slumber-soon,
Misses not one of all.

His are the quiet steepes of dreamland,
The waters of no more pain,
His ram's bell rings 'neath an arch of stars,
"Rest, rest, and rest again."

Walter de la Mare

THE SCRIBE

WHAT lovely things
Thy hand hath made :
The smooth-plumed bird
In its emerald shade,
The seed of the grass,
The speck of stone
Which the wayfaring ant
Stirs—and hastes on !

Though I should sit
By some tarn in thy hills,
Using its ink
As the spirit wills
To write of Earth's wonders,
Its live, willed things,
Flit would the ages
On soundless wings
Ere unto Z
My pen drew nigh ;
Leviathan told,
And the honey-ily :

And still would remain
My wit to try—
My worn reeds broken,
The dark tarn dry,
All words forgotten—
Thou, Lord, and I.

Walter de la Mare

HAUNTED

THE rabbit in his burrow keeps
No guarded watch, in peace he sleeps ;
The wolf that howls in challenging night
Cowers to her lair at morning light ;
The simplest bird entwines a nest
Where she may lean her lovely breast,
Couched in the silence of the bough.
But thou, O man, what rest hast thou ?

Thy emptiest solitude can bring
Only a subtler questioning
In thy divided heart. Thy bed
Recalls at dawn what midnight said.
Seek how thou wilt to feign content,
Thy flaming ardour is quickly spent ;
Soon thy last company is gone,
And leaves thee—with thyself—alone.

Pomp and great friends may hem thee round,
A thousand busy tasks be found ;
Earth's thronging beauties may beguile
Thy longing lovesick heart awhile ;
And pride, like clouds of sunset, spread
A changing glory round thy head ;
But fade will all ; and thou must come,
Hating thy journey, homeless, home.

Rave how thou wilt ; unmoved, remote,
That inward presence slumbers not,
Frets out each secret from thy breast,
Gives thee no rally, pause, nor rest,
Scans close thy very thoughts, lest they
Should sap his patient power away,
Answers thy wrath with peace, thy cry
With tenderest taciturnity.

Walter de la Mare

DREAMS

BE gentle, O hands of a child ;
Be true : like a shadowy sea
In the starry darkness of night
Are your eyes to me.

But words are shallow, and soon
Dreams fade that the heart once knew ;
And youth fades out in the mind,
In the dark eyes too.

What can a tired heart say,
Which the wise of the world have made dumb ?
Save to the lonely dreams of a child,
“ Return again, come ! ”

Walter de la Mare

THE STRANGER

HALF-HIDDEN in a graveyard,
In the blackness of a yew,
Where never living creature stirs,
Nor sunbeam pierces through,

Is a tomb, lichened and crooked—
Its faded legend gone—
With but one rain-worn cherub's head
Of mouldering stone.

There, when the dusk is falling,
Silence broods so deep
It seems that every wind that breathes
Blows from the fields of sleep.

Day breaks in heedless beauty,
Kindling each drop of dew,
But unforsaking shadow dwells
Beneath this lonely yew.

And, all else lost and faded,
Only this listening head
Keeps with a strange unanswering smile
Its secret with the dead.

Walter de la Mare

ALEXANDER

It was the Great Alexander,
Capped with a golden helm,
Sate in the ages, in his floating ship,
In a dead calm.

Voices of sea-maids singing
Wandered across the deep :
The sailors labouring on their oars
Rowed, as in sleep.

All the high pomp of Asia,
Charmed by that siren lay,
Out of their weary and dreaming minds
Faded away.

Like a bold boy sate their Captain,
His glamour withered and gone,
In the souls of his brooding mariners,
While the song pined on.

Time, like a falling dew,
Life, like the scene of a dream,
Laid between slumber and slumber,
Only did seem . . .

O Alexander, then,
In all us mortals too,
Wax thou not bold—too bold
On the wave dark-blue !

Come the calm, infinite night,
Who then will hear
Aught save the singing
Of the sea-maids clear ?

Walter de la Mare

ALL THAT'S PAST

VERY old are the woods ;
And the buds that break
Out of the brier's boughs,
When March winds wake,
So old with their beauty are—
Oh, no man knows
Through what wild centuries
Roves back the rose.

Very old are the brooks ;
And the rills that rise
Where snow sleeps cold beneath
The azure skies

Sing such a history
Of come and gone,
Their every drop is as wise
As Solomon.

Very old are we men ;
Our dreams are tales
Told in dim Eden
By Eve's nightingales ;
We wake and whisper awhile,
But, the day gone by,
Silence and sleep like fields
Of amaranth lie.

Walter de la Mare

A BALLAD TO QUEEN ELIZABETH

(OF THE SPANISH ARMADA)

KING PHILIP had vaunted his claims ;
He had sworn for a year he would sack us ;
With an army of heathenish names
He was coming to fagot and stack us ;
Like the thieves of the sea he would track us,
And shatter our ships on the main ;
But we had bold Neptune to back us,—
And where are the galleons of Spain ?

His carackes were christen'd of dames
To the kirtles whereof he would tack us ;
With his saints and his gilded stern-frames,
He had thought like an egg-shell to crack us :
Now Howard may get to his Flaccus,
And Drake to his Devon again,
And Hawkins bowl rubbers to Bacchus,—
For where are the galleons of Spain ?

Let his Majesty hang to St. James
 The axe that he whetted to hack us ;
 He must play at some lustier games
 Or at sea he can hope to out-thwack us ;
 To his mines of Peru he would pack us
 To tug at his bullet and chain ;
 Alas that his Greatness should lack us !—
 But where are the galleons of Spain ?

Envoy

Gloriana !—the Don may attack us
 Whenever his stomach be fain ;
 He must reach us before he can rack us, . . .
 And where are the galleons of Spain ?

Austin Dobson

WHEN I AM OLD

WHEN I am old,
 And sadly steal apart
 Into the dark and cold,
 Friend of my heart !
 Remember, if you can,
 Not him who lingers, but that other man,
 Who loved and sang, and had a beating heart,—
 When I am old !

When I am old,
 And all Love's ancient fire
 Be tremulous and cold :
 My soul's desire !
 Remember, if you may,
 Nothing of me and you but yesterday,
 When heart on heart we bid the years conspire
 To make us old.

When I am old,
And every star above
Be pitiless and cold :
My life's one love !
Forbid me not to go :
Remember nought of us but long ago,
And not at last, how love and pity strove
When I grew old !

Ernest Dowson

THEY ARE NOT LONG

Vitæ summa brevis spei nos vetat inchoare longam

THEY are not long, the weeping and the laughter,
Love and desire and hate :
I think they have no portion in us after
We pass the gate.

They are not long, the days of wine and roses :
Out of a misty dream
Our path emerges for awhile, then closes
Within a dream.

Ernest Dowson

THE CARTHUSIANS

THROUGH what long heaviness, assayed in what
strange fire,
Have these white monks been brought into the
way of peace,
Despising the world's wisdom and the world's
desire,
Which from the body of this death brings no
release ?

Within their austere walls no voices penetrate ;
A sacred silence only, as of death, obtains ;
Nothing finds entry here of loud or passionate ;
This quiet is the exceeding profit of their pain.

From many lands they came, in divers fiery ways ;
Each knew at last the vanity of earthly joys ;
And one was crowned with thorns, and one was
crowned with bays,
And each was tired at last of the world's foolish
noise.

It was not theirs with Dominic to preach God's
holy wrath,
They were too stern to bear sweet Francis' gentle
sway ;
Theirs was a higher calling and a steeper path,
To dwell alone with Christ, to meditate and pray.

A cloistered company, they are companionless,
None knoweth here the secret of his brother's
heart :
They are but come together for more loneliness,
Whose bond is solitude and silence all their part.

O beatific life ! Who is there shall gainsay
Your great refusal's victory, your little loss,
Deserting vanity for the more perfect way,
The sweeter service of the most dolorous Cross ?

Ye shall prevail at last ! Surely ye shall prevail !
Your silence and austerity shall win at last :
Desire and mirth, the world's ephemeral lights shall
fail,
The sweet star of your queen is never overcast.

We fling up flowers and laugh, we laugh across the
wine ;

With wine we dull our souls and careful strains
of art ;

Our cups are polished skulls round which the roses
twine :

None dares to look at Death who leers and lurks
apart.

Move on, white company, whom that has not
sufficed !

Our viols cease, our wine is death, our roses fail :
Pray for our heedlessness, O dwellers with the
Christ !

Though the world fall apart, surely ye shall
prevail.

Ernest Dowson

THE MIDLANDS

BLACK in the summer night my Cotswold hill

Aslant my window sleeps, beneath a sky
Deep as the bedded violets that fill

March woods with dusky passion. As I lie
Abed between cool walls I watch the host

Of the slow stars lit over Gloucester plain,
And drowsily the habit of these most

Beloved of English lands moves in my brain,
While silence holds dominion of the dark,
Save when the foxes from the spinneys bark.

I see the valleys in their morning mist

Wreathed under limpid hills in moving light,
Happy with many a yeoman melodist ;

I see the little roads of twinkling white

Busy with fieldward teams and market gear
Of rosy men, cloth-gaitered, who can tell
The many-minded changes of the year,
Who know why crops and kine fare ill or well ;
I see the sun persuade the mist away,
Till town and stead are shining to the day.

I see the wagons move along the rows
Of ripe and summer-breathing clover-flower,
I see the lissom husbandman who knows
Deep in his heart the beauty of his power,
As, lithely pitched, the full-heaped fork bids on
The harvest home. I hear the rickyard fill
With gossip as in generations gone,
While wagon follows wagon from the hill.
I think how, when our seasons all are sealed,
Shall come the unchanging harvest from the field.

I see the barns and comely manors planned
By men who somehow moved in comely thought,
Who, with a simple shippoon to their hand,
As men upon some godlike business wrought ;
I see the little cottages that keep
Their beauty still where since Plantagenet
Have come the shepherds happily to sleep,
Finding the loaves and cups of cider set ;
I see the twisted shepherds, brown and old,
Driving at dusk their glimmering sheep to fold.

And now the valleys that upon the sun
Broke from their opal veils are veiled again,
And the last light upon the wolds is done,
And silence falls on flocks and fields and men ;
And black upon the night I watch my hill,
And the stars shine, and there an owly wing

Brushes the night, and all again is still,
And, from this land of worship that I sing,
I turn to sleep, content that from my sires
I draw the blood of England's midmost shires.

John Drinkwater

OF GREATHAM

For peace, than knowledge more desirable,
Into your Sussex quietness I came,
When summer's green and gold and azure fell
Over the world in flame.

And peace upon your pasture-lands I found,
Where grazing flocks drift on continually,
As little clouds that travel with no sound
Across a windless sky.

Out of your oaks the birds call to their mates
That brood among the pines, where hidden deep
From curious eyes a world's adventure waits
In columned choirs of sleep.

Under the calm ascension of the night
We heard the mellow lapsing and return
Of night-owls purring in their groundling flight
Through lanes of darkling fern.

Unbroken peace when all the stars were drawn
Back to their lairs of light, and ranked along
From shire to shire the downs out of the dawn
Were risen in golden song.

I sing of peace who have known the large unrest
Of men bewildered in their travelling,
And I have known the bridal earth unblest
By the brigades of spring.

I have known that loss. And now the broken
thought
Of nations marketing in death I know,
The very winds to threnodies are wrought
That on your downlands blow.

I sing of peace. Was it but yesterday
I came among your roses and your corn ?
Then momentarily amid this wrath I pray
For yesterday reborn.

John Drinkwater

AN AFTERTHOUGHT ON APPLES

WHILE yet unfallen apples throng the bough,
To ripen as they cling
In lieu of the lost bloom, I ponder how
Myself did flower in so rough a spring,
And was not set in grace
When the first flush was gone from summer's face ;
How in my tardy season, making one
Of a crude congregation, sour in sin,
I nodded like a green-clad mandarin,
Averse from all that savoured of the sun.

But now throughout these last autumnal weeks
What skyey gales mine arrogant station thresh,
What sunbeams mellow my beshadowed cheeks,
What steely storms cudgel mine obdurate flesh ;
Less loth am I to see my fellows launch

Forth from my side into the air's abyss,
Whose own stalk is
Grown untenacious of its wonted branch.
And yet, O God,
Tumble me not at last upon the sod,
Or, still superb above my fallen kind,
Grant not my golden rind
To the black starlings screaming in the mist.
Nay, rather on some gentle day and bland
Give Thou Thyself my stalk a little twist,
Dear Lord, and I shall fall into Thy hand.

Helen Parry Eden

LA FIGLIA CHE PIANGE

O quam te memorem virgo . . . O dea certe !

STAND on the highest pavement of the stair—
Lean on a garden urn—
Weave, weave the sunlight in your hair—
Clasp your flowers to you with a pained surprise—
Fling them to the ground and turn
With a fugitive resentment in your eyes ;
But weave, weave the sunlight in your hair.

So I would have had him leave,
So I would have had her stand and grieve,
So he would have left
As the soul leaves the body torn and bruised,
As the mind deserts the body it has used.
I should find
Some way incomparably light and deft,
Some way we both should understand,
Simple and faithless as a smile and shake of the
hand.

She turned away, but with the autumn weather
Compelled my imagination many days,
Many days and many hours :
Her hair over her arms and her arms full of flowers.
And I wonder how they should have been together !
I should have lost a gesture and a pose.
Sometimes these cogitations still amaze
The troubled midnight and the noon's repose.

T. S. Eliot

A SHIP, AN ISLE, A SICKLE MOON

A SHIP, an isle, a sickle moon—
With few but with how splendid stars
The mirrors of the sea are strewn
Between their silver bars !

.
An isle beside an isle she lay,
The pale ship anchored in the bay,
While in the young moon's port of gold
A star-ship—as the mirrors told—
Put forth its great and lonely light
To the unreflecting Ocean, Night.
And still, a ship upon her seas,
The isle and the island cypresses
Went sailing on without the gale :
And still there moved the moon so pale,
A crescent ship without a sail !

James Elroy Flecker

TO A POET A THOUSAND YEARS HENCE

I who am dead a thousand years,
And wrote this sweet archaic song,
Send you my words for messengers
The way I shall not pass along.

I care not if you bridge the seas,
Or ride secure the cruel sky,
Or build consummate palaces
Of metal or of masonry.

But have you wine and music still,
And statues and a bright-eyed love,
And foolish thoughts of good and ill,
And prayers to them who sit above ?

How shall we conquer ? Like a wind
That falls at eve our fancies blow,
And old Mæonides the blind
Said it three thousand years ago.

O friend unseen, unborn, unknown,
Student of our sweet English tongue,
Read out my words at night, alone :
I was a poet, I was young.

Since I can never see your face,
And never shake you by the hand,
I send my soul through time and space
To greet you. You will understand.

James Elroy Flecker

THE OLD SHIPS

I HAVE seen old ships sail like swans asleep
Beyond the village which men still call Tyre,
With leaden age o'ercargoed, dipping deep
For Famagusta and the hidden sun
That rings black Cyprus with a lake of fire ;
And all those ships were certainly so old
Who knows how oft with squat and noisy gun,
Questing brown slaves or Syrian oranges,
The pirate Genoese
Hell raked them till they rolled
Blood, water, fruit and corpses up the hold.
But now through friendly seas they softly run,
Painted the mid-sea blue or the shore-sea green,
Still patterned with the vine and grapes in gold.

But I have seen
Pointing her shapely shadows from the dawn
And image tumbled on a rose-swept bay
A drowsy ship of some yet older day ;
And, wonder's breath indrawn,
Thought I—who knows—who knows—but in that
same
(Fished up beyond Acaca, patched up new
—Stern painted brighter blue—)
That talkative, bald-headed seaman came
(Twelve patient comrades sweating at the oar)
From Troy's doom-crimson shore,
And with great lies about his wooden horse
Set the crew laughing, and forgot his course.

It was so old a ship—who knows—who knows ?
—And yet so beautiful, I watched in vain
To see the mast burst open with a rose,
And the whole deck put on its leaves again.

James Elroy Flecker

TENEBRIS INTERLUCENTEM

A LINNET who had lost her way
Sang on a blackened bough in Hell,
Till all the ghosts remembered well
The trees, the wind, the golden day.

At last they knew that they had died
When they heard music in that land,
And some one there stole forth a hand
To draw a brother to his side.

James Elroy Flecker

THE DYING PATRIOT

DAY breaks on England down the Kentish hills,
Singing in the silence of the meadow-footing rills,
Day of my dreams, O day !

I saw them march from Dover, long ago,
With a silver cross before them, singing low,
Monks of Rome from their home where the blue
seas break in foam,
Augustine with his feet of snow.

Noon strikes on England, noon on Oxford town,
—Beauty she was statue cold—there's blood upon
her gown :

Noon of my dreams, O noon !

Proud and godly kings had built her, long ago,
With her towers and tombs and statues all arow,
With her fair and floral air and the love that
lingers there,
And the streets where the great men go.

Evening on the olden, the golden sea of Wales,
When the first star shivers and the last wave pales :
O evening dreams !

There's a house that Britons walked in, long ago,
Where now the springs of ocean fall and flow,
And the dead robed in red and sea-lilies overhead
Sway when the long winds blow.

Sleep not, my country : though night is here, afar
Your children of the morning are clamorous for
war :

Fire in the night, O dreams !

Though she send you as she sent you, long ago,
South to desert, east to ocean, west to snow,
West of these out to seas colder than the Hebrides
I must go
Where the fleet of stars is anchored, and the young
Star-captains glow.

James Elroy Flecker

THE EVENING SKY

ROSE-BOSOM'D and rose-limb'd,
With eyes of dazzling bright
Shakes Venus mid the twined boughs of the night ;
Rose-limb'd, soft-stepping

From low bough to bough
Shaking the wide-hung starry fruitage—dimmed
Its bloom of snow
By that sole planetary glow.

Venus, avers the astronomer,
Not thus idly dancing goes
Flushing the eternal orchard with wild rose.
She through ether burns
Outpacing planetary earth,
And ere two years triumphantly returns,
And again wave-like swelling flows,
And again her flashing apparition comes and goes.

This we have not seen,
No heavenly courses set,
No flight unpausing through a void serene ;
But, when eve clears,
Arises Venus as she first uprose
Stepping the shaken boughs among,
And in her bosom glows
The warm light hidden in sunny snows.

She shakes the clustered stars
Lightly, as she goes
Amid the unseen branches of the night,
Rose-limb'd, rose-bosom'd bright.
She leaps : they shake and pale ; she glows—
And who but knows
How the rejoiced heart aches
When Venus all his starry vision shakes ;

When through his mind
Tossing with random airs of an unearthly wind,
Rose-bosom'd, rose-limb'd,
The mistress of his starry vision arises,

And the boughs glittering sway
And the stars pale away,
And the enlarging heaven glows
As Venus light-foot mid the twinèd branches goes.

John Freeman

NOVEMBER SKIES

THAN these November skies
Is no sky lovelier. The clouds are deep ;
Into their grey the subtle spics
Of colour creep,
Changing that high austerity to delight,
Till ev'n the leaden interfolds are bright.
And, where the cloud breaks, faint far azure peers
Ere a thin flushing cloud again
Shuts up that loveliness, or shares.
The huge great clouds move slowly, gently, as
Reluctant the quick sun should shine in vain,
Holding in bright caprice their rain.

And when of colours none,
Nor rose, nor amber, nor the scarce late green
Is truly seen,—
In all the myriad grey,
In silver height and dusky deep, remain
The loveliest,
Faint purple flushes of the unvanquished sun.

John Freeman

IT WAS THE LOVELY MOON

It was the lovely moon—she lifted
Slowly her white brow among
Bronze cloud-waves that ebbd and drifted
Faintly, faintlier afar.

Calm she looked, yet pale with wonder,
Sweet in unwonted thoughtfulness,
Watching the earth that dwindled under
Faintly, faintlier afar.

It was the lovely moon that lovelike
Hovered over the wandering, tired
Earth, her bosom grey and dovelike,
Hovering beautiful as a dove. . .
The lovely moon :—her soft light falling
Lightly on roof and poplar and pine—
Tree to tree whispering and calling,
Wonderful in the silvery shine
Of the round, lovely, thoughtful moon.

John Freeman

MUSIC COMES

MUSIC comes
Sweetly from the trembling string
When wizard fingers sweep
Dreamily, half asleep ;
When through remembering reeds
Ancient airs and murmurs creep,
Oboe oboe following,
Flute answering clear high flute,
Voices, voices—falling mute,
And the jarring drums.

At night I heard
First a waking bird
Out of the quiet darkness sing . . .
Music comes
Strangely to the brain asleep !
And I heard
Soft, wizard fingers sweep
Music from the trembling string,
And through remembering reeds
Ancient airs and murmurs creep ;
Oboe oboe following,
Flute calling clear high flute,
Voices faint, falling mute,
And low jarring drums ;
Then all those airs
Sweetly jangled—newly strange,
Rich with change . . .
Was it the wind in the reeds ?
Did the wind range
Over the trembling string ;
Into flute and oboe pouring
Solemn music ; sinking, soaring
Low to high,
Up and down the sky ?
Was it the wind jarring
Drowsy far-off drums ?

Strangely to the brain asleep
Music comes.

John Freeman

IN THAT DARK SILENT HOUR

IN that dark silent hour
When the wind wants power,
And in the black height
The sky wants light,
Stirless and black
In utter lack,
And not a sound
Escapes from that untroubled round :—
To wake then
In the dark, and ache then
Until the dark is gone—
Lonely, yet not alone ;
Hearing another's breath
All the quiet beneath,
Knowing one sleeps near
That day held dear

And dreams held dear ; but now
In this sharp moment—how
Share the moment's sweetness,
Forego its completeness,
Nor be alone
Now the dark is grown
Spiritual and deep
More than in dreams and sleep ?

O, it is pain, 'tis need
That so will plead
For a little loneliness.
If it be pain to miss
Loved touch, look and lip,
Companionship
Yet is verier pain
Then, then

In that dark silent hour
When the wind wants power,
And you, near or far, sleep,
And your released thoughts towards me creep,
While I, imprisoned, awake,
Ache—ache
To be for one
Long, little moment with myself alone.

John Freeman

FAIRY MUSIC

WHEN the fiddlers play their tunes, you may some-
times hear,
Very softly chiming in, magically clear,
Magically high and sweet, the tiny crystal notes
Of fairy voices bubbling free from tiny fairy throats.

When the birds at break of day chant their morning
prayers,
Or on sunny afternoons pipe ecstatic airs,
Comes an added rush of sound to the silver din—
Songs of fairy troubadours gaily joining in.

When athwart the drowsy fields summer twilight
falls,
Through the tranquil air there float elfin madrigals,
And in wild November nights, on the winds astride,
Fairy hosts go rushing by, singing as they ride.

Every dream that mortals dream, sleeping or awake,
Every lovely fragile hope—these the fairies take,
Delicately fashion them and give them back again
In tender, limpid melodies that charm the hearts
of men.

Rose Fyleman

FLANNAN ISLE

"THOUGH three men dwell on Flannan Isle
To keep the lamp alight,
As we steer'd under the lee, we caught
No glimmer through the night ! "

A passing ship at dawn had brought
The news ; and quickly we set sail,
To find out what strange thing might ail
The keepers of the deep-sea light.

The winter day broke blue and bright,
With glancing sun and glancing spray,
As o'er the swell our boat made way,
As gallant as a gull in flight.

But, as we near'd the lonely Isle :
And look'd up at the naked height ;
And saw the lighthouse towering white,
With blinded lantern, that all night
Had never shot a spark
Of comfort through the dark,
So ghostly in the cold sunlight
It seem'd, that we were struck the while
With wonder all too dread for words.

And, as into the tiny creek
We stole beneath the hanging crag,
We saw three queer, black, ugly birds—
Too big, by far, in my belief,
For guillemot or shag—
Like seamen sitting bolt-upright
Upon a half-tide reef :
But, as we near'd, they plunged from sight,
Without a sound, or spurt of white.

And still too mazed to speak,
We landed ; and made fast the boat ;
And climb'd the track in single file,
Each wishing he was safe afloat,
On any sea, however far,
So it be far from Flannan Isle :
And still we seem'd to climb, and climb,
As though we'd lost all count of time,
And so must climb for evermore.
Yet, all too soon, we reached the door—
The black, sun-blister'd lighthouse-door,
That gaped for us ajar.

As, on the threshold, for a spell,
We paused, we seem'd to breathe the smell
Of limewash and of tar,
Familiar as our daily breath,
As though 'twere some strange scent of death
And so, yet wondering, side by side,
We stood a moment, still tongue-tied :
And each with black foreboding eyed
The door, ere we should fling it wide,
To leave the sunlight for the gloom :
Till, plucking courage up, at last,
Hard on each other's heels we pass'd
Into the living-room.

Yet, as we crowded through the door,
We only saw a table, spread
For dinner, meat and cheese and bread ;
But all untouch'd ; and no one there :
As though, when they sat down to eat,
Ere they could even taste,
Alarm had come ; and they in haste
Had risen and left the bread and meat :

For at the table-head a chair
Lay tumbled on the floor.
We listen'd ; but we only heard
The feeble cheeping of a bird
That starved upon its perch :
And, listening still, without a word,
We set about our hopeless search.

We hunted high, we hunted low,
And soon ransack'd the empty house ;
Then o'er the Island, to and fro,
We ranged, to listen and to look
In every cranny, cleft or nook
That might have hid a bird or mouse :
But, though we search'd from shore to shore,
We found no sign in any place :
And soon again stood face to face
Before the gaping door :
And stole into the room once more
As frighten'd children steal.

Aye : though we hunted high and low,
And hunted everywhere,
Of the three men's fate we found no trace
Of any kind in any place,
But a door ajar, and an untouch'd meal.
And an overtoppled chair.

And, as we listen'd in the gloom
Of that forsaken living-room—
A chill clutch on our breath—
We thought how ill-chance came to all
Who kept the Flannan Light :
And how the rock had been the death
Of many a likely lad :

How six had come to a sudden end,
And three had gone stark mad :
And one whom we'd all known as friend
Had leapt from the lantern one still night,
And fallen dead by the lighthouse wall :
And long we thought
On the three we sought,
And of what might yet befall.

Like curs a glance has brought to heel,
We listen'd, flinching there :
And look'd, and look'd, on the untouch'd meal
And the overtoppled chair.

We seem'd to stand for an endless while,
Though still no word was said,
Three men alive on Flannan Isle,
Who thought on three men dead.

Wilfrid Wilson Gibson

THE ICE-CART

PERCHED on my city office-stool
I watched with envy, while a cool
And lucky carter handled ice. . .
And I was wandering in a trice,
Far from the gray and grimy heat
Of that intolerable street,
O'er sapphire berg and emerald floe,
Beneath the still, cold ruby glow
Of everlasting Polar night,
Bewildered by the queer half-light,

Until I stumbled, unawares,
Upon a creek where big white bears
Plunged headlong down with flourished heels,
And floundered after shining seals
Through shivering seas of blinding blue.
And as I watched them, ere I knew,
I'd stripped, and I was swimming, too,
Among the seal-pack, young and hale,
And thrusting on with threshing tail,
With twist and twirl and sudden leap
Through crackling ice and salty deep—
Diving and doubling with my kind,
Until, at last, we left behind
Those big white, blundering bulks of death,
And lay, at length, with panting breath
Upon a far untravelled floe,
Beneath a gentle drift of snow—
Snow drifting gently, fine and white,
Out of the endless Polar night,
Falling and falling evermore
Upon that far untravelled shore,
Till I was buried fathoms deep
Beneath that cold, white drifting sleep—
Sleep drifting deep,
Deep drifting sleep. . . .

The carter cracked a sudden whip :
I clutched my stool with startled grip,
Awakening to the grimy heat
Of that intolerable street.

Wilfrid Wilson Gibson

LAMENT

WE who are left, how shall we look again
Happily on the sun or feel the rain
Without remembering how they who went
Ungrudgingly and spent
Their lives for us loved, too, the sun and the rain ?

A bird among the rain-wet lilac sings—
But we, how shall we turn to little things
And listen to the birds and winds and streams
Made holy by their dreams,
Nor feel the heart-break in the heart of things ?
Wilfrid Wilson Gibson

THE CHARCOAL-BURNER

HE lives within the hollow wood,
From one clear dell he seldom ranges ;
His daily toil in solitude
Revolves, but never changes.

A still old man, with grizzled beard,
Grey eye, bent shape, and smoke-tann'd features,
His quiet footstep is not fear'd
By shyest woodland creatures.

I love to watch the pale blue spire
His scented labour builds above it ;
I track the woodland by his fire,
And, seen afar, I love it.

It seems among the serious trees
The emblem of a living pleasure,
It animates the silences
As with a tuneful measure.

And dream not that such humdrum ways
Fold naught of nature's charm around him ;
The mystery of soundless days
Hath sought for him and found him.

He hides within his simple brain
An instinct innocent and holy,
The music of a wood-bird's strain,—
Nor blithe, nor melancholy,

But hung upon the calm content
Of wholesome leaf and bough and blossom—
An unecstatic ravishment
Born in a rustic bosom.

He knows the mood of forest things,
He feels, in his own speechless fashion,
For helpless forms of fur and wings
A mild paternal passion.

Within his horny hand he holds
The warm brood of the ruddy squirrel ;
Their bushy mother storms and scolds,
But knows no sense of peril.

The dormouse shares his crumb of cheese,
His homeward trudge the rabbits follow ;
He finds, in angles of the trees,
The cup-nest of the swallow.

And through this sympathy, perchance,
The beating heart of life he reaches
Far more than we who idly dance
An hour beneath the beeches.

Our science and our empty pride,
Our busy dream of introspection,
To God seem vain and poor beside
This dumb, sincere reflection.

Yet he will die unsought, unknown,
A nameless head-stone stand above him,
And the vast woodland, vague and lone,
Be all that's left to love him.

Edmund Gosse

WANDER-THIRST

BEYOND the East the sunrise, beyond the West
the sea,
And East and West the wander-thirst that will not
let me be ;
It works in me like madness, dear, to bid me say
good-bye ;
For the seas call and the stars call, and oh ! the
call of the sky.

I know not where the white road runs, nor what
the blue hills are,
But a man can have the Sun for friend, and for his
guide a star ;
And there's no end of voyaging when once the
voice is heard,
For the river calls and the road calls, and oh !
the call of a bird !

Yonder the long horizon lies, and there by night
and day
The old ships draw to home again, the young
ships sail away ;
And come I may, but go I must, and, if men ask
you why,
You may put the blame on the stars and the Sun
and the white road and the sky.

Gerald Gould

THE HAPPY TREE

THERE was a bright and happy tree ;
The wind with music laced its boughs :
Thither across the houseless sea
Came singing birds to house.

Men grudged the tree its happy eves,
Its happy dawns of eager sound ;
So all that crown and tower of leaves
They levelled with the ground.

They made an upright of the stem,
A cross-piece of a bough they made :
No shadow of their deed on them
The fallen branches laid.

But blithely, since the year was young,
When they a fitting hill did find,
There on the happy tree they hung
The Saviour of mankind.

Gerald Gould

STAR-TALK

"ARE you awake, Gemelli,
This frosty night ? "

"We'll be awake till reveillé,
Which is Sunrise," say the Gemelli,
"It's no good trying to go to sleep :
If there's wine to be got we'll drink it deep,
But rest is hopeless to-night,
But rest is hopeless to-night."

"Are you cold too, poor Pleiads,
This frosty night ? "

"Yes, and so are the Hyads :
See us cuddle and hug," say the Pleiads,
"All six in a ring : it keeps us warm :
We huddle together like birds in a storm :
It's bitter weather to-night,
It's bitter weather to-night."

"What do you hunt, Orion,
This starry night ? "

"The Ram, the Bull and the Lion,
And the Great Bear," says Orion,
"With my starry quiver and beautiful belt
I am trying to find a good thick pelt
To warm my shoulders to-night,
To warm my shoulders to-night."

"Did you hear that, Great She-bear,
This frosty night ? "

"Yes, he's talking of stripping *me* bare
Of my own big fur," says the She-bear.

"I'm afraid of the man and his terrible arrow :
The thought of it chills my bones to the marrow,
And the frost so cruel to-night !
And the frost so cruel to-night !"

"How is your trade, Aquarius,
This frosty night ?"

"Complaints are many and various
And my feet are cold," says Aquarius,
"There's Venus objects to Dolphin-scales,
And Mars to Crab-spawn found in my pails,
And the pump has frozen to-night,
And the pump has frozen to-night."

Robert Graves

IN THE WILDERNESS

CHRIST of His gentleness
Thirsting and hungering
Walked in the wilderness ;
Soft words of grace He spoke
Unto lost desert-folk
That listened wondering.
He heard the bitterns call
From the ruined palace-wall,
Answered them brotherly.
He held communion
With the she-pelican
Of lonely piety.
Basilisk, cockatrice,
Flocked to His homilies,
With mail of dread device,
With monstrous barbed slings,
With eager dragon-eyes ;

Great rats on leather wings,
And poor blind broken things,
Foul in their miseries.
And ever with Him went,
Of all His wanderings
Comrade, with ragged coat,
Gaunt ribs—poor innocent—
Bleeding foot, burning throat,
The guileless old scape-goat ;
For forty nights and days
Followed in Jesus' ways,
Sure guard behind Him kept,
Tears like a lover wept.

Robert Graves

INTO BATTLE

THE naked earth is warm with Spring,
And with green grass and bursting trees
Leans to the sun's gaze glorying,
And quivers in the sunny breeze ;
And Life is Colour and Warmth and Light,
And a striving evermore for these ;
And he is dead who will not fight,
And who dies fighting has increase.

The fighting man shall from the sun
Take warmth, and life from the glowing earth ;
Speed with the light-foot winds to run,
And with the trees to newer birth ;
And find, when fighting shall be done,
Great rest, and fullness after dearth.

All the bright company of heaven
Hold him in their high comradeship,
The Dog-Star, and the Sisters Seven,
Orion's Belt and sworded hip.

The woodland trees that stand together,
They stand to him each one a friend ;
They gently speak in the windy weather ;
They guide to valley and ridge's end.

The kestrel hovering by day,
And the little owls that call by night,
Bid him be swift and keen as they,
As keen of ear, as swift of sight.

The blackbird sings to him, " Brother. brother,
If this be the last song you shall sing,
Sing well, for you may not sing another ;
Brother, sing."

In dreary, doubtful, waiting hours,
Before the brazen frenzy starts,
The horses show him nobler powers ;—
O patient eyes, courageous hearts !

And when the burning moment breaks,
And all things else are out of mind,
And only joy of battle takes
Him by the throat, and makes him blind,

Through joy and blindness he shall know,
Not caring much to know, that still
Nor lead nor steel shall reach him, so
That it be not the Destined Will.

The thundering line of battle stands,
And in the air Death moans and sings ;
But Day shall clasp him with strong hands,
And Night shall fold him in soft wings.

Julian Grenfell

WHEN I SET OUT FOR LYONNESSE

WHEN I set out for Lyonesse,
A hundred miles away,
The rime was on the spray,
And starlight lit my lonesomeness
When I set out for Lyonesse
A hundred miles away.

What would bechance at Lyonesse
While I should sojourn there
No prophet durst declare,
Nor did the wisest wizard guess
What would bechance at Lyonesse
While I should sojourn there.

When I came back from Lyonesse
With magic in my eyes,
All marked with mute surmise
My radiance rare and fathomless,
When I came back from Lyonesse
With magic in my eyes !

Thomas Hardy

BEENY CLIFF

March 1870—March 1913

I

O THE opal and the sapphire of that wandering
western sea,
And the woman riding high above with bright
hair flapping free—
The woman whom I loved so, and who loyally
loved me.

II

The pale mews plained below us, and the waves
seemed far away
In a nether sky, engrossed in saying their cease-
less babbling say,
As we laughed light-heartedly aloft on that clear-
sunned March day.

III

A little cloud then cloaked us, and there flew an
irised rain,
And the Atlantic dyed its levels with a dull mis-
featured stain,
And then the sun burst out again, and purples
prinked the main.

IV

—Still in all its chasmal beauty bulks old Beeny
to the sky,
And shall she and I not go there once again now
March is nigh,
And the sweet things said in that March say anew
there by and by?

What if still in chasmal beauty looms that wild
 weird western shore,
The woman now is—elsewhere—whom the ambling
 pony bore,
And nor knows nor cares for Beeny, and will laugh
 there nevermore.

Thomas Hardy

THE PHANTOM HORSEWOMAN

QUEER are the ways of a man I know :
 He comes and stands
 In a careworn craze,
 And looks at the sands
 And the seaward haze
 With moveless hands
 And face and gaze,
 Then turns to go. . . .
And what does he see when he gazes so ?

They say he sees as an instant thing,
 More clear than to-day,
 A sweet soft scene
 That once was in play
 By that briny green ;
 Yes, notes alway
 Warm, real, and keen,
 What his back years bring—
A phantom of his own figuring.

III

Of this vision of his they might say more :

Not only there
Does he see this sight,
But everywhere
In his brain—day, night,
As if on the air
It were drawn rose-bright—
Yea, far from that shore

Does he carry this vision of heretofore :

IV

A ghost-girl-rider. And though, toil-tried,

He withers daily,
Time touches her not,
But she still rides gaily
In his rapt thought
On that shagged and shaly
Atlantic spot,
And as when first eyed

Draws rein and sings to the swing of the tide.

Thomas Hardy

THE OXEN

CHRISTMAS Eve, and twelve of the clock.

“Now they are all on their knees,”

An elder said as we sat in a flock

By the embers in hearthside ease.

We pictured the meek mild creatures where

They dwelt in their strawy pen,

Nor did it occur to one of us there

To doubt they were kneeling then.

So fair a fancy few would weave
In these years ! Yet, I feel,
If some one said on Christmas Eve,
“ Come ; see the oxen kneel

“ In the lonely barton by yonder coomb
Our childhood used to know,”
I should go with him in the gloom,
Hoping it might be so.

Thomas Hardy

IN TIME OF “ THE BREAKING OF NATIONS ”

I

ONLY a man harrowing clods
In a slow silent walk
With an old horse that stumbles and nods
Half asleep as they stalk.

II

Only thin smoke without flame
From the heaps of couch-grass :
Yet this will go onward the same
Though Dynasties pass.

III

Yonder a maid and her wight
Come whispering by :
War's annals will cloud into night
Ere their story die.

Thomas Hardy

BEYOND THE LAST LAMP

(NEAR TOOTING COMMON)

I

WHILE rain, with eve in partnership,
Descended darkly, drip, drip, drip,
Beyond the last lone lamp I passed
Walking slowly, whispering sadly,
Two linked loiterers, wan, downcast :
Some heavy thought constrained each face,
And blinded them to time and place.

II

The pair seemed lovers, yet absorbed
In mental scenes no longer orb'd
By love's young rays. Each countenance
As it slowly, as it sadly
Caught the lamplight's yellow glance,
Held in suspense a misery
At things which had been or might be.

III

When I retr'd that watery way
Some hours beyond the droop of day,
Still I found pacing there the twain
Just as slowly, just as sadly,
Heedless of the night and rain.
One could but wonder who they were,
And what wild woe detained them there.

IV

Though thirty years of blur and blot
Have slid since I beheld that spot,
And saw in curious converse there
Moving slowly, moving sadly,
That mysterious tragic pair,
Its olden look may linger on—
All but the couple ; they have gone.

V

Whither ? Who knows, indeed. . . . And yet
To me, when nights are weird and wet,
Without those comrades there at tryst
Creeping slowly, creeping sadly,
That lone lane does not exist.
There they seem brooding on their pain,
And will, while such a lane remain.

Thomas Hardy

AFTERWARDS

WHEN the Present has latched its postern behind
my tremulous stay,
And the May month flaps its glad green leaves
like wings,
Delicate-filmed as new-spun silk, will the neighbours
say,
“ He was a man who used to notice such things ” ?
If it be in the dusk when, like an eyelid’s soundless
blink,
The dewfall-hawk comes crossing the shades to
alight
Upon the wind-warped upland thorn, a gazer may
think,
“ To him this must have been a familiar sight.”

If I pass during some nocturnal blackness, mothy
and warm,

When the hedgehog travels furtively over the
lawn,

One may say, "He strove that such innocent
creatures should come to no harm,

But he could do little for them ; and now he is
gone."

If, when hearing that I have been stilled at last,
they stand at the door,

Watching the full-starred heavens that winter
sees,

Will this thought rise on those who will meet my
face no more,

"He was one who had an eye for such mysteries" ?

And will any say when my bell of quittance is heard
in the gloom,

And a crossing breeze cuts a pause in its out-
rollings,

Till they rise again, as they were a new bell's boom,

"He hears it not now, but used to notice such
things" ?

Thomas Hardy

MARGARITAE SORORI

I. M.

A LATE lark twitters from the quiet skies,

And from the west,

Where the sun, his day's work ended,

Lingers as in content,

There falls on the old, gray city

An influence luminous and serene,

A shining peace.

The smoke ascends
In a rosy-and-golden haze. The spires
Shine and are changed. In the valley
Shadows rise. The lark sings on. The sun,
Closing his benediction,
Sinks, and the darkening air
Thrills with a sense of the triumphing night-
Night with her train of stars
And her great gift of sleep.

So be my passing !
My task accomplish'd and the long day done,
My wages taken, and in my heart
Some late lark singing,
Let me be gather'd to the quiet west,
The sundown splendid and serene,
Death.

William Ernest Henley

UNCONQUERABLE

OUT of the night that covers me,
Black as the pit from pole to pole,
I thank whatever gods may be
For my unconquerable soul.

In the fell clutch of circumstance
I have not winced nor cried aloud :
Under the bludgeonings of chance
My head is bloody, but unbow'd.

Beyond this place of wrath and tears
Looms but the Horror of the shade,
And yet the menace of the years
Finds and shall find me unafraid.

It matters not how strait the gate,
How charged with punishments the scroll,
I am the master of my fate :
I am the captain of my soul.

William Ernest Henley

THE BELLS OF HEAVEN

'TWOULD ring the bells of Heaven
The wildest peal for years,
If Parson lost his senses
And people came to theirs,
And he and they together
Knelt down with angry prayers
For tamed and shabby tigers,
And dancing dogs and bears,
And wretched, blind pit ponies,
And little hunted hares.

Ralph Hodgson

STUPIDITY STREET

I SAW with open eyes
Singing birds sweet
Sold in the shops
For the people to eat,
Sold in the shops of
Stupidity Street.

I saw in vision
The worm in the wheat,
And in the shops nothing
For people to eat ;
Nothing for sale in
Stupidity Street.

Ralph Hodgson

THE BULL

SEE an old unhappy bull,
Sick in soul and body both,
Slouching in the undergrowth
Of the forest beautiful,
Banished from the herd he led,
Bulls and cows a thousand head.

Cranes and gaudy parrots go
Up and down the burning sky ;
Tree-top cats purr drowsily
In the dim-day green below ;
And troops of monkeys, nutting some,
All disputing, go and come ;

And things abominable sit
Picking offal buck or swine,
On the mess and over it
Burnished flies and beetles shine,
And spiders big as bladders lie
Under hemlocks ten foot high ;

And a dotted serpent curled
Round and round and round a tree,
Yellowing its greenery,
Keeps a watch on all the world,
All the world and this old bull
In the forest beautiful.

Bravely by his fall he came :
One he led, a bull of blood
Newly come to lustihood,
Fought and put his prince to shame,
Snuffed and pawed the prostrate head,
Tameless even while it bled.

There they left him, every one,
Left him there without a lick,
Left him for the birds to pick,
Left him there for carrion,
Vilely from their bosom cast
Wisdom, worth, and love at last.

When the lion left his lair
And roared his beauty through the hills,
And the vultures pecked their quills
And flew into the middle air,
Then this prince no more to reign
Came to life and lived again.

He snuffed the herd in far retreat,
He saw the blood upon the ground,
And snuffed the burning airs around
Still with beevish odours sweet,
While the blood ran down his head
And his mouth ran slaver red.

Pity him, this fallen chief,
All his splendour, all his strength,
All his body's breadth and length
Dwindled down with shame and grief,
Half the bull he was before,
Bones and leather, nothing more.

See him standing dewlap-deep
In the rushes at the lake,
Surly, stupid, half asleep,
Waiting for his heart to break
And the birds to join the flies
Feasting at his bloodshot eyes,—

Standing with his head hung down
In a stupor, dreaming things :
Green savannas, jungles brown,
Battlefields and bellowings,
Bulls undone and lions dead
And vultures flapping overhead.

Dreaming things : of days he spent
With his mother gaunt and lean
In the valley warm and green,
Full of baby wonderment,
Blinking out of silly eyes
At a hundred mysteries ;

Dreaming over once again
How he wandered with a throng
Of bulls and cows a thousand strong,
Wandered on from plain to plain,
Up the hill and down the dale,
Always at his mother's tail ;

How he lagged behind the herd,
Lagged and tottered, weak of limb,
And she turned and ran to him,
Blaring at the loathly bird
Stationed always in the skies,
Waiting for the flesh that dies.

Dreaming maybe of a day
When her drained and drying paps
Turned him to the sweets and saps,
Richer fountains by the way,
And she left the bull she bore,
And he looked to her no more ;

And his little frame grew stout,
And his little legs grew strong,
And the way was not so long ;
And his little horns came out,
And he played at butting trees
And boulder-stones and tortoises,

Joined a game of knobby skulls
With the youngsters of his year,
All the other little bulls,
Learning both to bruise and bear,
Learning how to stand a shock
Like a little bull of rock.

Dreaming of a day less dim,
Dreaming of a time less far,
When the faint but certain star
Of destiny burned clear for him,
And a fierce and wild unrest
Broke the quiet of his breast,

And the gristles of his youth
Hardened in his comely pow,
And he came to fighting growth,
Beat his bull and won his cow,
And flew his tail and trampled off
Past the tallest, vain enough,

And curved about in splendour full,
And curved again and snuffed the airs,
As who should say Come out who dares !
And all beheld a bull, a Bull,
And knew that here was surely one
That backed for no bull, fearing none

And the leader of the herd
Looked and saw, and beat the ground,
And shook the forest with his sound,
Bellowed at the loathly bird
Stationed always in the skies
Waiting for the flesh that dies.

Dreaming, this old bull forlorn,
Surely dreaming of the hour
When he came to sultan power,
And they owned him master-horn,
Chicfest bull of all among
Bulls and cows a thousand strong,

And in all the tramping herd
Not a bull that barred his way,
Not a cow that said him nay,
Not a bull or cow that erred
In the furnace of his look
Dared a second, worse rebuke ;

Not in all the forest wide,
Jungle, thicket, pasture, fen,
Not another dared him then,
Dared him and again defied ;
Not a sovereign buck or boar
Came a second time for more.

Not a serpent that survived
Once the terrors of his hoof
Risked a second time reproof,
Came a second time and lived,
Not a serpent in its skin
Came again for discipline ;

Not a leopard bright as flame,
Flashing fingerhooks of steel,
That a wooden tree might feel,
Met his fury once and came
For a second reprimand,
Not a leopard in the land.

Not a lion of them all,
Not a lion of the hills,
Hero of a thousand kills,
Dared a second fight and fall,
Dared that ram terrific twice,
Paid a second time the price. . .

Pity him, this dupe of dream,
Leader of the herd again
Only in his daft old brain,
Once again the bull supreme
And bull enough to bear the part
Only in his tameless heart.

Pity him that he must wake ;
Even now the swarm of flies
Blackening his bloodshot eyes
Bursts and blusters round the lake,
Scattered from the feast half-fed
By great shadows overhead.

And the dreamer turns away
From his visionary herds
And his splendid yesterday,
Turns to meet the loathly birds
Flocking round him from the skies,
Waiting for the flesh that dies.

Ralph Hodgson

I HAVE DESIRED TO GO

I HAVE desired to go
Where springs not fail,
To fields where flies no sharp and sided hail,
And a few lilies blow.

And I have asked to be
Where no storms come,
Where the green swell is in the havens dumb,
And out of the swing of the sea.

Gerard Manley Hopkins

THE OLD WAY

THERE'S a sea that lies uncharted far beyond the
setting sun,
And a gallant Fleet was sailing there whose fighting
days are done,
Sloop and Galleon, Brig and Pinnace, all the rigs
you never met,
Fighting Frigate, grave Three-decker, with their
snowy canvas set ;
Dozed and dreamed, when, on a sudden, ev'ry sail
began to swell,
For the breeze has spoken strangers, with a stirring
tale to tell,
And a thousand eager voices flung the challenge
out to sea :
" Come they hither in the old way, in the only way
that's free ? "

And the flying Breeze called softly : " In the old way,
Through the winters and the waters of the North,
They have waited, ah the waiting, in the old way,
Strong and patient, from the Pentlands to the Forth.

There was fog to blind and baffle off the headlands,
There were gales to beat the worst that ever blew,
But they took it, as they found it, in the old way,
And I know it often helped to think of you."

'Twas a Frigate, under stun-sails, as she gently gathered way
Spoke in jerks, like all the Frigates, who have little time to stay :

" We'd to hurry, under Nelson, thank my timbers I was tough,
For he worked us as he loved us, and he never had enough.

Are the English mad as ever ? were the Frigates just as few ?

(Will their sheets be always stranding, ere the rigging's rove anew ?)

Just as Saxon slow at starting, just as weirdly wont to win ?

Had they Frigates out and watching ? Did they pass the signals in ? "

And the laughing Breeze made answer : " In the old way ;

You should see the little cruisers spread and fly,
Peering over the horizon, in the old way,
And a seaplane up and wheeling in the sky.

When the wireless snapped ' The enemy is sighted,'

If his accents were comparatively new,
Why, the sailor men were cheering, in the old way
So I naturally smiled and thought of you."

Then a courtly voice and stately from a tall Three-decker came—

She'd the manners of a monarch and a story in her name ;

" We'd a winter gale at even, and my shrouds are aching yet,

It was more than time for reefing when the upper sails were set.

So we chased in woful weather, till we closed in failing light,

Then we fought them, as we caught them, just as Hawke had bid us fight ;

And we swept the sea by sunrise, clear and free beyond a doubt.

Was it thus the matter ended when the enemy was out ? "

Cried the Breeze : " They fought and followed in the old way,

For they raced to make a record all the while,
With a knot to veer and haul on, in the old way,
That had never even met the measured mile—
And the guns were making merry in the twilight,
That the enemy was victor may be true,
Still—he hurried into harbour—in the old way—
And I wondered if he'd ever heard of you."

Came a gruff and choking chuckle, and a craft as black as doom

Lumbered laughing down to leeward, as the bravest gave her room.

“ Set 'un blazin', good your Lordships, for the tide
be makin' strong,
Proper breeze to fan a fireship, set 'un drivin' out
along !
'Tis the 'Torch,' wi' humble duty, from Lord
Howard 'board the 'Ark'
We'm a laughin'-stock to Brixham, but a terror
after dark,
Hold an' bilge anigh to burstin', pitch and sulphur,
tar an' all,
Was it so, my dear, they'm fashioned for my Lord
High Admiral ? ”

Cried the Breeze : “ You'd hardly know it from
the old way
(Gloriana, did you waken at the fight ?)
Stricken shadows, scared and flying in the old way
From the swift destroying spectres of the night,
There were some that steamed and scattered
south for safety,
From the mocking western echo ' Where be tu ? '
There were some that—got the message—in the
old way,
And the flashes in the darkness spoke of you.”

There's a wondrous Golden Harbour, far beyond
the setting sun,
Where a gallant ship may anchor when her fighting
days are done,
Free from tempest, rock and battle, toil and tumult
safely o'er,
Where the breezes murmur softly and there's peace
for evermore.
They have climbed the last horizon, they are
standing in from sea,

And the Pilot makes the Haven where a ship is
glad to be :
Comes at last the glorious greeting, strangely new
and ages old,
See the sober grey is shining like the Tudor green
and gold !

And the waiting jibs are hoisted, in the old way,
As the guns begin to thunder down the line ;
Hear the silver trumpets calling, in the old way !
Over all the silken pennons float and shine.
“ Did you voyage all unspoken, small and lonely ?
Or with fame, the happy fortune of the few ?
So you win the Golden Harbour, in the old way,
There's the old sea welcome waiting there for
you.”

R. A. Hopwood

THE PORTRAIT

SHE sits upon a tombstone in the shade ;
One flake of sunlight, falling thro' the veils
Of quivering poplars, lights upon her hair,
Shot golden, and across her candid brow.
Thus in the pleasant gloom she holds the eye,
Being life amid piled up remembrances
Of the tranquil dead.

One hand, dropped lightly down,
Rests on the words of a forgotten name :
Therefore the past makes glad to stay her up.
Closed in, walled off : here's an oblivious place,
Deep, planted in with trees, unvisited :
A still backwater in the tide of life.

Life flows all round ; sounds from surrounding
streets,
Laughter of unseen children, roll of wheels,
Cries of all vendors.—So she sits and waits.
And she rejoices us who pass her by,
And she rejoices those who here lie still,
And she makes glad the little wandering airs,
And doth make glad the shaken beams of light
That fall upon her forehead : all the world
Moves round her, sitting on forgotten tombs
And lighting in to-morrow. She is Life :
That makes us keep on moving, taking roads,
Hauling great burdens up the unending hills,
Pondering senseless problems, setting sail
For undiscovered anchorages. Here
She waits, she waits, sequestered among tombs,
The sunlight on her hair. She waits, she waits :
The secret music, the resolving note
That sets in tune all this discordant world
And solves the riddles of the Universe.

Ford Madox Hueffer

VOLKSWEISE

A POOR girl sat by a tower of the sea
All a-wringing of her hands ; “ Will he never show,”
says she,
“ Just as a token, just a glimmer of his ship’s lant-
. . . horn ? ”

“ Oh, all ye little grains of sand,
Twist into a rope shall draw his keel
Hither. Oh, ye little gulls and terns,

Join wings and bear me from this strand
 To where I'll feel
 His arms, and find where on the foam his ship
 is borne."

A poor girl sat, etc.

"Oh, all ye little stars o' the night,
 Come down and cluster in my hair;
 Oh, bright night flashes o' the waves,
 Shine round me till I'm all one flame of light.
 So, far at sea,
 He'll deem a beacon beckons him to me. . . ."

*A poor girl sat nigh a tower of the sea
 All a-wringing of her hands; "Will he never show,"
 said she,
 "Just a token, just a glimmer of his ship's lant-
 . . . horn?"*

Ford Madox Hueffer

THE SONG OF THE WOMEN

A WEALDEN TRIO

1st Voice

WHEN ye've got a child 'ats whist for want of food,
 And a grate as gray's y'r 'air for want of wood,
 And y'r man and you ain't nowise not much good;

Together

Oh—
 It's hard work a-Christmassing,
 Carolling,
 Singin' songs about the "Babe what's born."

2nd Voice

When ye've 'eered the bailiff's 'and upon the latch,
And ye've feeled the rain a-trickling through the
thatch,
An' y'r man can't git no stones to break ner yit no
sheep to watch—

Together

Oh—
We've got to come a-Christmassing,
Carolling,
Singin' of the "Shepherds on that morn."

3rd Voice, more cheerfully

'E was a man's poor as us, very near,
An' 'E 'ad 'Is trials and danger,
An' I think 'E'll think of us when 'E sees us singin'
'ere ;
For 'Is mother was poor, like us, poor dear,
An' she bore Him in a manger.

Together

Oh—
It's warm in the heavens, but it's cold upon the
earth ;
An' we ain't no food at table nor no fire upon the
hearth ;
And it's bitter hard a-Christmassing,
Carolling,
Singin' songs about our Saviour's birth ;
Singin' songs about the Babe what's born ;
Singin' of the shepherds on that morn.

Ford Madox Hueffer

TO CHRISTINA AT NIGHTFALL

LITTLE thing, ah, little mouse,
Creeping through the twilit house,
To watch within the shadow of my chair
With large blue eyes ; the firelight on your hair
 Doth glimmer gold and faint,
 And on your woollen gown
 That folds a-down
From steadfast little face to square-set feet.

Ah, sweet ! ah, little one ! so like a carven saint,
With your unflinching eyes, unflinching face,
Like a small angel, carved in a high place,
Watching unmoved across a gabled town ;
When I am weak and old,
And lose my grip, and claim my small reward
Of tolerance and tenderness and ruth,
The children of your dawning day shall hold
The reins we drop and wield the judge's sword,
And your swift feet shall tread upon my heels,
And I be Ancient Error, you New Truth,
And I be crushed by your advancing wheels . . .
 Good-night ! The fire is burning low,
 Put out the lamp ;
 Lay down the weary little head
 Upon the small white bed.
Up from the sea the night winds blow
 Across the hill, across the marsh ;
 Chill and harsh, harsh and damp,
 The night winds blow.
 But, while the slow hours go,

I, who must fall before you, late shall wait and keep
 Watch and ward,
 Vigil and guard,
 Where you sleep.

Ah, sweet ! do you the like where I lie dead.

Ford Madox Hueffer

SONG OF POPLARS

SHEPHERD, to yon tall poplars tune your flute :
Let them pierce keenly, subtly shrill,
The slow blue rumour of the hill ;
Let the grass cry with an anguish of evening gold,
And the great sky be mute.

Then hearken how the poplar trees unfold
Their buds, yet close and gummed and blind,
In airy leafage of the mind,
Rustling in silvery whispers the twin-hued scales
That fade not nor grow old.

“ Poplars and fountains and you cypress spires
Springing in dark and rusty flame,
Seek you aught that hath a name ?
Or say, say : Are you all an upward agony
Of undefined desires ?

“ Say, are you happy in the golden march
Of sunlight all across the day ?
Or do you watch the uncertain way
That leads the withering moon on cloudy stairs
Over the heaven's wide arch ?

“ Is it towards sorrow or towards joy you lift
The sharpness of your trembling spears ?
Or do you seek, through the grey tears
That blur the sky, in the heart of the triumphing
blue,
A deeper, calmer rift ? ”

So ; I have tuned my music to the trees,
And there were voices, dim below
Their shrillness, voices swelling slow
In the blue murmur of hills, and a golden cry
And then vast silences.

Aldous Huxley

TAM I' THE KIRK

O JEAN, my Jean, when the bell ca's the congreg-
ation
Owre valley an' hill wi' the ding frae its iron mou',
When a' body's thochts is set on his ain salvation,
Mine's set on you.

There's a reid rose lies on the Buik o' the Word
'afore ye
That was growin' braw on its bush at the keek
o' day,
But the lad that pu'd yon flower i' the mornin's
glory,
He canna pray.

He canna pray ; but there's nane i' the Kirk will
heed him
Whaur he sits sae still his lane at the side of the
wa',

For nane but the reid rose kens what my lassie
gie'd him,
It an' us twa !

He canna sing for the sang that his ain he'rt raises,
He canna see for the mist that's 'afore his een,
And a voice drouns the hale o' the psalms an' the
paraphrases,
Cryin' " Jean, Jean, Jean ! "

Violet Jacob

BY THE STATUE OF KING CHARLES AT
CHARING CROSS

TO WILLIAM WATSON

SOMBRE and rich, the skies ;
Great glooms, and starry plains.
Gently the night wind sighs ;
Else a vast silence reigns.

The splendid silence clings
Around me : and around
The saddest of all kings
Crowned, and again discrowned.

Comely and calm, he rides
Hard by his own Whitehall :
Only the night wind glides :
No crowds, nor rebels, brawl.

Gone, too, his Court : and yet,
The stars his courtiers are :
Stars in their stations set ;
And every wandering star.

Alone he rides, alone,
The fair and fatal king :
Dark night is all his own,
That strange and solemn thing.

Which are more full of fate :
The stars; or those sad eyes ?
Which are more still and great :
Those brows ; or the dark skies ?

Although his whole heart yearn
In passionate tragedy :
Never was face so stern
With sweet austerity.

Vanquished in life, his death
By beauty made amends :
The passing of his breath
Won his defeated ends.

Brief life, and hapless ? Nay :
Through death, life grew sublime.
Speak after sentence ? Yea :
And to the end of time.

Armoured he rides, his head
Bare to the stars of doom :
He triumphs now, the dead,
Beholding London's gloom.

Our wearier spirit faints,
Vexed in the world's employ :
His soul was of the saints ;
And art to him was joy.

King, tried in fires of woe !
Men hunger for thy grace :
And through the night I go,
Loving thy mournful face.

Yet, when the city sleeps ;
When all the cries are still :
The stars and heavenly deeps
Work out a perfect will.

Lionel Johnson

IN MEMORY

Ah ! fair face gone from sight,
With all its light
Of eyes that pierced the deep !
Oh human night !
Ah ! fair face calm in sleep !

Ah ! fair lips hushed in death !
Now their glad breath
Breathes not upon our air
Music, that saith
Love only and things fair.

Ah ! lost brother ! Ah ! sweet
Still hands and feet !
May those feet haste to reach,
Those hands to greet
Us where love needs no speech.

Lionel Johnson

THE FLOWERS

*Buy my English posies !
Kent and Surrey may—
Violets of the Undercliff
Wet with Channel spray ;
Cowslips from a Devon combe—
Midland furze afire—
Buy my English posies,
And I'll sell your heart's desire !*

Buy my English posies !
You that scorn the may,
Won't you greet a friend from home
Half the world away ?
Green against the draggled drift,
Faint and frail and first—
Buy my Northern blood-root
And I'll know where you were nursed :
Robin down the logging-road whistles, " Come to
me ! "
Spring has found the maple-grove, the sap is running
free ;
All the winds of Canada call the ploughing-rain.
Take the flower and turn the hour, and kiss your love
again !

Buy my English posies !
Here's to match your need—
Buy a tuft of royal heath,
Buy a bunch of weed
White as sand of Muisenberg
Spun before the gale—
Buy my heath and lilies
And I'll tell you whence you hail !

Under hot Constantia broad the vineyards lie—
Throned and thorned the aching berg props the
speckless sky—

Slow below the Wynberg firs trails the tilted wain—
Take the flower and turn the hour, and kiss your
love again !

Buy my English posies !

You that will not turn—

Buy my hot-wood clematis,

Buy a frond o' fern

Gather'd where the Erskine leaps

Down the road to Lorne—

Buy my Christmas creeper

And I'll say where you were born !

West away from Melbourne dust holidays begin—

They that mock at Paradise woo at Cora Lynn—

Through the great South Otway gunis sings the
great South Main—

Take the flower and turn the hour, and kiss your
love again !

Buy my English posies !

Here's your choice unsold !

Buy a blood-red myrtle-bloom,

Buy the kowhai's gold

Flung for gift on Taupo's face,

Sign that spring is come—

Buy my clinging myrtle

And I'll give you back your home !

Broom behind the windy town ; pollen o' the pine—

Bell-bird in the leafy deep where the *ratas* twine—

Fern above the saddle-bow, flax upon the plain—

Take the flower and turn the hour, and kiss your
love again

Buy my English posies !

Ye that have your own

Buy them for a brother's sake

Overseas, alone :

Weed ye trample underfoot

Floods his heart abrim—

Bird ye never heeded,

O, she calls his dead to him.

Far and far our homes are set round the Seven Seas ;

Woe for us if we forget, we that hold by these !

Unto each his mother-beach, bloom and bird and
land—

Masters of the Seven Seas, oh, love and understand !

Rudyard Kipling

IF——

IF you can keep your head when all about you

Are losing theirs and blaming it on you ;

If you can trust yourself when all men doubt you,

But make allowance for their doubting too ;

If you can wait and not be tired by waiting,

Or being lied about, don't deal in lies,

Or being hated don't give way to hating,

And yet don't look too good, nor talk too wise.

If you can dream—and not make dreams your
master ;

If you can think—and not make thoughts your
aim ;

If you can meet with Triumph and Disaster

And treat those two impostors just the same ;

If you can bear to hear the truth you've spoken

Twisted by knaves to make a trap for fools,

Or watch the things you gave your life to broken,

And stoop and build 'em up with worn-out tools.

If you can make one heap of all your winnings
And risk it on one turn of pitch-and-toss,
And lose, and start again at your beginnings
And never breathe a word about your loss ;
If you can force your heart and nerve and sinew
To serve your turn long after they are gone,
And so hold on when there is nothing in you
Except the Will which says to them : " Hold on ! "

If you can talk with crowds and keep your virtue
Or walk with Kings—nor lose the common
touch,
If neither foes nor loving friends can hurt you,
If all men count with you, but none too much ;
If you can fill the unforgiving minute
With sixty seconds' worth of distance run,
Yours is the Earth and everything that's in it,
And—which is more—you'll be a Man, my son !
Rudyard Kipling

FEAR

ERE Mor the Peacock flutters, ere the Monkey
People cry,
Ere Chil the Kite swoops down a furlong sheer,
Through the Jungle very softly flits a Shadow and
a sigh—
He is Fear, O Little Hunter, he is Fear !
Very softly down the glade runs a waiting, watching
shade,
And the whisper spreads and widens far and near ;
And the sweat is on thy brow, for he passes even
now—
He is Fear, O Little Hunter, he is Fear !

Ere the Moon has climbed the mountain, ere the
rocks are ribbed with light,
When the downward-dipping tails are dank and
drear ;

Comes a breathing hard behind thee, snuffle-
snuffle through the night—

It is Fear, O Little Hunter, it is Fear !
On thy knees and draw the bow, bid the shrilling
arrow go ;

In the empty mocking thicket plunge the spear ;
But thy hands are loosed and weak, and the blood
has left thy cheek—

It is Fear, O Little Hunter, it is Fear !

When the heat-cloud sucks the tempest, when the
slivered pine trees fall,

When the blinding, blaring rain-squalls lash and
veer ;

Through the trumpets of the thunder rings a voice
more loud than all—

It is Fear, O Little Hunter, it is Fear !
Now the spates are banked and deep ; now the
footless boulders leap ;

Now the lightning shows each littlest leaf-rib
clear ;

But thy throat is shut and dried, and thy heart
against thy side

Hammers : Fear, O Little Hunter—this is Fear !

Rudyard Kipling

RECESSIONAL

GOD of our fathers, known of old,
Lord of our far-flung battle-line,
Beneath whose awful Hand we hold
Dominion over palm and pine—
Lord God of Hosts, be with us yet,
Lest we forget—lest we forget !

The tumult and the shouting dies ;
The captains and the kings depart :
Still stands Thine ancient sacrifice,
An humble and a contrite heart.
Lord God of Hosts, be with us yet,
Lest we forget—lest we forget !

Far-called, our navies melt away ;
On dune and headland sinks the fire :
Lo, all our pomp of yesterday
Is one with Nineveh and Tyre !
Judge of the Nations, spare us yet,
Lest we forget—lest we forget !

If, drunk with sight of power, we loose
Wild tongues that have not Thee in awe,
Such boasting as the Gentiles use,
Or lesser breeds without the Law—
Lord God of Hosts, be with us yet,
Lest we forget—lest we forget !

For heathen heart that puts her trust
In reeking tube and iron shard,
All valiant dust that builds on dust
And, guarding, calls not Thee to guard,
For frantic boast and foolish word—
Thy Mercy on Thy People, Lord ! Amen.

THE ODYSSEY

As one that for a weary space has lain
Lull'd by the song of Circe and her wine
In gardens near the pale of Proserpine,
Where that Æean isle forgets the main,
And only the low lutes of love complain,
And only shadows of wan lovers pine—
As such an one were glad to know the brine
Salt on his lips, and the large air again,—
So gladly, from the songs of modern speech
Men turn, and see the stars, and feel the free
Shrill wind beyond the close of heavy flowers,
And through the music of the languid hours
They hear like Ocean on the western beach
The surge and thunder of the Odyssey.

Andrew Lang

GIORNO DEI MORTI

ALONG the avenue of cypresses
All in their scarlet cloaks, and surplices
Of linen go the chanting choristers,
The priests in gold and black, the villagers . . .
And all along the path to the cemetery
The round dark heads of men crowd silently
And black-scarved faces of women-folk wistfully
Watch at the banner of death, and the mystery.

And at the foot of a grave a father stands
With sunken head and forgotten folded hands ;
And at the foot of a grave a mother kneels
With pale shut face, nor either hears nor feels

The coming of the chanting choristers
Between the avenue of cypresses,
The silence of the many villagers,
The candle-flames besides the surplices.

D. H. Lawrence

THE LOST ONES

SOMEWHERE is music from the linnets' bills,
And thro' the sunny flowers the bee-wings drone,
And white bells of convolvulus on hills
Of quiet May make silent ringing, blown
Hither and thither by the wind of showers,
And somewhere all the wandering birds have flown;
And the brown breath of Autumn chills the flowers

But where are all the loves of long ago?
O little twilight ship blown up the tide,
Where are the faces laughing in the glow
Of morning years, the lost ones scattered wide?
Give me your hand, O brother, let us go
Crying about the dark for those who died.

Francis Ledwidge

SUPPLICATION

O you that on a Summer's day,
Upon the shores of Blacksod Bay,
Among the sunshine and the showers,
I called the shepherds of the flowers;
The sturdy, sunburnt legs of you,
The round straw hats, the smocks of blue,
The brown locks and the golden locks,
That went a-following their flocks!

Into your hands you gathered then
Such colours as wise-fingered men
Painted on cups in Queen Anne's day,
When ladies called their tea Bohea :
Mauve orchises in printed dresses,
Yellow hawkweed, purple vetches,
Woodruff white, geranium rose,
Milkwort bluest flower that grows :
But these, and twice as many more,
Lie far beneath Time's crystal floor,
And you, instead of mountain sheep,
The tamer Sussex kind must keep :
Run to your flocks that here await
Your care within a garden gate :
Here the dark violet sweetness spreads,
And snowdrops hang their snow-white heads,
With wallflowers, squills and primroses,
Candytuft and crocuses,
And many a jonquil's leafy crown
Thrusting greenness through earth's brown :
Run to your flocks, and say that one
Who as they love it loves the sun,
Humbly desires that they will make
Their Spring a late one for her sake.
Say that in weakness and long pain
More than a season she has lain
Holding in hope but one small thing :
She should be well to see the Spring.
Oh, say to them to stay their growth,
This would be charity not sloth,
Beseech them stay that she may share
Their beauty with the gentle air.
Why should they hasten ? Winter still
Puts a coldness on the hill—

Tell them of sudden frosts and snows,
And how the bawling March wind blows.
Tell them of April when the wind
As the most steady sun is kind.
And is not May more lovely far
Than half-a-hundred Aprils are ?
Bid them but wait one other moon
And blossom with the rose of June !

They do not heed us, every day
Brings news of Spring's triumphal way.
Blackthorn and bullace star the lane ;
The hazel staves sustain again
Their golden notes. The sky shines clear.
I shall not see the Spring this year.

Shepherds, with tidings of the flowers,
You do not know these flocks of yours,
Rustling soft-voiced across my bed,
Pass with a hard and hurtful tread.

But peace to grieving ! In this room
Is happiness to chase all gloom.
Are not two Mays, two Aprils here,
That keep their sweetness through the year ?
Shall the indifference of a few
Bulbs distress me, while in you
All flowers, all suns, all Springs I see,
And I clasp them and they clasp me ?
These will not fail me, they are made
Of a delight that cannot fade
So long as loving eyes may look
In memory's well-painted book.
And, shepherds mine, when you are whirled
To the far ages of the world,

There will be countless flocks of sheep
For your be-ribboned crooks to keep.
Still may you guide into your fold
Flocks with fleeces of pure gold,
Shepherding through this world of ours
Truth, Justice, Laughter, and—the Flowers.

Sylvia Lynd

THE RETURN OF THE GOLDFINCHES

WE are much honoured by your choice,
O golden birds of silver voice,
That in our garden you should find
A pleasaunce to your mind—

The painted pear of all our trees,
The south slope towards the gooseberries
Where all day long the sun is warm—
Combining use with charm.

Did the pink tulips take your eye?
Or Breach's barn secure and high
To guard you from some chance mishap
Of gales through Shoreham gap?

First you were spied a flighting pair
Flashing and fluting here and there,
Until in stealth the nest was made
And graciously you stayed.

Now when I pause beneath your tree
An anxious head peeps down at me,
A crimson jewel in its crown,
I looking up, you down:—

I wonder if my stripey shawl
Seems pleasant in your eyes at all,
I can assure you that your wings
Are most delightful things.

Sweet birds, I pray, be not severe,
Do not deplore our presence here,
We cannot all be goldfinches
In such a world as this.

The shaded lawn, the bordered flowers,
We'll call them yours instead of ours,
The pinks and the acacia tree
Shall own your sovereignty.

And, if you let us, we will prove
Our lowly and obsequious love,
And when your little grey-pates hatch
We'll help you to keep watch.

No prowling stranger cats shall come
About your high celestial home,
With dangerous sounds we'll chase them hence
And ask no recompense.

And he, the Ethiope of our house,
Slayer of beetle and of mouse,
Huge, lazy, fond, whom we love well—
Peter shall wear a bell.

Believe me, birds, you need not fear,
No cages or lined twigs are here,
We only ask to live with you
In this green garden, too.

And when in other shining summers
Our place is taken by new-comers,
We'll leave them with the house and hill
The goldfinches' good will.

Your dainty flights, your painted coats,
The silver mist that is your notes,
And all your sweet caressing ways
Shall decorate their days.

And never will the thought of spring
Visit our minds, but a gold wing
Will flash among the green and blue,
And we'll remember you.

Sylvia Lynd

TO MY COMRADES

You, who once dreamed on earth to make your
mark,

And kindle beacons where its ways were dark ;
To whom, for the world that had no need of
you,

It once had seemed a little thing to die ;
Who gave the world your best, and in return
No honour won, and no reward could earn !

Sad Comrade ! we were shipmates in one crew,—
Somewhere we sailed together, you and I.

O you of little faith, the promised heir
Of life eternal, mourning days that were ;

You, who to lift up one belovèd head
Out of the dust and feel one presence nigh,—

To make again one vanished summer live,
Your birthright of eternal life would give !
I also murmur, " Give me back my dead ! "
The comrade of your unbelief am I.

You, against whom all fates have been arrayed ;
Who heard the voice of God and disobeyed ;
Who, reckless and with all your battles lost,
Went forth again another chance to try ;
Who, fighting desperate odds yet fought to win,
And sinning bore the burden of your sin !
We have been on the same rough ocean tossed,
And served the same wild captain, you and I.

You, who desired no laurel of the race
But the approval of one absent face ;
For whom has earth no home, no place of rest
Save in the bosom where you may not lie ;
Beggared of all but Love's immortal right,
Still for the sake of one you lost to fight !
Oh, we have met upon the unknown quest
And watched the stars together, you and I

O wanderer, if at last your ship should find
Home, and the sheltered havens left behind,
I shall be with you in that merry crew
Under the same old flag we used to fly ;
But, if at last, of every promise shorn,
With leaking timbers and with canvas torn,
Still for the pride of seamanship sail you,—
There also, in your chartless ship, sail I.

Sidney Royse Lysaght

NEW YEAR

1918

WHATEVER the year brings, he brings nothing new,
For time, caught on the ancient wheel of change,
Spins round, and round, and round ; and nothing
is strange,

Or shall amaze

Mankind, in whom the heritage of all days
Stirs suddenly, as dreams half remembered do.
Whatever the year brings, he brings nothing new

Pale, pale he stands,

Carrying world-old gifts in his cold hands—

Winds, and the sky's keen blue

Woods, and the wild cuckoo,

Lovers, and loveliness, and death, and life.

Does he hold Peace, the derelict babe of strife

And of wan penury ?

Will she ride in on the wash of the storming sea,
Be dropped at last by its ebb on the trampled
sands,

To lie there helplessly ?

War's orphan, she,

And ungrown mother of wars yet to be,

She smiles and croons for a space between these
two.

Whatever the year brings, he brings nothing new

Dreams and desires and hopes does the year hold.

Bad and good, tinsel and gold,

Lying and true,

One and all they are old, so old,

They were dreamt and desired and told

By the first men swinging in trees by strong tails.
Not till the last man fails
And the sun's fire pales,
Shall the embers of these flaming dreams be cold.
Whatever the year brings, he brings nothing new.

Turn, turn the page !
It turns, and we, and the squirrel in his cage,
And the sun, and the moon, and the moon's salt
tide ;
And the earth turns too.
As flies on the rim of a wheel we ride
From age round to age ;
And the dreams and the toys which make our pride
Are an old heritage,
Worn properties from some primeval stage
All curtained now from view. . . .
Whatever the year brings, he brings nothing new.

Go through the door.
You shall find nothing that has not been before,
Nothing so bitter it will not be once more.
All this our sad estate was known of yore,
In old worlds red with pain,
Borne by hearts sullen and sick as ours, through
Desperate, forgotten, other winters, when
Tears fell, and hopes, and men,
And crowns, and cities, and blood, on a trampled
plain,
And nations, and honour, and God, and always
rain. . . .
And honour and hope and God rose up again,
And like trees nations grew. . . .
Whatever the year brings, he brings nothing new.

Should some year suddenly bring something new,
We should grope as lost children, without a clue,
We should drift all amazed through such a queer
 And unimagined year,
Riding uncharted seas ; a derelict crew,
Whistling in vain for the old winds that blew
From the old skies, we should seek far and near
 Some mark by which to steer,
And some known port, that we might sail thereto.
 Black nightmare and blind fear
 Shall seize and hold him who
In some year suddenly finds something new.

Rose Macaulay

A CONSECRATION

Not of the princes and prelates with periwigged
 charioteers
Riding triumphantly laurelled to lap the fat of the
 years,
Rather the scorned—the rejected—the men hemmed
 in with the spears ;
The men of the tattered battalion which fights
 till it dies,
Dazed with the dust of the battle, the din and the
 cries,
The men with the broken heads and the blood
 running into their eyes.
Not the be-medalled Commander, beloved of the
 throne,
Riding cock-horse to parade when the bugles are
 blown,
But the lads who carried the koppie and cannot
 be known.

Not the ruler for me, but the ranker, the tramp of
the road,

The slave with the sack on his shoulders pricked
on with the goad,

The man with too weighty a burden, too weary
a load.

The sailor, the stoker of steamers, the man with
the clout,

The chantyman bent at the halliards putting a
tune to the shout,

The drowsy man at the wheel and the tired look-
out

Others may sing of the wine and the wealth and the
mirth,

The portly presence of potentates goodly in
girth ;—

Mine be the dirt and the dross, the dust and scum
of the earth !

Theirs be the music, the colour, the glory, the
gold ;

Mine be a handful of ashes, a mouthful of mould.

Of the maimed, of the halt and the blind in the
rain and the cold—

Of these shall my songs be fashioned, my tale be
told. Amen.

John Masefield

CARGOES

QUINQUIREME of Nineveh from distant Ophir

Rowing home to haven in sunny Palestine,

With a cargo of ivory

And apes and peacocks,

Sandalwood, cedarwood, and sweet, white wine.

Stately Spanish galleon coming from the Isthmus,
Dipping through the Tropics by the palm-green
shores

With a cargo of diamonds,
Emeralds, amethysts,
Topazes, and cinnamon, and gold moidores.

Dirty British coaster with a salt-caked smoke stack,
Butting through the Channel in the mad March
days

With a cargo of Tyne coal,
Road rails, pig lead,
Firewood, ironware, and cheap tin trays.

John Masefield

THE WILD DUCK

TWILIGHT. Red in the West.
Dimness. A glow on the wood.
The teams plod home to rest.
The wild duck come to glean.
O souls not understood,
What a wild cry in the pool ;
What things have the farm ducks seen
That they cry so—huddle and cry ?
Only the soul that goes.
Eager. Eager. Flying.
Over the globe of the moon,
Over the wood that glows.
Wings linked. Necks a-strain,
A rush and a wild crying.
.
.
.
.
.
A cry of the long pain
In the reeds of a steel lagoon,
In a land that no man knows.

John Masefield

BEAUTY

I HAVE seen dawn and sunset on moors and windy hills

Coming in solemn beauty like slow old tunes of Spain :

I have seen the lady April bringing the daffodils,
Bringing the springing grass and the soft warm April rain.

I have heard the song of the blossoms and the old chant of the sea,

And seen strange lands from under the arched white sails of ships ;

But the loveliest things of beauty God ever has showed to me

Are her voice, and her hair, and eyes, and the dear red curve of her lips.

John Masefield

THE SPIRIT OF SHAKESPEARE

THY greatest knew thee, Mother Earth ; unsoured
He knew thy sons. He probed from hell to hell
Of human passions, but of love deflowered

His wisdom was not, for he knew thee well.
Thence came the honeyed corner at his lips,

The conquering smile wherein his spirit sails
Calm as the God who the white sea-wave whips,

Yet full of speech and intershifting tales,
Close mirrors of us : thence had he the laugh

We feel is thine : broad as ten thousand beeves
At pasture ! thence thy songs, that winnow chaff

From grain, bid sick Philosophy's last leaves
Whirl, if they have no response—they enforced
To fatten Earth when from her soul divorced.

How smiles he at a generation ranked
In gloomy noddings over life ! They pass.
Not he to feed upon a breast unthanked,
Or eye a beauteous face in a cracked glass.
But he can spy that little twist of brain
Which moved some weighty leader of the blind.
Unwitting 'twas the goad of personal pain,
To view in curst eclipse our Mother's mind,
And show us of some rigid harri-
dan
The wretched bondmen until the end of time.
O lived the Master now to paint us Man,
That little twist of brain would ring a chime
Of whence it came and what it caused, to start
Thunders of laughter, clearing air and heart.

George Meredith

DIRGE IN WOODS

A WIND sways the pines,
And below
Not a breath of wild air ;
Still as the mosses that glow
On the flooring and over the lines
Of the roots here and there.
The pine-tree drops its dead ;
They are quiet, as under the sea.
Overhead, overhead
Rushes life in a race,
As the clouds the clouds chase ;
And we go,
And we drop like the fruits of the tree,
Even we,
Even so.

George Meredith

MARIAN

SHE can be as wise as we,
And wiser when she wishes ;
She can knit with cunning wit,
And dress the homely dishes.
She can flourish staff or pen,
And deal a wound that lingers ;
She can talk the talk of men,
And touch with thrilling fingers.

II

Match her ye across the sea,
Natures fond and fiery ;
Ye who zest the turtle's nest
With the eagle's cyrie.
Soft and loving is her soul,
Swift and lofty soaring ;
Mixing with its dove-like dole
Passionate adoring.

III

Such a she who'll match with me ?
In flying or pursuing,
Subtle wiles are in her smiles
To set the world a-wooing.
She is steadfast as a star,
And yet the maddest maiden :
She can wage a gallant war,
And give the peace of Eden.

George Meredith

THE FARMER'S BRIDE

THREE Summers since I chose a maid,
Too young maybe—but more's to do
At harvest-time than bide and woo.

When us was wed she turned afraid
Of love and me and all things human ;
Like the shut of a winter's day.
Her smile went out, and 'twasn't a woman—
More like a little frightened fay.

One night, in the Fall, she runned away.

“ Out 'mong the sheep, her be,” they said,
'Should properly have been abed ;
But sure enough she wasn't there
Lying awake with her wide brown stare.
So over seven-acre field and up-along across the down
We chased her, flying like a hare
Before our lanterns. To Church-Town
All in a shiver and a scare
We caught her, fetched her home at last
And turned the key upon her, fast.

She does the work about the house
As well as most, but like a mouse :
Happy enough to chat and play
With birds and rabbits and such as they,
So long as men-folk keep away
“ Not near, not near ! ” her eyes beseech
When one of us comes within reach.
The women say that beasts in stall
Look round like children at her call.
I've hardly heard her speak at all.

Shy as a leveret, swift as he,
Straight and slight as a young larch tree,
Sweet as the first wild violets, she,
To her wild self. But what to me ?

The short days shorten and the oaks are brown,
The blue smoke rises to the low grey sky,
One leaf in the still air falls slowly down,
A magpie's spotted feathers lie
On the black earth spread white with rime,
The berries redden up to Christmas-time.
What's Christmas time without there be
Some other in the house than we !

She sleeps up in the attic there
Alone, poor maid. 'Tis but a stair
Betwixt us. Oh ! my God ! the down,
The soft young down of her, the brown,
The brown of her—her eyes, her hair, her hair !

Charlotte Mew

THE CHANGELING

TOLL no bell for me, dear Father, dear Mother,
Waste no sighs ;
There are my sisters, there is my little brother
Who plays in the place called Paradise,
Your children all, your children for ever ;
But I, so wild,
Your disgrace, with the queer brown face, was
never,
Never, I know, but half your child !
In the garden at play, all day, last summer,
Far and away I heard
The sweet " tweet-tweet " of a strange new-comer,
The dearest, clearest call of a bird.

It lived down there in the deep green hollow,
My own old home, and the fairies say
The word of a bird is a thing to follow,
So I was away a night and a day.

One evening, too, by the nursery fire,
We snuggled close and sat round so still,
When suddenly as the wind blew higher,
Something scratched on the window-sill.
A pinched brown face peered in—I shivered ;
No one listened or seemed to see ;
The arms of it waved and the wings of it quivered,
Whoo—I knew it had come for me !
Some are as bad as bad can be !
All night long they danced in the rain,
Round and round in a dripping chain,
Threw their caps at the window-pane,
Tried to make me scream and shout
And fling the bedclothes all about :
I meant to stay in bed that night,
And if only you had left a light
They would never have got me out !

Sometimes I wouldn't speak, you see,
Or answer when you spoke to me,
Because in the long, still dusks of Spring
You can hear the whole world whispering ;
The shy green grasses making love,
The feathers grow on the dear grey dove,
The tiny heart of the redstart beat,
The patter of the squirrel's feet,
The pebbles pushing in the silver streams,
The rushes talking in their dreams,
The swish-swish of the bat's black wings,
The wild-wood bluebell's sweet ting-tings,

Humming and hammering at your car,
Everything there is to hear
In the heart of hidden things.
But not in the midst of the nursery riot,
That's why I wanted to be quiet,
Couldn't do my sums, or sing,
Or settle down to anything.
And when, for that, I was sent upstairs
I *did* kneel down to say my prayers ;
But the King who sits on your high church steeple
Has nothing to do with us fairy people !

'Times I pleased you, dear Father, dear Mother,
Learned all my lessons and liked to play,
And dearly I loved the little pale brother
Whom some other bird must have called away.
Why did they bring me here to make me
Not quite bad and not quite good,
Why, unless They're wicked, do They want, in
spite, to take me
Back to Their wet, wild wood ?
Now, every night I shall see the windows shining,
The gold lamp's glow, and the fire's red gleam,
While the best of us are twining twigs and the rest
of us are whining
In the hollow by the stream.
Black and chill are Their nights on the wold
And They live so long and They feel no pain :
I shall grow up, but never grow old,
I shall always, always be very cold,
I shall never come back again !

Charlotte Mew

CHRIST IN THE UNIVERSE

WITH this ambiguous earth
His dealings have been told us. These abide :
The signal to a maid, the human birth,
The lesson, and the young Man crucified.

But not a star of all
The innumerable host of stars has heard
How He administered this terrestrial ball.
Our race have kept their Lord's entrusted Word.

Of His earth-visiting feet
None knows the secret—cherished, perilous ;
The terrible, shamefast, frightened, whispered,
sweet,
Heart-shattering secret of His way with us.

No planet knows that this
Our wayside planet, carrying land and wave,
Love and life multiplied, and pain and bliss,
Bears as chief treasure one forsaken grave.

Nor, in our little day,
May His devices with the heavens be guessed ;
His pilgrimage to thread the Milky Way,
Or His bestowals there, be manifest.

But in the eternities
Doubtless we shall compare together, hear
A million alien gospels, in what guise
He trod the Pleiades, the Lyre, the Bear.

Oh be prepared, my soul,
To read the inconceivable, to scan
The infinite forms of God those stars unroll
When, in our turn, we show to them a Man.

Alice Meynell

“ I AM THE WAY ”

THOU art the Way.
Hadst Thou been nothing but the goal,
I cannot say
If Thou hadst ever met my soul.

I cannot see—
I, child of process—if there lies
An end for me,
Full of repose, full of replies.

I'll not reproach
The road that winds, my feet that err.
Access, approach
Art Thou, Time, Way, and Wayfarer.

Alice Meynell

AT NIGHT

To W. M.

HOME, home from the horizon far and clear,
Hither the soft wings sweep ;
Flocks of the memories of the day draw near
The dovecote doors of sleep.

Oh, which are they that come through sweetest
light
Of all these homing birds ?
Which with the straightest and the swiftest flight ?
Your words to me, your words !

Alice Meynell

ON A DEAD CHILD

MAN proposes, God in His time disposes,
And so I wander'd up to where you lay,
A little rose among the little roses,
And no more dead than they.

It seemed your childish feet were tired of stray-
ing,
You did not greet me from your flower-strewn
bed,
Yet still I knew that you were only playing—
Playing at being dead.

I might have thought that you were really sleeping,
So quiet lay your eyelids to the sky,
So still your hair, but surely you were peeping ;
And so I did not cry.

God knows, and in His proper time disposes,
And so I smiled and gently called your name,
Added my rose to your sweet heap of roses,
And left you to your game.

Richard Middleton

CHILDREN OF LOVE

THE holy boy
Went from his mother out in the cool of the day
Over the sun-parched fields
And in among the olives shining green and shining
grey.

There was no sound,
No smallest voice of any shivering stream.
Poor sinless little boy,
He desired to play and to sing ; he could only sigh
and dream.

Suddenly came
Running along to him naked, with curly hair,
That rogue of the lovely world,
That other beautiful child whom the virgin Venus
bare.

The holy boy
Gazed with those sad blue eyes that all men know.
Impudent Cupid stood
Panting, holding an arrow and pointing his bow.

(" Will you not play ?
Jesus, run to him, run to him, swift for our joy.
Is he not holy, like you ?
Are you afraid of his arrows, O beautiful dreaming
boy ? ")

And now they stand
Watching one another with timid gaze ;
Youth has met youth in the wood,
But holiness will not change its melancholy ways.

Cupid at last
Draws his bow and softly lets fly a dart.
Smile for a moment, sad world !—
It has grazed the white skin and drawn blood from
the sorrowful heart.

Now, for delight,
Cupid tosses his locks and goes wantonly near ;

But the child that was born to the cross
Has let fall on his cheek, for the sadness of life, a
 compassionate tear.

Marvellous dream !

Cupid has offered his arrows for Jesus to try ;
He has offered his bow for the game.
But Jesus went weeping away, and left him there
 wondering why.

Harold Monro

SOLITUDE

WHEN you have tidied all things for the night,
 And while your thoughts are fading to their
 sleep,
You'll pause a moment in the late firelight,
 Too sorrowful to weep.

The large and gentle furniture has stood
 In sympathetic silence all the day
With that old kindness of domestic wood ;
 Nevertheless the haunted room will say :
 " Some one must be away."

The little dog rolls over half awake,
 Stretches his paws, yawns, looking up at you,
Wags his tail very slightly for your sake,
 That you may feel he is unhappy too

A distant engine whistles, or the floor
Creaks, or the wandering night-wind bangs a door

Silence is scattered like a broken glass.

The minutes prick their ears and run about,
Then one by one subside again and pass
Sedately in, monotonously out.

You bend your head and wipe away a tear.
Solitude walks one heavy step more near.

Harold Monro

MILK FOR THE CAT

WHEN the tea is brought at five o'clock,
And all the neat curtains are drawn with care
The little black cat with bright green eyes
Is suddenly purring there.

At first she pretends, having nothing to do,
She has come in merely to blink by the grate;
But, though tea may be late or the milk may be sour,
She is never late.

And presently her agate eyes
Take a soft large milky haze,
And her independent, casual glance
Becomes a stiff, hard gaze.

Then she stamps her claws or lifts her ears,
Or twists her tail or begins to stir,
Till suddenly all her lithe body becomes
One breathing, trembling purr.

The children eat and wriggle and laugh,
The two old ladies stroke their silk;
But the cat is grown small and thin with desire,
Transformed to a creeping lust for milk.

The white saucer like some full moon descends
At last from the clouds of the table above ;
She sighs and dreams and thrills and glows,
Transfigured with love.

She nestles over the shining rim,
Buries her chin in the creamy sea ;
Her tail hangs loose ; each drowsy paw
Is doubled under each bending knee.

A long, dim ecstasy holds her life ;
Her world is an infinite shapeless white,
Till her tongue has curled the last holy drop,
Then she sinks back into the night,

Draws and dips her body to heap
Her sleepy nerves in the great arm-chair,
Lies defeated and buried deep
Three or four hours unconscious there.

Harold Monro

A DUET

“ FLOWERS nodding gaily, scent in air,
Flowers posied, flowers for the hair,
Sleepy flowers, flowers bold to stare—”
“ O pick me some ! ”

“ Shells with lip, or tooth, or bleeding gum,
Tell-tale shells, and shells that whisper *Come*,
Shells that stammer, blush, and yet are dumb—”
“ O let me hear ! ”

“ Eyes so black they draw one trembling near,
Brown eyes, caverns flooded with a tear,
Cloudless eyes, blue eyes so windy clear—”

“ O look at me ! ”

“ Kisses sadly blown across the sea,
Darkling kisses, kisses fair and free,
Bob-a-cherry kisses 'neath a tree—”

“ O give me one ! ”

Thus sang a king and queen in Babylon.

T. Sturge Moore

TO IDLENESS

O IDLENESS, too fond of me,
Begone, I know and hate thee !
Nothing canst thou of pleasure see
In one that so doth rate thee ;

For empty are both mind and heart
While thou with me dost linger ;
More profit would to thee impart
A babe that sucks its finger.

I know thou hast a better way
To spend these hours thou squand'rest ;
Some lad toils in the trough to-day
Who groans because thou wand'rest ;

A bleating sheep he dowses now
Or wrestles with ram's terror ;
Ah, 'mid the washing's hubbub, how
His sighs reproach thine error !

He knows and loves thee, Idleness ;
For when his sheep are browsing,
His open eyes enchant and bless
A mind divinely drowsing ;

No slave to sleep, he wills and sees
From hill-lawns the brown tillage ;
Green winding lanes and clumps of trees,
Far town or nearer village,

The sea itself ; the fishing fleet
Where more, thine idle lovers,
Heark'ning to sea-mews find thee sweet
Like him who hears the plovers.

Begone ; those haul their ropes at sea,
These plunge sheep in yon river :
Free, free from toil thy friends, and me
From Idleness deliver !

T. Sturge Moore

KINDNESS

Of the beauty of kindness I speak,
Of a smile, of a charm
On the face it is pleasure to meet,
That gives no alarm !

Of the soul that absorbeth itself
In discovering good,
Of that power which outlasts health,
As the spell of a wood

Outlasts the sad fall of the leaves,
And in winter is fine,
And from snow and from frost receives
A garment divine.

Oh ! well may the lark sing of this,
As through rents of huge cloud
It breaks on blue gulfs that are bliss,
For they make its heart proud

With the power of wings deployed
In delightfulest air,
Yea, thus among things enjoyed
Is kindness rare.

For even the weak with surprise
Spread wings, utter song,
They can launch—in this blue they can rise,
In this kindness are strong,—

They can launch like a ship into calm,
Which was penn'd up by storm,
Which sails for the islands of balm
Luxuriant and warm.

T. Sturge Moore

THAT LAND

Would that I might live for ever
Where those who make me happy dwell !
Desire doeth excellently well,
Now, wooing me :
For, oh, she never
Nameth any other place !
There ease weds grace ;
There thought is free,
Born like a smile upon the face,
Expressed as simply as a child
Kisseth its playmate, laughing gaily ;

There, there, the courteous, joyous, mild
Train life to beauty daily,

There thought is free ; for life is bound
Religiously, and sings while serving ;
No inner echoes counsel swerving,
All strengthen life,
Till sought be found ;
Old valours rise to share
Ordeals there ;
Near, like a wife,
Stands effort's outcome bodied fair,
Not fettered with dead thoughts, not fainting
Because the night-mare world hath lain
Athwart her hopes, but love acquainting
With beauty ever again.

Ever again and again
Filling the eyes of our child
With the milk of paradise,—
Of which the soul is fain,
For which the heart is wild,
And tears are in the eyes :
Ah ! that milk of paradise
Is happiness,
Is power to bless ;
What balmy air to halcyon's wing
That power to those who make me glad is :
To bind my life, in bonds to sing,
The way such freedom may be had is ;—
The way to gain the power to bless,
The one way to win happiness.

T. Sturge Moore

TO EXILES

ARE you not weary in your distant places,
Far, far from Scotland of the mist and storm,
In drowsy airs, the sun-smite on your faces,
The days so long and warm ?
When all around you lie the strange fields sleeping,
The dreary woods where no fond memories roam,
Do not your sad hearts over seas come leaping
To the highlands and the lowlands of your Home ?

Wild cries the Winter, loud through all our valleys
The midnights roar, the grey noons echo back ;
About the scalloped coasts the eager galleys
Beat for kind harbours from horizons black ;
We tread the miry roads, the rain-drenched hea-
ther,
We are the men, we battle, we endure !
God's pity for you people in your weather
Of swooning winds, calm seas, and skies demure !

Wild cries the Winter, and we walk song-haunted
Over the hills and by the thundering falls,
Or where the dirge of a brave past is chaunted
In dolorous dusks by immemorial walls.
Though rains may beat us and the great mists
blind us,
And lightning rend the pine-tree on the hill,
Yet are we strong, yet shall the morning find us
Children of tempest all unshaken still.

We wander where the little grey towns cluster
Deep in the hills, or selvedging the sea,

By farm-lands lone, by woods where wildfowl
muster

To shelter from the day's inclemency ;
And night will come, and then far through the
darkling,

A light will shine out in the sounding glen,
And it will mind us of some fond eye's sparkling,
And we'll be happy then.

Let torrents pour then, let the great winds rally,
Snow-silence fall or lightning blast the pine ;
That light of Home shines warmly in the valley,
And, exiled son of Scotland, it is thine.

Far have you wandered over seas of longing,
And now you drowse, and now you well may weep,
When all the recollections come a-thronging
Of this old country where your fathers sleep.

They sleep, but still the hearth is warmly glowing
While the wild Winter blusters round their land ;
That light of Home, the wind so bitter blowing—
Look, look and listen, do you understand ?
Love, strength, and tempest—oh, come back and
share them !

Here is the cottage, here the open door ;
Fond are our hearts although we do not bare them,—
They're yours, and you are ours for evermore.

Neil Munro

CLIFTON CHAPEL

THIS is the Chapel : here, my son,
Your father thought the thoughts of youth,
And heard the words that one by one
The touch of Life has turned to truth.

Here in a day that is not far

You too may speak with noble ghosts
Of manhood and the vows of war

You made before the Lord of Hosts.

To set the cause above renown,

To love the game beyond the prize,
To honour, while you strike him down,

The foe that comes with fearless eyes ;
To count the life of battle good, .

And dear the land that gave you birth,
And dearer yet the brotherhood

That binds the brave of all the earth—

My son, the oath is yours : the end

Is His, Who built the world of strife,
Who gave His children Pain for friend,
And Death for surest hope of life.

To-day and here the fight's begun,
Of the great fellowship you're free ;
Henceforth the School and you are one,
And what You are, the race shall be.

God send you fortune : yet be sure,

Among the lights that gleam and pass,
You'll live to follow none more pure
Than that which glows on yonder brass

“ *Qui procul hinc,*” the legend's writ,—
The frontier-grave is far away—

“ *Qui ante diem perit :*
Sed miles, sed pro patria.”

Henry Newbolt

HE FELL AMONG THIEVES

"YE have robb'd," said he, "ye have slaughter'd
and made an end,

Take your ill-got plunder, and bury the dead :
What will ye more of your guest and sometime
friend ? "

"Blood for our blood," they said.

He laugh'd : " If one may settle the score for five,
I am ready ; but let the reckoning stand till day :
I have loved the sunlight as dearly as any alive."

"You shall die at dawn," said they.

He flung his empty revolver down the slope,
He climb'd alone to the Eastward edge of the
trees ;

All night long in a dream untroubled of hope
He brooded, clasping his knees.

He did not hear the monotonous roar that fills
The ravine where the Yassin river sullenly flows ;
He did not see the starlight on the Laspur hills,
Or the far Afghan snows.

He saw the April noon on his books aglow,
The wistaria trailing in at the window wide ;
He heard his father's voice from the terrace below
Calling him down to ride.

He saw the gray little church across the park,
The mounds that hid the loved and honour'd
dead ;
The Norman arch, the chancel softly dark,
The brasses black and red.

He saw the School Close, sunny and green,
The runner beside him, the stand by the parapet
wall,
The distant tape, and the crowd roaring between,
His own name over all.

He saw the dark wainscot and timber'd roof,
The long tables, and the faces merry and keen,
The College Eight and their trainer dining aloof,
The Dons on the daïs serene.

He watch'd the liner's stem ploughing the foam,
He felt her trembling speed and the thrash of
her screw ;
He heard the passengers' voices talking of home,
He saw the flag she flew.

And now it was dawn. He rose strong on his feet,
And strode to his ruin'd camp below the woods
He drank the breath of the morning cool and sweet,
His murderers round him stood.

Light on the Laspur hills was broadening fast,
The blood-red snow-peaks chill'd to a dazzling
white ;
He turn'd, and saw the golden circle at last,
Cut by the Eastern height.

“ O glorious Life, Who dwellest in earth and sun,
I have lived, I praise and adore thee.” A sword
swept.
Over the pass the voices one by one
Faded, and the hill slept.

Henry Newbolt

BATTERY MOVING UP TO A NEW POSITION
FROM REST CAMP : DAWN

Not a sign of life we rouse
In any square close-shuttered house
That flanks the road we amble down
Toward far trenches through the town.

The dark, snow-slushy, empty street.
Tingle of frost in brow and feet. . . .
Horse-breath goes dimly up like smoke.
No sound but the smacking stroke

Of a sergeant who flings each arm
Out and across to keep him warm,
And the sudden splashing crack
Of ice-pools broken by our track.

More dark houses, yet no sign
Of life. . . . An axle's creak and whine. . . .
The splash of hooves, the strain of trace. . . .
Clatter : we cross the market place

Deep quiet again, and on we lurch
Under the shadow of a church :
Its tower ascends, fog-wreathed and grim ;
Within its aisles a light burns dim. . . .

When, marvellous ! from overhead,
Like abrupt speech of one deemed dead,
Speech-moved by some Superior Will,
A bell tolls thrice and then is still.

And suddenly I know that now
The priest within, with shining brow,
Lifts high the small round of the Host.
The server's tinkling bell is lost

In clash of the greater overhead.
Peace like a wave descends, is spread,
While watch the peasants' reverent eyes . . .
The bell's boom trembles, hangs, and dies.

O people who bow down to see
The Miracle of Calvary,
The bitter and the glorious,
Bow down, bow down and pray for us.

Once more our anguished way we take
Toward our Golgotha, to make
For all our lovers sacrifice.
Again the troubled bell tolls thrice.

And slowly, slowly, lifted up
Dazzles the overflowing cup.
O worshipping, fond multitude,
Remember us too, and our blood.

Turn hearts to us as we go by,
Salute those about to die,
Plead for them, the deep bell toll :
Their sacrifice must soon be whole.

Entreat you for such hearts as break
With the premonitory ache
Of bodies, whose feet, hands, and side,
Must soon be torn, pierced, crucified.

Sue for them and all of us
Who the world over suffer thus,
Who have scarce time for prayer indeed,
Who only march and die and bleed.

.

The town is left, the road leads on,
Bluely glaring in the sun,
Toward where in the sunrise gate
Death, honour, and fierce battle wait.

Robert Nichols

THE TOWER

It was deep night, and over Jerusalem's low roofs
The moon floated, drifting through high vaporous
woofs.

The moonlight crept and glistened silent, solemn,
sweet,

Over dome and column, up empty, endless street ;
In the closed, scented gardens the rose loosed from
the stem

Her white showery petals ; none regarded them ;
The starry thicket breathed odours to the sentinel
palm ;

Silence possessed the city like a soul possessed by
calm.

Not a spark in the warren under the giant night,
Save where in a turret's lantern beamed a grave,
still light ;

There in the topmost chamber a gold-eyed lamp
was lit—

Marvellous lamp in darkness, informing, redeeming
it !

For, set in that tiny chamber, Jesus, the blessed and
doomed,
Spoke to the lone apostles as light to men entombed ;
And spreading His hands in blessing, as one soon to
be dead,
He put soft enchantment into spare wine and bread.

The hearts of the disciples were broken and full of
tears,
Because their lord, the spearless, was hedged about
with spears ;
And in His face the sickness of departure had spread
a gloom,
At leaving His young friends friendless.

They could not forget the tomb.
He smiled subduedly, telling, in tones soft as voice
of the dove
The endlessness of sorrow, the eternal solace of love ;
And lifting the earthly tokens, wine and sorrowful
bread,
He bade them sup and remember One who lived and
was dead ;
And they could not restrain their weeping.

But one rose up to depart,
Having weakness and hate of weakness raging within
his heart,
And bowed to the robed assembly whose eyes
gleamed wet in the light.
Judas arose and departed : night went out to the
night.

Then Jesus lifted His voice like a fountain in an
ocean of tears,
And comforted His disciples and calmed and allayed
their fears.

But Judas wound down the turret, creeping from
floor to floor,
And would fly ; but one leaning, weeping, barred
him beside the door.
And he knew her by her ruddy garment and two
yet-watching men :

Mary of Seven Evils, Mary Magdalen.

And he was frightened at her. She sighed : " I
dreamed him dead.

We sell the body for silver. . . ."

Then Judas cried out and fled
Forth into the night ! . . . The moon had begun
to set :

A drear, deft wind went sifting, setting the dust
afret ;

Into the heart of the city Judas ran on and prayed
To stern Jehovah lest his deed make him afraid.

But in the tiny lantern, hanging as if on air,
The disciples sat unspeaking. Amaze and peace
were there.

For *His* voice, more lovely than song of all earthly
birds,

In accents humble and happy spoke slow, consoling
words.

Thus Jesus discoursed, and was silent, sitting up-
right, and soon

Past the casement behind Him slanted the sinking
moon ;

And, rising for Olivet, all stared, between love and
dread,

Seeing the torrid moon a ruddy halo behind his head.

Robert Nichols

THE ELFIN ARTIST

IN a glade of an elfin forest

When Sussex was Eden-new,

I came on an elvish painter

And watched as his picture grew,

A harebell nodded beside him.

He dipt his brush in the dew.

And it might be the wild thyme round him

That shone in that dark strange ring ;

But his brushes were bees' antennae,

His knife was a wasp's blue sting ;

And his gorgeous exquisite palette

Was a butterfly's fan-shaped wing.

And he mingled its powdery colours,

And painted the lights that pass,

On a delicate cobweb canvas

That gleamed like a magic glass,

And bloomed like a banner of elf-land,

Between two stalks of grass ;

Till it shone like an angel's feather

With sky-born opal and rose,

And gold from the foot of the rainbow,

And colours that no man knows ;

And I laughed in the sweet May weather,

Because of the themes he chose.

For he painted the things that matter,

The tints that we all pass by,

Like the little blue wreaths of incense

That the wild thyme breathes to the sky ;

Or the first white bud of the hawthorn,

And the light in a blackbird's eye ;

And the shadows on soft white cloud-peaks
That carolling skylarks throw,—
Dark dots on the slumbering splendours
That under the wild wings flow,
Wee shadows like violets trembling
On the unseen breasts of snow ;

With petals too lovely for colour
That shake to the rapturous wings,
- And grow as the bird draws near them,
And die as he mounts and sings,—
Ah, only those exquisite brushes
Could paint these marvellous things.
Alfred Noyes

A GRACE FOR LIGHT

WHEN we were little childer we had a quare wee
house,
Away up in the heather by the head o' Brabla'
burn ;
The hares we'd see them scootin', an' we'd hear the
crowin' grouse,
An' when we'd all be in at night ye'd not get
room to turn.

The youngest two She'd put to bed, their faces to
the wall,
An' the lave of us could sit aroun', just anywhere
we might ;
Herself 'ud take the rush-dip an' light it for us all,
An' " *God be thankèd !*" she would say, " *Now,
we have a light.*"

Then we be to quet the laughin' an' pushin' on the
floor,
An' think on One who called us to come and be
forgiven ;
Himself 'ud put his pipe down, an' say the good
word more,
“ *May the Lamb o' God lead us all to the Light o'
Heaven !* ”

There's a wheen things that used to be an' now has
had their day,
The nine glens of Antrim can show ye many a
sight ;
But not the quare wee house where we lived up
Brabla' way,
Nor a child in all the nine Glens that knows the
grace for light.

Moir a O'Neill

CORRYMEELA

OVER here in England I'm helpin' wi' the hay,
An' I wisht I was in Ireland the livelong day ;
Weary on the English hay, an' sorra take the wheat
Och ! Corrymeela an' the blue sky over it.

There' a deep dumb river flowin' by beyont the
heavy trees,
This livin' air is moithered wi' the bummin' o' the
bees ;
I wisht I'd hear the Claddagh burn go runnin'
through the heat
Past Corrymeela, wi' the blue sky over it.

The people that's in England is richer nor the Jews,
There's not the smallest young gossoon but thravels
in his shoes !

I'd give the pipe between me teeth to see a barefut
child,

Och ! Corrymeela an' the low south wind.

Here's hands so full o' money an' hearts so full o'
care,

By the luck o' love ! I'd still go light for all I did
go bare.

" God save ye, *colleen dhas*," I said : the girl she
thought me wild.

Far Corrymeela, an' the low south wind.

D'ye mind me now, the song at night is mortal
hard to raise,

The girls are heavy goin' here, the boys are ill to
plase ;

When one'st I'm out this workin' hive, 'tis I'll be
back again—

Ay, Corrymeela, in the same soft rain.

The puff o' smoke from one ould roof before an
English town !

For a shaugh wid Andy Feelan here I'd give a silver
crown,

For a curl o' hair like Mollie's ye'll ask the like in
vain,

Sweet Corrymeela, an' the same soft rain.

Moira O'Neill

A PIPER

A PIPER in the streets to-day
Set up, and tuned, and started to play,
And away, away, away on the tide
Of his music we started ; on every side
Doors and windows were opened wide,
And men left down their work and came,
And women with petticoats coloured like flame.
And little bare feet that were blue with cold,
Went dancing back to the age of gold,
And all the world went gay, went gay,
For half an hour in the street to-day.

Seumas O'Sullivan

MINERS

THERE was a whispering in my hearth,
A sigh of the coal,
Grown wistful of a former earth
It might recall.

I listened for a tale of leaves
And smothered ferns,
Fronde-forests, and the low sly lives
Before the fawns.

My fire might show steam-phantoms simmer
From Time's old cauldron,
Before the birds made nests in summer,
Or men had children.

But the coals were murmuring of their mine,
And moans down there
Of boys that slept wry sleep, and men
Writhing for air.

I saw white bones in the cinder-shard,
Bones without number.
For many hearts with coal are charred,
And few remember.
I thought of all that worked dark pits
Of war, and died
Digging the rock where Death reposes
Peace lies indeed :
Comforted years will sit soft-chaired,
In rooms of amber,
The years will stretch their hands, well-cheered
By our life's ember ;
The centuries will burn rich loads
With which we groaned,
Whose warmth shall lull their dreaming lids,
While songs are crooned ;
But they will not dream of us poor lads
Lost in the ground.

Wilfred Owen

GREATER LOVE

" RED lips are not so red
As the stained stones kissed by the English dead
Kindness of wooed and wooer
Seems shame to their love pure.
O love, your eyes lose lure
When I behold eyes blinded in my stead !
" Your slender attitude
Trembles not exquisite like limbs knife-skewed,
Rolling and rolling there
Where God seems not to care ;
Till the fierce love they bear
Cramps them in death's extreme decrepitude.

“Your voice sings not so soft,—
Though even as wind murmuring through
raftered loft,—
Your dear voice is not dear,
Gentle, and evening clear,
As theirs whom none now hear
Now earth has stopped their piteous mouths
that coughed.
“Heart, you were never hot,
Nor large, nor full like hearts made great with shot ;
And though your hand be pale,
Paler are all which trail
Your cross through flame and hail :
Weep, you may weep, for you may touch them
not.”

Wilfred Owen

ANTHEM FOR DOOMED YOUTH

“WHAT passing-bells for these who died as cattle ?
Only the monstrous anger of the guns.
Only the stuttering rifles’ rapid rattle
Can patter out their hasty orisons.
No mockeries for them ; no prayers or bells,
Nor any voice of mourning save the choirs,—
The shrill demented choirs of wailing shells ;
And bugles calling for them from sad shires.
“What candles may be held to speed them all ?
Not in the hands of boys, but in their eyes
Shall shine the holy glimmers of good-byes.
The pallor of girls’ brows shall be their pall ;
Their flowers the tenderness of patient minds,
And each slow dusk a drawing-down of blinds.”

Wilfred Owen

UPON ECKINGTON BRIDGE, RIVER AVON

O PASTORAL heart of England ! like a psalm
Of green days telling with a quiet beat—
O wave into the sunset flowing calm !
O tirèd lark descending on the wheat !
Lies it all peace beyond that western fold
Where now the lingering shepherd sees his star
Rise upon Malvern ? Paints an Age of Gold
Yon cloud with prophecies of linkèd ease—
Lulling this Land, with hills drawn up like
knees,
To drowse beside her implements of war ?

Man shall outlast his battles. They have swept
Avon from Naseby Field to Severn Ham ;
And Evesham's dedicated stones have stepp'd
Down to the dust with Montfort's oriflamme.
Nor the red tear nor the reflected tower
Abides ; but yet these elegant grooves remain,
Worn in the sandstone parapet hour by hour
By labouring bargemen where they shifted ropes
E'en so shall man turn back from violent hopes
To Adam's cheer, and toil with spade again.

Ay, and his mother Nature, to whose lap
Like a repentant child at length he hies,
Nor in the whirlwind or the thunder-clap
Proclaims her more tremendous mysteries :
But when in winter's grave, bereft of light,
With still, small voice divinelier whispering
—Lifting the green head of the aconite,
Feeding with sap of hope the hazel-shoot—
She feels God's finger active at the root,
Turns in her sleep, and murmurs of the Spring.

A. T. Quiller-Couch

PLYMOUTH

Composed at dawn in the Bay of Naples

OH ! what know they of harbours
Who toss not on the sea ?
They tell of fairer havens,
But none so fair there be .

As Plymouth town outstretching
Her quiet arms to me,
Her breast's broad welcome spreading
From Mewstone to Penlee.

And with this home-thought, darling,
Come crowding thoughts of thee ;
Oh ! what know they of harbours
Who toss not on the sea ?

Ernest Radford

A CONCERT PARTY

(EGYPTIAN BASE CAMP)

THEY are gathering round . . .
Out of the twilight ; over the grey-blue sand
Shoals of low-jargoning men drift inward to the
sound—
The jangle and throb of a piano . . . tum-ti-tum. . . .
Drawn by a lamp, they come
Out of the glimmering lines of their tents, over the
shuffling sand.

O sing us the songs, the songs of our own land,
You warbling ladies in white.
Dimness conceals the hunger in our faces,
This wall of faces risen out of the night,
These eyes that keep their memories of the places
So long beyond their sight.
Jaded and gay, the ladies sing ; and the chap in
brown
Tilts his grey hat ; jaunty and lean and pale,
He rattles the keys. . . . Some actor-bloke from
town . . .
God send you home ; and then A long, long trail ;
I hear you calling me ; and Dixieland. . .
Sing slowly . . . now the chorus . . . one by one
We hear them, drink them ; till the concert's done.
Silent, I watch the shadowy mass of soldiers stand.
Silent, they drift away over the glimmering sand.
Kantara, April, 1918. *Siegfried Sassoon*

EVERYONE SANG

EVERYONE suddenly burst out singing ;
And I was filled with such delight
As prisoned birds must find in freedom,
Winging wildly across the white
Orchards and dark-green fields ; on—on—and out
of sight.
Everyone's voice was suddenly lifted ;
And beauty came like the setting sun :
My heart was shaken with tears ; and horror
Drifted away . . . O, but Everyone
Was a bird ; and the song was wordless ; the
singing will never be done.
Siegfried Sassoon

THE DUG-OUT

WHY do you lie with your legs ungainly huddled,
And one arm bent across your sullen cold
Exhausted face ? It hurts my heart to watch you,
Deep-shadow'd from the candle's guttering gold ;
And you wonder why I shake you by the shoulder ;
Drowsy, you mumble and sigh and turn your head.
*You are too young to fall asleep for ever ;
And when you sleep you remind me of the dead.*

Siegfried Sassoon

A NIGHT-PIECE

TO ARTHUR GEDDES

COME out and walk. The last few drops of light
Drain silently out of the cloudy blue ;
The trees are full of the dark-stooping night,
The fields are wet with dew.

All's quiet in the wood, but, far away,
Down the hillside and out across the plain,
Moves, with long trail of white that marks its way,
The softly panting train.

Come through the clearing. Hardly now we see
The flowers, save dark or light against the grass,
Or glimmering silver on a scented tree
That trembles as we pass.

Hark now ! So far, so far . . . that distant
song . . .
Move not the rustling grasses with your feet.
The dusk is full of sounds, that all along
The muttering boughs repeat.

So far, so faint, we lift our heads in doubt.
Wind, or the blood that beats within our ears,
Has feigned a dubious and delusive note,
Such as a dreamer hears.

Again . . . again ! The faint sounds rise and fail.
So far the enchanted tree, the song so low . . .
A drowsy thrush ? A waking nightingale ?
Silence. We do not know.

Edward Shanks

THE NEW GHOST

" And he, casting away his garment, rose and came to Jesus."

AND he cast it down, down, on the green grass,
Over the young crocuses, where the dew was—
He cast the garment of his flesh that was full of
death,
And like a sword his spirit showed out of the cold
sheath.

He went a pace or two, he went to meet his Lord,
And, as I said, his spirit looked like a clean sword,
And seeing him the naked trees began shivering,
And all the birds cried out aloud as it were late
spring,

And the Lord came on, He came down, and saw
That a soul was waiting there for Him, one without
flaw,
And they embraced in the churchyard where the
robins play,
And the daffodils hang down their heads, as they
burn away.

The Lord held his head fast, and you could see
That He kissed the unsheathed ghost that was gone
free—

As a hot sun, on a March day, kisses the cold ground ;
And the spirit answered, for he knew well that his
peace was found.

The spirit trembled, and sprang up at the Lord's
word—

As on a wild, April day springs a small bird—
So, the ghost's feet lifting him up, he kissed the
Lord's cheek,
And for the greatness of their love neither of them
could speak.

But the Lord went then, to show him the way,
Over the young crocuses, under the green may
That was not quite in flower yet—to a far-distant
land ;
And the ghost followed, like a naked cloud holding
the sun's hand.

Fredegond Shove

THE COMFORTERS

WHEN I crept over the hill, broken with tears,
When I crouched down on the grass, dumb in
despair,
I heard the soft croon of the wind bend to my ears,
I felt the light kiss of the wind touching my hair.

When I stood lone on the height my sorrow did
speak,

As I went down the hill, I cried and I cried,
The soft little hands of the rain stroking my cheek,
The kind little feet of the rain ran by my side.

When I went to thy grave, broken with tears,
 When I crouched down in the grass, dumb in
 despair,

I heard the sweet croon of the wind soft in my ears,
 I felt the kind lips of the wind touching my hair.

When I stood lone by thy cross, sorrow did speak
 When I went down the long hill, I cried and I
 cried,

Thę soft little hands of the rain stroked my pale
 cheek,

The kind little feet of the rain ran by my side.

Dora Sigerson

THE SONG OF THE UNGIRT RUNNERS

WE swing ungirded hips,
 And lightened are our eyes,
 The rain is on our lips,
 We do not run for prize.
 We know not whom we trust
 Nor whitherward we fare,
 But we run because we must
 Through the great wide air.

The waters of the seas
 Are troubled as by storm.
 The tempest strips the trees
 And does not leave them warm.
 Does the tearing tempest pause ?
 Do the tree-tops ask it why ?
 So we run without a cause
 'Neath the big bare sky.

The rain is on our lips,
 We do not run for prize.
 But the storm the water whips
 And the wave howls to the skies
 The winds arise and strike it
 And scatter it like sand,
 And we run because we like it
 Through the broad bright land.

Charles Hamilton Sorley

EXPECTANS EXPECTAVI

FROM morn to midnight, all day through,
 I laugh and play as others do,
 I sin and chatter, just the same
 As others with a different name.

And all year long upon the stage
 I dance and tumble and do rage
 So vehemently, I scarcely see
 The inner and eternal me.

I have a temple I do not
 Visit, a heart I have forgot,
 A self that I have never met,
 A secret shrine—and yet, and yet

This sanctuary of my soul
 Unwitting I keep white and whole,
 Unlatched and lit, if Thou should'st care
 To enter or to tarry there.

With parted lips and outstretched hands
 And listening ears Thy servant stands,
 Call Thou early, call Thou late,
 To Thy great service dedicate.

Charles Hamilton Sorley

THE SHIP

THERE was no song nor shout of joy
Nor beam of moon or sun,
When she came back from the voyage
Long ago begun ;
But twilight on the waters
Was quiet and grey,
And she glided steady, steady and pensive,
Over the open bay.

Her sails were brown and ragged,
And her crew hollow-eyed,
But their silent lips spoke content
And their shoulders pride ;
Though she had no captives on her deck,
And in her hold
There were no heaps of corn or timber
Or silks or gold.

J. C. Squire

WINTER NIGHTFALL

THE old yellow stucco
Of the time of the Regent
Is flaking and peeling :
The rows of square windows
In the straight yellow building
Are empty and still ;
And the dusty dark evergreens
Guarding the wicket
Are draped with wet cobwebs,
And above this poor wilderness
Toneless and sombre
Is the flat of the hill.

'They said that a colonel
Who long ago died here
Was the last one to live here :
An old retired colonel,
Some Fraser or Murray,
I don't know his name ;
Death came here and summoned him,
And the shells of him vanished
Beyond all speculation ;
And silence resumed here,
Silence and emptiness,
And nobody came.

Was it wet when he lived here,
Were the skies dun and hurrying,
Was the rain so irresolute ?
Did he watch the night coming,
Did he shiver at nightfall
Before he was dead ?
Did the wind go so creepily,
Chilly and puffing,
With drops of cold rain in it ?
Was the hill's lifted shoulder
So lowering and menacing,
So dark and so dread ?

Did he turn through his doorway
And go to his study,
And light many candles ?
And fold in the shutters,
And heap up the fireplace
To fight off the damp ?
And muse on his boyhood,
And wonder if India
Ever was real ?

And shut out the loneliness
With pig-sticking memoirs
And collections of stamps ?

Perhaps. But he's gone now,
He and his furniture
Dispersed now for ever ;
And the last of his trophies,
Antlers and photographs,
Heaven knows where.
And there's grass in his gateway,
Grass on his footpath,
Grass on his doorstep ;
The garden's grown over,
The well-chain is broken,
The windows are bare.

And I leave him behind me,
For the straggling, discoloured
Rags of the daylight,
And hills and stone walls
And a rick long forgotten
Of blackening hay :
The road pale and sticky,
And cart-ruts and nail marks,
And wind-ruffled puddles,
And the slop of my footsteps
In this desolate country's
Cadaverous clay.

J. C. Squire

TO A BULL-DOG

(W.H.S., CAPT. (ACTING MAJOR) R.F.A. ; *killed*
April 12, 1917)

WE shan't see Willy any more, Mamie,
He won't be coming any more :
He came back once and again and again,
But he won't get leave any more.

We looked from the window and there was his cab,
And we ran downstairs like a streak,
And he said "Hullo, you bad dog," and you
crouched to the floor,
Paralysed to hear him speak,

And then let fly at his face and his chest
Till I had to hold you down,
While he took off his cap and his gloves and his coat,
And his bag and his thonged Sam Browne.

We went upstairs to the studio,
The three of us, just as of old,
And you lay down and I sat and talked to him
As round the room he strolled

Here in this room where, years ago
Before the old life stopped,
He worked all day with his slippers and his pipe,
He would pick up the threads he'd dropped.

Fondling all the drawings he had left behind,
Glad to find them all still the same,
And opening the cupboards to look at his belongings
. . . Every time he came.

But now I know what a dog doesn't know,
Though you'll thrust your head on my knee,
And try to draw me from the absent-mindedness
That you find so dull in me.

And all your life you will never know
What I wouldn't tell you even if I could,
That the last time we waved him away
Willy went for good.

But sometimes as you lie on the hearthrug
Sleeping in the warmth of the stove,
Even through your muddled old canine brain
Shapes from the past may rove.

You'll scarcely remember, even in a dream,
How we brought home a silly little pup,
With a big square head and little crooked legs
That could scarcely bear him up ;

But your tail will tap at the memory
Of a man whose friend you were,
Who was always kind, though he called you a
naughty dog
When he found you on his chair ;

Who'd make you face a reproving finger
And solemnly lecture you
Till your head hung downwards and you looked
very sheepish !
And you'll dream of your triumphs too,

Of summer evening chases in the garden
When you dodged us all about with a bone :
We were three boys, and you were the cleverest ;
But now we're two alone.

When summer comes again,
And the long sunsets fade,
We shall have to go on playing the feeble game for
two
That since the war we've played.

And though you run expectant as you always do
To the uniforms we meet,
You'll never find Willy among all the soldiers
In even the longest street, •

Nor in any crowd ; yet, strange and bitter thought,
Even now were the old words said,
If I tried the old trick and said " Where's Willy ? "
You would quiver and lift your head,

And your brown eyes would look to ask if I were
serious,
And wait for the word to spring.
Sleep undisturbed : I shan't say *that* again,
You innocent old thing.

I must sit, not speaking, on the sofa,
While you lie asleep on the floor ;
For he's suffered a thing that dogs couldn't dream of,
And he won't be coming here any more.

J. C. Squire

IN THE POPPY FIELD

MAD Patsy said, he said to me,
That every morning he could see
An angel walking on the sky ;
Across the sunny skies of morn

He threw great handfuls far and nigh
Of poppy seed among the corn ;
And then, he said, the angels run
To see the poppies in the sun.

A poppy is a devil weed,
I said to him—he disagreed ;
He said the devil had no hand
In spreading flowers tall and fair
Through corn and rye and meadowland,
By garth and barrow everywhere :
The devil has not any flower,
But only money in his power.

And then he stretched out in the sun
And rolled upon his back for fun :
He kicked his legs and roared for joy
Because the sun was shining down,
He said he was a little boy
And would not work for any clown :
He ran and laughed behind a bee,
And danced for very ecstasy

James Stephens

THE SNARE

I HEAR a sudden cry of pain !
There is a rabbit in a snare :
Now I hear the cry again,
But I cannot tell from where.

But I cannot tell from where
He is calling out for aid ;
Crying on the frightened air,
Making everything afraid.

Making everything afraid,
Wrinkling up his little face,
As he cries again for aid ;
And I cannot find the place !

And I cannot find the place
Where his paw is in the snare :
Little one ! Oh, little one !
I am searching everywhere.

James Stephens.

THE GOAT PATHS

THE crooked paths go every way
Upon the hill—they wind about
Through the heather in and out
Of the quiet sunniness.
And there the goats, day after day,
Stray in sunny quietness,
Cropping here and cropping there,
As they pause and turn and pass,
Now a bit of heather spray,
Now a mouthful of the grass.

In the deeper sunniness,
In the place where nothing stirs,
Quietly in quietness,
In the quiet of the furze,
For a time they come and lie
Staring on the roving sky.

If you approach they run away,
They leap and stare, away they bound,
With a sudden angry sound,
To the sunny quietude ;

Crouching down where nothing stirs
In the silence of the furze,
Couching down again to brood
In the sunny solitude.

If I were as wise as they,
I would stray apart and brood,
I would beat a hidden way
Through the quiet heather spray
To a sunny solitude ;

And should you come I'd run away,
I would make an angry sound,
I would stare and turn and bound
To the deeper quietude,
To the place where nothing stirs
In the silence of the furze.

In that airy quietness
I would think as long as they ;
Through the quiet sunniness
I would stray away to brood
By a hidden beaten way
In a sunny solitude,

I would think until I found
Something I can never find,
Something lying on the ground,
In the bottom of my mind.

James Stephens

HATE

My enemy came nigh,
 And I
 Stared fiercely in his face.
 My lips went writhing back in a grimace,
 And stern I watched him with a narrow eye.
 Then, as I turned away, my enemy,
 That bitter heart and savage, said to me :
 "Some day, when this is past,
 When all the arrows that we have are cast,
 We may ask one another why we hate,
 And fail to find a story to relate.
 It may seem to us then a mystery
 That we could hate each other."

Thus said he,
 And did not turn away,
 Waiting to hear what I might have to say ;
 But I fled quickly, fearing if I stayed
 I might have kissed him as I would a maid.
James Stephens

THE HOUSE BEAUTIFUL

*A naked house, a naked moor,
 A shivering pool before the door,
 A garden bare of flowers and fruit
 And poplars at the garden foot :
 Such is the place that I live in,
 Bleak without and bare within.*

Yet shall your ragged moor receive
 The incomparable pomp of eve,
 And the cold glories of the dawn
 Behind your shivering trees be drawn ;

And when the wind from place to place
Doth the unmoored cloud-galleons chase,
Your garden gloom and gleam again,
With leaping sun, with glancing rain.
Here shall the wizard moon ascend
The heavens, in the crimson end
Of day's declining splendour ; here
The army of the stars appear.
The neighbour hollows dry or wet,
Spring shall with tender flowers beset ;
And oft the morning muser see
Larks rising from the broomy lea,
And every fairy wheel and thread
Of cobweb dew-bediamonded.
When daisies go, shall winter time
Silver the simple grass with rime ;
Autumnal frosts enchant the pool
And make the cart-ruts beautiful ;
And when snow-bright the moor expands,
How shall your children clap their hands !
To make this earth our hermitage,
A cheerful and a changeful page,
God's bright and intricate device
Of days and seasons doth suffice.

Robert Louis Stevenson

THE CELESTIAL SURGEON

IF I have faltered more or less
In my great task of happiness ;
If I have moved among my race
And shown no glorious morning face ;
If beams from happy human eyes
Have moved me not ; if morning skies,

Books, and my food, and summer rain
Knocked on my sullen heart in vain :—
Lord, thy most pointed pleasure take
And stab my spirit broad awake ;
Or, Lord, if too obdurate I,
Choose thou, before that spirit die,
A piercing pain, a killing sin,
And to my dead heart run them in !

Robert Louis Stevenson

“ HOME NO MORE HOME TO ME ”

HOME no more home to me, whither must I wander ?
Hunger my driver, I go where I must.
Cold blows the winter wind over hill and heather ;
Thick drives the rain, and my roof is in the dust.
Loved of wise men was the shade of my roof-tree.
The true word of welcome was spoken in the door—
Dear days of old, with the faces in the firelight,
Kind folks of old, you come again no more.

Home was home then, my dear, full of kindly faces,
Home was home then, my dear, happy for the
child.
Fire and the windows bright glittered on the moor-
land ;
Song, tuneful song, built a palace in the wild.
Now, when day dawns on the brow of the moorland,
Lone stands the house, and the chimney-stone is
cold.
Lone let it stand, now the friends are all departed,
The kind hearts, the true hearts, that loved the
place of old.

Spring shall come, come again, calling up the
 moor-fowl,
 Spring shall bring the sun and rain, bring the bees
 and flowers ;
 Red shall the heather bloom over hill and valley,
 Soft flow the stream through the even-flowing
 hours ;
 Fair the day shine as it shone on my childhood—
 Fair shine the day on the house with open door ;
 Birds come and cry there and twitter in the chimney—
 But I go for ever and come again no more.

Robert Louis Stevenson

TO S. R. CROCKETT

Blows the wind to-day, and the sun and the rain
 are flying,
 Blows the wind on the moors to-day and now,
 Where about the graves of the martyrs the whaups
 are crying,
 My heart remembers how !

Grey recumbent tombs of the dead in desert places,
 Standing stones on the vacant wine-red moor,
 Hills of sheep, and the homes of the silent vanished
 races,
 And winds, austere and pure :

Be it granted me to behold you again in dying,
 Hills of home ! and to hear again the call ;
 Hear about the graves of the martyrs the peewees
 crying,
 And hear no more at all.

Robert Louis Stevenson

REQUIEM

UNDER the wide and starry sky,
Dig the grave and let me lie.
Glad did I live and gladly die,
And I laid me down with a will.

This be the verse you grave for me :
Here he lies where he longed to be ;
Home is the sailor, home from sea,
And the hunter home from the hill.
Robert Louis Stevenson

THE BROKEN TRYST

THAT day a fire was in my blood ;
I could have sung : joy wrapt me round ;
The men I met seemed all so good,
I scarcely knew I trod the ground.

How easy seemed all toil ! I laughed
To think that once I hated it.
The sunlight thrilled like wine, I quaffed
Delight divine and infinite.

The very day was not too long ;
I felt so patient ; I could wait,
Being certain. So, the hours in song
Chimed out the minutes of my fate.

For she was coming, she, at last,
I knew : I knew that bolts and bars
Could stay her not ; my heart throbbed fast,
I was not more certain of the stars.

The twilight came, grew deeper ; now
The hour struck, minutes passed, and still
The passionate fervour of her vow
Rang in my heart's ear audible.

I had no doubt at all : I knew
That she would come, and I was then
Most certain, while the minutes flew :
Ah, how I scorned all other men !

Next moment ! Ah ! it was—was not !
I heard the stillness of the street.
Night came. The stars had not forgot.
The moonlight fell about my feet.

So I rebuked my heart, and said :
“ Be still, for she is coming, sec,
Next moment—coming. Ah, her tread,
I hear her coming—it is she ! ”

And then a woman passed. The hour
Rang heavily along the air.
I had no hope, I had no power
To think—for thought was but despair.

A thing had happened. What ? My brain
Dared not so much as guess the thing.
And yet the sun would rise again
Next morning ! I stood marvelling.

Arthur Symons

LIGHTS OUT

I HAVE come to the borders of sleep,
The unfathomable deep
Forest where all must lose
Their way, however straight,
Or winding, soon or late ;
They cannot choose.

Many a road and track
That, since the dawn's first crack,
Up to the forest brink,
Deceived the travellers,
Suddenly now blurs,
And in they sink.

Here love ends,
Despair, ambition ends,
All pleasure and all trouble,
Although most sweet or bitter,
Here ends in sleep that is sweeter
Than tasks most noble.

There is not any book
Or face of dearest look
That I would not turn from now
To go into the unknown
I must enter and leave alone
I know not how.

The tall forest towers ;
Its cloudy foliage lowers
Ahead, shelf above shelf ;
Its silence I hear and obey
That I may lose my way
And myself.

Edward Thomas

WORDS

OUT of us all
That make rhymes,
Will you choose
Sometimes—
As the winds use
A crack in a wall
Or a drain,
Their joy or their pain
To whistle through—
Choose me,
You English words ?

I know you :
You are light as dreams,
Tough as oak,
Precious as gold,
As poppies and corn,
Or an old cloak ;
Sweet as our birds
To the ear,
As the burnet rose

In the heat
Of Midsummer :
Strange as the races
Of dead and unborn :
Strange and sweet
Equally,
And familiar,
To the eye,
As the dearest faces

That a man knows,
And as lost homes are :
But though older far
Than oldest yew,—
As our hills are, old,—
Worn new
Again and again :
Young as our streams
After rain :
And as dear
As the earth which you prove
That we love.

Make me content
With some sweetness
From Wales,
Whose nightingales
Have no wings,—
From Wiltshire and Kent
And Herefordshire,
And the villages there,—
From the names, and the things
No less.
Let me sometimes dance
With you,
Or climb,
Or stand perchance
In ecstasy,
Fixed and free
In a rhyme,
As poets do.

Edward Thomas

OUT IN THE DARK

Out in the dark over the snow
The fallow fawns invisible go
With the fallow doe ;
And the winds blow
Fast as the stars are slow.

Stealthily the dark haunts round
And, when a lamp goes, without sound
At a swifter bound
Than the swiftest hound,
Arrives, and all else is drowned ;

And I and star and wind and deer
Are in the dark together—near,
Yet far,—and fear
Drums in my ear
In that sage company drear.

How weak and little is the light,
All the universe of sight,
Love and delight,
Before the might,
If you love it not, of night.

Edward Thomas

DAISY

WHERE the thistle lifts a purple crown
Six foot out of the turf,
And the harebell shakes on the windy hill—
O the breath of the distant surf!—

The hills look over on the South,
And southward dreams the sea ;
And, with the sea-breeze hand in hand,
Came innocence and she.

Where 'mid the gorse the raspberry
Red for the gatherer springs,
Two children did we stray and talk
Wise, idle, childish things.

She listen'd with big-lipp'd surprise,
Breast-deep 'mid flower and spine :
Her skin was like a grape, whose veins
Run snow instead of wine.

She knew not those sweet words she spake,
Nor knew her own sweet way ;
But there's never a bird so sweet a song
'Throng'd in whose throat that day !

O, there were flowers in Storrington
On the turf and on the spray ;
But the sweetest flower on Sussex hills
Was the Daisy-flower that day !

Her beauty smooth'd earth's furrow'd face !
She gave me tokens three :—
A look, a word of her winsome mouth,
And a wild raspberry.

A berry red, a guileless look,
A still word,—strings of sand !
And yet they made my wild, wild heart
Fly down to her little hand.

For, standing artless as the air,
And candid as the skies,
She took the berries with her hand,
And the love with her sweet eyes.

The fairest things have fleetest end :
Their scent survives their close ;
But the rose's scent is bitterness
To him that loved the rose !

She looked a little wistfully,
Then went her sunshine way :—
The sea's eye had a mist on it,
And the leaves fell from the day.

She went her unremembering way,
She went, and left in me
The pang of all the partings gone
And partings yet to be.

She left me marvelling why my soul
Was sad that she was glad ;
At all the sadness in the sweet,
The sweetness in the sad.

Still, still I seem'd to see her, still
Look up with soft replies,
And take the berries with her hand,
And the love with her lovely eyes.

Nothing begins, and nothing ends,
That is not paid with moan ;
For we are born in other's pain,
And perish in our own.

Francis Thompson

TO A SNOWFLAKE

WHAT heart could have thought you?—
Past our devisal
(O filigree petal !)
Fashioned so purely,
Fragilely, surely,
From what Paradisal
Imagineless metal,
Too costly for cost ?
Who hammered you, wrought you,
From argentine vapour?—
“ God was my shaper.
Passing surmisal,
He hammered, He wrought me,
From curled silver vapour,
To lust of His mind :—
Thou couldst not have thought me !
So purely, so palely,
Tinily, surely,
Mightily, frailly,
Insculped and embossed,
With His hammer of wind,
And His graver of frost.”

Francis Thompson

IN NO STRANGE LAND

“ The Kingdom of God is within you.”

O WORLD invisible, we view thee,
O world intangible, we touch thee,
O world unknowable, we know thee,
Inapprehensible, we clutch thee !

Does the fish soar to find the ocean,
The eagle plunge to find the air—
That we ask of the stars in motion
If they have rumour of thee there ?

Not where the wheeling systems darken,
And our benumbed conceiving soars !—
The drift of pinions, would we hearken,
Beats at our own clay-shuttered doors.

The angels keep their ancient places ;—
Turn but a stone, and start a wing !
'Tis ye, 'tis your estrangèd faces,
That miss the many-splendoured thing.

But (when so sad thou canst not sadder)
Cry ;—and upon thy so sore loss
Shall shine the traffic of Jacob's ladder
Pitched betwixt Heaven and Charing Cross

Yea, in the night, my Soul, my daughter,
Cry,—clinging Heaven by the hems ;
And lo, Christ walking on the water,
Not of Gennesareth, but Thames !

Francis Thompson

THE HOUND OF HEAVEN

I FLED Him, down the nights and down the days :
I fled Him, down the arches of the years ;
I fled Him, down the labyrinthine ways
Of my own mind ; and in the mist of tears
I hid from Him, and under running laughter.
Up vistaed hopes I sped ;
And shot, precipitated

Adown Titanic glooms or chasmèd fears,
From those strong Feet that followed, followed
after.

But with unhurrying chase,
And unperturbèd pace,
Deliberate speed, majestic instancy,
They beat—and a Voice beat
More instant than the Feet—
“All things betray thee, who betrayest Me.”

I pleaded outlaw-wise,
By many a hearted casement, curtained red,
Trellised with intertwining charities ;
(For, though I knew His love Who followèd,
Yet was I sore adread
Lest, having Him, I must have naught beside) :
But, if one little casement parted wide,
The gust of his approach would clash it to.
Fear wist not to evade, as Love wist to pursue.
Across the margent of the world I fled,
And troubled the gold gateways of the stars,
Smiting for shelter on their clangèd bars ;
Fretted to dulcet jars
And silvern chatter the pale ports o’ the moon.
I said to dawn, Be sudden ; to eve, Be soon ;
With thy young skiey blossoms heap me over
From this tremendous Lover !
Float thy vague veil about me, lest He see !
I tempted all his servitors, but to find
My own betrayal in their constancy,
In faith to Him their fickleness to me,
Their traitorous trueness and their loyal deceit.
To all swift things for swiftness did I sue ;
Clung to the whistling mane of every wind.
But whether they swept, smoothly fleet,

The long savannahs of the blue ;
Or whether, Thunder-driven,
They clanged his chariot 'thwart a heaven
Plashy with flying lightnings round the spurn
o' their feet :—

Fear wist not to evade as Love wist to pursue
Still with unhurrying chase,
And unperturbèd pace,
Deliberate speed, majestic instancy,
Came on the following Feet,
And a Voice above their beat—
“ Naught shelters thee, who wilt not shelter
Me.”

I sought no more that after which I strayed
In face of man or maid ;
But still within the little children's eyes
Seems something, something that replies :
They at least are for me, surely for me !
I turned me to them very wistfully ;
But, just as their young eyes grew sudden fair
With dawning answers there,
Their angel plucked them from me by the hair.
“ Come then, ye other children, Nature's—share
With me ” (said I) “ your delicate fellowship ;
Let me greet you lip to lip,
Let me twine with you caresses,
Wantoning
With our Lady-Mother's vagrant tresses,
Banqueting
With her in her wind-walled palace,
Underneath her azured daïs,
Quaffing as your taintless way is,
From a chalice
Lucent-weeping out of the dayspring.”

So it was done :

I in their delicate fellowship was one—
Drew the bolt of Nature's secrecies.

I knew all the swift importings
On the wilful face of skies ;
I knew how the clouds arise
Spumèd of the wild sea-snortings ;
All that's born or dies
Rose and drooped with—made them
shapers .

Of mine own moods, or wailful or divine—
With them joyed and was bereaven.
I was heavy with the even,
When she lit her glimmering tapers
Round the day's dead sanctities.
I laughed in the morning's eyes.

I triumphed and *I* saddened with all weather,
Heaven and *I* wept together,
And its sweet tears were salt with mortal mine ;
Against the red throb of its sunset-heart

I laid my own to beat,
And share commingling heat ;
But not by that, by that, was eased my human
smart.

In vain my tears were wet on Heaven's grey cheek.
For ah ! we know not what each other says

These things and *I* ; in sound *I* speak—
Their sound is but their stir, they speak by silences.
Nature, poor stepdame, cannot slake my drouth ;

Let her, if she would owe me,
Drop yon blue bosom-veil of sky, and show me
The breasts o' her tenderness :

Never did any milk of hers once bless
My thirsting mouth.

Nigh and nigh draws the chase
With unperturbèd pace
Deliberate speed, majestic instancy;
And past those noisèd Feet
A voice comes yet more fleet—
“Lo! naught contents thee, who content’st
not Me.”

Naked I wait Thy love’s uplifted stroke!
My harness piece by piece Thou hast hewn from me,
And smitten me to my knee;
I am defenceless utterly.
I slept, methinks, and woke,
And, slowly gazing, find me stripped in sleep.
In the rash lustihead of my young powers,
I shook the pillaring hours
And pulled my life upon me; grimed with smears,
I stand amid the dust o’ the mounded years—
My mangled youth lies dead beneath the heap.
My days have crackled and gone up in smoke,
I have puffed and burst as sun-starts on a stream.
Yea, faileth now even dream
The dreamer, and the lute the lutanist;
From the linked fantasies, in whose blossomy twist
I swung the earth a trinket at my wrist,
Are yielding; cords of all too weak account
For earth with heavy griefs so overplussed.
Ah! is Thy love indeed
A weed, albeit an amaranthine weed,
Suffering no flowers except its own to mount?
Ah! must—
Designer infinite!—
Ah! must Thou char the wood ere Thou canst
limn with it?

My freshness spent its wavering shower i' the dust ;
And now my heart is as a broken fount,
Wherein tear-drippings stagnate, split down ever
 From the dank thoughts that shiver
Upon the sighful branches of my mind.

 Such is ; what is to be ?

The pulp so bitter, how shall taste the rind ?
I dimly guess what Time in mists confounds ;
Yet ever and anon a trumpet sounds
From the hid battlements of Eternity ;
Those shaken mists a space unsettle, then
Round the half glimpsèd turrets slowly wash
 again.

 But not ere him who summoneth

 I first have seen, enwound

With glooming robes purpureal, cypress-crowned ;
His name I know, and what his trumpet saith.
Whether man's heart or life it be which yields
 Thee harvest, must Thy harvest fields
 Be dunged with rotten death ?

 Now of that long pursuit

 Comes on at hand the bruit ;

 That Voice is round me like a bursting sea :

 " And is thy earth so marred,

 Shattered in shard on shard ?

 Lo, all things fly thee, for thou fliest Me !

 Strange, piteous, futile thing,

Wherefore should any set thee love apart ?

Seeing none but I makes much of naught " (He said) "

" And human love needs human meriting :

 How hast thou merited

Of all man's clotted clay the dingiest clot ?

 Alack, thou knowest not

How little worthy of any love thou art !

Whom wilt thou find to love ignoble thee
Save Me, save only Me ?
All which I took from thee I did but take,
Not for thy harms,
But just that thou might'st seek it in My arms.
All which thy child's mistake
Fancies as lost, I have stored for thee at home :
Rise, clasp my hand, and come ! ”

Halts by me that footfall :
Is my gloom, after all,
Shade of His hand, outstretched caressingly ?
“ Ah, fondest, blindest, weakest,
I am He Whom thou seekest !
Thou dravest love from thee, who dravest Me.’

Francis Thompson

O DREAMY, GLOOMY, FRIENDLY TREES !

O DREAMY, gloomy, friendly Trees,
I came along your narrow track
To bring my gifts unto your knees,
And gifts did you give back ;
For when I brought this heart that burns—
These thoughts that bitterly repine—
And laid them here among the ferns
And the hum of boughs divine,
Ye, vastest breathers of the air,
Shook down with slow and mighty poise
Your coolness on the human care,
Your wonder on its toys,
Your greenness on the heart's despair,
Your darkness on its noise.

Herbert Trench

ECSTASY

I SAW a frieze on whitest marble drawn
Of boys who sought for shells along the shore,
Their white feet shedding pallor in the sea,
The shallow sea, the spring-time sea of green
That faintly creamed against the cold, smooth
pebbles. •

The air was thin, their limbs were delicate,
The wind had graven their small eager hands
To feel the forests and the dark nights of Asia
Behind the purple bloom of the horizon,
Where sails would float and slowly melt away.

Their naked, pure, and grave, unbroken silence
Filled the soft air as gleaming, limpid water
Fills a spring sky those days when rain is lying
In shattered bright pools on the wind-dried roads,
And their sweet bodies were wind-purified.

One held a shell unto his shell-like ear
And there was music carven in his face,
His eyes half-closed, his lips just breaking open
To catch the lulling, mazy, coralline roar
Of numberless caverns filled with singing seas.

And all of them were hearkening as to singing
Of far-off voices thin and delicate,
Voices too fine for any mortal wind
To blow into the whorls of mortal ears—
And yet those sounds flowed from their grave,
sweet faces.

— And as I looked I heard that delicate music,
And I became as grave, as calm, as still
As those carved boys. I stood upon that shore,
I felt the cool sea dream around my feet,
My eyes were staring at the far horizon ;

And the wind came and purified my limbs,
And the stars came and set within my eyes,
And snowy clouds rested on my shoulders,
And the blue sky shimmered deep within me,
And I sang like a carven pipe of music.

W. J. Turner

THE PRINCESS

THE stone-grey roses by the desert's rim
Are soft-edged shadows on the moonlit sand,
Grey are the broken walls of Conchubar,
That haunt of nightingales, whose voices are
Fountains that bubble in the dream-soft Moon.

Shall the Gazelles with moonbeam pale bright feet
Entering the vanished gardens sniff the air—
Some scent may linger of that ancient time,
Musician's song, or poet's passionate rhyme,
The Princess dead, still wandering love-sick there.

A Princess pale and cold as mountain snow,
In cool, dark chambers sheltered from the sun,
With long dark lashes and small delicate hands :
To kiss her mouth men sighed in many lands,
Until in shifting sands they buried her.

And the Gazelles shall flit by in the Moon
And never shake the frail Tree's lightest leaves,
And the moonlight roses perfume the pale Dawn,
Until the scarlet life from her lips drawn
Gathers its shattered beauty in the sky.

W. J. Turner

THE CHOICE

WHEN skies are blue and days are bright,
A kitchen garden's my delight,
Set round with rows of decent box
And blowsy girls of hollyhocks,

Before the lark his Lauds hath done
And ere the cornrake's southward gone ;
Before the thrush good-night hath said
And the young Summer's put to bed.

The currant-bushes' spicy smell,
Homely and honest, likes me well,
The while on strawberries I feast,
And raspberries the sun hath kissed.

Beans all a-blowing by a row
Of hives that great with honey go,
With mignonette and heaths to yield
The plundering bee his honey-field.

Sweet herbs in plenty, blue borage,
And the delicious mint and sage,
Rosemary, marjoram, and rue,
And thyme to scent the winter through.

Here are small apples growing round,
 And apricots all golden-gowned,
 And plums that presently will flush
 And show their bush a Burning Bush.

Cherries in nets against the wall,
 Where Master Thrush his madrigal
 Sings, and makes oath a churl is he
 Who grudges cherries for a fee.

Lavender, sweet-briar, orris. Here
 Shall Beauty make her pomander,
 Her sweet-balls for to lay in clothes
 That wrap her as the leaves the rose.

Take roses red and lilies white,
 A kitchen garden's my delight ;
 Its gillyflowers and phlox and cloves,
 And its tall cote of irised doves.

Katharine Tynan

LACRIMÆ MUSARUM

(6th October, 1892: *Tennyson's Death*)

Low, like another's, lies the laurelled head :
 The life that seemed a perfect song is o'er :
 Carry the last great bard to his last bed.
 Land that he loved, thy noblest voice is mute.
 Land that he loved, that loved him ! nevermore
 Meadow of thine, smooth lawn or wild sea-shore,
 Gardens of odorous bloom and tremulous fruit,
 Or woodlands old, like Druid couches spread,
 The master's feet shall tread.
 Death's little rift hath rent the faultless lute :
 The singer of undying songs is dead.

Lo, in this season pensive-hued and grave,
While fades and falls the doomed, reluctant leaf
From withered Earth's fantastic coronal,
With wandering sighs of forest and of wave
Mingles the murmur of a people's grief
For him whose leaf shall fade not, neither fall.
He hath fared forth, beyond these suns and showers.
For us, the autumn glow, the autumn flame,
And soon the winter silence shall be ours :
Him the eternal spring of fadeless fame .
Crowns with no mortal flowers.

What needs his laurel our ephemeral tears,
To save from visitation of decay ?
Not in this temporal sunlight now, that bay
Blooms, nor to perishable mundane ears
Sings he with lips of transitory clay.
Rapt though he be from us,
Virgil salutes him, and Theocritus ;
Catullus, mightiest-brained Lucretius, each
Greets him, their brother, on the Stygian beach ;
Proudly a gaunt right hand doth Dante reach ;
Milton and Wordsworth bid him welcome home ;
Keats, on his lips the eternal rose of youth,
Doth in the name of Beauty that is 'Truth
A Kinsman's love beseech ;
Coleridge, his locks aspersed with fairy foam,
Calm Spenser, Chaucer suave,
His equal friendship crave :
And godlike spirits hail him guest, in speech
Of Athens, Florence, Weimar, Stratford, Rome.

Nay, he returns to regions whence he came.
Him doth the spirit divine
Of universal loveliness reclaim.

All nature is his shrine.
Seek him henceforward in the wind and sea,
In earth's and air's emotion or repose,
In every star's august serenity,
And in the rapture of the flaming rose.
There seek him if ye would not seek in vain,
There, in the rhythm and music of the Whole ;
Yea, and for ever in the human soul
Made stronger and more beauteous by his strain.

For lo ! creation's self is one great choir,
And what is nature's order but the rhyme
Whereto in holiest unanimity
All things with all things move unfalteringly,
Infolded and communal from their prime ?
Who shall expound the mystery of the lyre ?
In far retreats of elemental mind
Obscurely comes and goes
The imperative breath of song, that as the wind
Is trackless, and oblivious whence it blows.
Demand of lilies wherefore they are white,
Extort her crimson secret from the rose,
But ask not of the Muse that she disclose
The meaning of the riddle of her night :
Somewhat of all things sealed and recondite,
Save the enigma of herself, she knows.
The master could not tell, with all his lore,
Wherefore he sang, or whence the mandate sped :
Ev'n as the linnet sings, so I, he said :
Ah, rather as the imperial nightingale,
That held in trance the ancient Attic shore,
And charms the ages with the notes that o'er
All woodland chants immortally prevail !
And now, from our vain plaudits greatly fled,

He with diviner silence dwells instead,
And on no earthly sea with transient roar,
Unto no earthly airs, he trims his sail,
But far beyond our vision and our hail
Is heard for ever and is seen no more.

No more, O never now,
Lord of the lofty and the tranquil brow,
Shall men behold those wizard locks where Time
Let fall no wintry rime.
Once, in his youth obscure,
The maker of this verse, that shall endure
By splendour of its theme which cannot die,
Beheld thee eye to eye,
And touched through thee the hand
Of every hero of thy race divine,
Ev'n to the sire of all the laurelled line,
The sightless wanderer on the Ionian strand.
Yea, I beheld thee, and behold thee yet :
Thou hast forgotten, but can I forget ?
Are not thy words all goldenly impressed
On memory's palimpsest ?
I hear the utterance of thy sovereign tongue,
I tread the floor thy hallowing feet have trod ;
I see the hands a nation's lyre that strung,
The eyes that looked through life and gazed on God.

The seasons change, the winds they shift and veer ;
The grass of yesteryear
Is dead ; the birds depart, the groves decay :
Empires dissolve and peoples disappear :
Song passes not away.
Captains and conquerors leave a little dust,

And kings a dubious legend of their reign ;
The swords of Caesars, they are less than rust :
The poet doth remain.
Dead is Augustus, Maro is alive ;
And thou, the Mantuan of this age and soil,
With Virgil shalt survive,
Enriching Time with no less honeyed spoil,
The yielded sweet of every Muse's hive ;
Heading no more the sound of idle praise
In that great calm our tumults cannot reach,
Master who crown'st our immelodious days
With flower of perfect speech.

William Watson

REQUIESCAT

TREAD lightly, she is near
Under the snow,
Speak gently, she can hear
The daisies grow.

All her bright golden hair
Tarnished with rust,
She that was young and fair
Fallen to dust.

Lily-like, white as snow,
She hardly knew
She was a woman, so
Sweetly she grew.

Coffin-board, heavy stone,
Lie on her breast,
I vex my heart alone,
She is at rest.

Peace, Peace, she cannot hear
Lyre or sonnet,
All my life's buried here,
Heap earth upon it.

Oscar Wilde

THEOCRITUS

A VILLANELLE

O SINGER of Persephone !
In the dim meadows desolate
Dost thou remember Sicily ?

Still through the ivy flits the bee
Where Amaryllis lies in state ;
O Singer of Persephone !

Simætha calls on Hecate
And hears the wild dogs at the gate ;
Dost thou remember Sicily ?

Still by the light and laughing sea
Poor Polypheme bemoans his fate ;
O Singer of Persephone !

And still in boyish rivalry
Young Daphnis challenges his mate ;
Dost thou remember Sicily ?

Slim Lacon keeps a goat for thee,
For thee the jocund shepherds wait ;
O Singer of Persephone !
Dost thou remember Sicily ?

Oscar Wilde

THERE ARE SWEET FIELDS

THERE are sweet fields that lie
Under the mountains,
Where life runs pleasantly
Like little fountains.

There has the sun forgot
His cruel fire,
And the strong air wanders not
From the craig-heads higher.

There may the grey heart sing
How Youth was stronger,
And love a far-off thing
That hurts no longer.

Iolo Aneurin Williams

THE SONG OF WANDERING AENGUS

I WENT out to the hazel wood,
Because a fire was in my head,
And cut and peeled a hazel wand,
And hooked a berry to a thread ;

And when white moths were on the wing,
And moth-like stars were flickering out,
I dropped the berry in a stream
And caught a little silver trout.

When I had laid it on the floor
I went to blow the fire a-flame,
But something rustled on the floor,
And some one called me by my name :
It had become a glimmering girl
With apple blossom in her hair
Who called me by my name and ran
And faded through the brightening air.

Though I am old with wandering
Through hollow lands and hilly lands,
I will find out where she has gone,
And kiss her lips and take her hands ;
And walk among long dappled grass,
And pluck till time and times are done
The silver apples of the moon,
The golden apples of the sun.

W. B. Yeats

THE ROSE OF THE WORLD

WHO dreamed that beauty passes like a dream ?
For these red lips, with all their mournful pride,
Mournful that no new wonder may betide,
Troy passed away in one high funeral gleam,
And Usna's children died.

We and the labouring world are passing by :
Amid men's souls, that waver and give place,
Like the pale waters in their wintry race,
Under the passing stars, foam of the sky,
Lives on this lonely face.

Bow down, archangels, in your dim abode :
Before you were, or any hearts to beat,
Weary and kind one lingered by His seat ;
He made the world to be a grassy road
Before her wandering feet.

W. B. Yeats

THE WHITE BIRDS

I WOULD that we were, my beloved, white birds on
the foam of the sea !
We tire of the flame of the meteor, before it can
fade and flee ;
And the flame of the blue star of twilight, hung
low on the rim of the sky,
Has awaked in our hearts, my beloved, a sadness
that may not die.

A weariness comes from those dreamers, dew-
dabbled, the lily and rose :
Ah, dream not of them, my beloved, the flame of
the meteor that goes,
Or the flame of the blue star that lingers hung low
in the fall of the dew :
For I would we were changed to white birds on the
wandering foam : I and you !

I am haunted by numberless islands, and many
a Danaan shore,
Where Time would surely forget us, and Sorrow
come near us no more ;
Soon far from the rose and the lily, and fret of the
flames would we be,
Were we only white birds, my beloved, buoyed
out on the foam of the sea !

W. B. Yeats

DOWN BY THE SALLEY GARDENS

DOWN by the salley gardens my love and I did
meet ;

She passed the salley gardens with little snow-
white feet.

She bid me take love easy, as the leaves grow on
the tree ;

But I, being young and foolish, with her would
not agree. .

In a field by the river my love and I did stand,
And on my leaning shoulder she laid her snow-
white hand.

She bid me take life easy, as the grass grows on
the weirs ;

But I was young and foolish, and now am full of
tears.

W. B. Yeats

THE LAKE ISLE OF INNISFREE

I WILL arise and go now, and go to Innisfree,
And a small cabin build there, of clay and
wattles made ;

Nine bean rows will I have there, a hive for the
honey bee,
And live alone in the bee-loud glade.

And I shall have some peace there, for peace comes
dropping slow,

Dropping from the veils of the morning to where
the cricket sings ;

There midnight's all a glimmer, and noon a purple
glow,

And evening full of the linnet's wings

I will arise and go now, for always night and day
I hear lake water lapping with low sounds by
the shore ;
While I stand on the roadway, or on the pave-
ments gray,
I hear it in the deep heart's core.

W. B. Yeats

THE SORROW OF LOVE

THE quarrel of the sparrows in the eaves,
The full round moon and the star-laden sky,
And the loud song of the ever-singing leaves,
Had hid away earth's old and weary cry.

And then you came with those red mournful lips,
And with you came the whole of the world's
tears,
And all the sorrows of her labouring ships,
And all the burden of her myriad years.

And now the sparrows warring in the eaves,
The curd-pale moon, the white stars in the sky,
And the loud chaunting of the unquiet leaves
Are shaken with earth's old and weary cry.

W. B. Yeats

FEBRUARY

THE robin on my lawn
He was the first to tell
How, in the frozen dawn,
This miracle befell,
Waking the meadows white
With hoar, the iron road

Agleam with splintered light,
And ice where water flowed :
Till, when the low sun drank
Those milky mists that cloak
Hanger and hollied bank,
The winter world awoke
To hear the feeble bleat
Of lambs on the downland farms :
A blackbird whistled sweet ;
Old beeches moved their arms
Into a mellow haze
Aerial, newly-born :
And I, alone, agaze,
Stood waiting for the thorn
To break in blossoms white,
Or burst in a green flame. . . .
So, in a single night,
Fair February came,
Bidding my lips to sing
Or whisper their surprise,
With all the joy of spring
And morning in her eyes.

Francis Brett Young

THE LEANING ELM

BEFORE my window, in days of winter hoar,
Huddled a mournful wood :
Smooth pillars of beech, domed chestnut, sycamore
In stony sleep they stood :
But you, unhappy elm, the angry west
Had chosen from the rest,
Flung broken on your brothers' branches bare,
And left you leaning there

So dead that, when the breath of winter cast
Wild snow upon the blast,
The other living branches, downward bowed,
Shook free their crystal shroud
And shed upon your blackened trunk beneath
Their livery of death. . . .

On windless nights between the beechen bars
I watched cold stars
Throb whitely in the sky, and dreamily
Wondered if any life lay locked in thee :
If still the hidden sap secretly moved
As water in the icy winterbourne
Floweth unheard :
And half I pitied you your trance forlorn :
You could not hear, I thought, the voice of any bird,
The shadowy cries of bats in dim twilight
Or cool voices of owls crying by night. . . .
Hunting by night under the hornèd moon :
Yet half I envied you your wintry swoon,
Till, on this morning mild, the sun, new-risen
Steals from his misty prison ;
The frozen fallows glow, the black trees shaken
In a clear flood of sunlight vibrating awaken :

And lo, your ravaged bole, beyond belief
Slenderly fledged anew with tender leaf
As pale as those twin vanes that break at last
In a tiny fan above the black beech-mast
Where no blade springeth green
But pallid bells of the shy helleborine.
What is this ecstasy that overwhelms
The dreaming earth ? See, the embrownèd elms
Crowding purple distances warm the depths of the
wood :

A new-born wind tosses their tassels brown,
His white clouds dapple the down :
Into a green flame bursting the hedgerows stand.
Soon, with banners flying, Spring will walk the
land. . . .

There is no day for thee, my soul, like this,
No spring of lovely words. Nay, even the kiss
Of mortal love that maketh man divine
This light cannot outshine :
Nay, even poets, they whose frail hands catch
The shadow of vanishing beauty, may not match
This leafy ecstasy. Sweet words may cull
Such magical beauty as time may not destroy ;
But we, alas, are not more beautiful :
We cannot flower in beauty as in joy.
We sing, our musèd words are sped, and then
Poets are only men
Who age, and toil, and sicken. . . . This maim'd
tree
May stand in leaf when I have ceased to be.

Francis Brett Young

CHRISTMAS

A BOY was born at Bethlehem
that knew the haunts of Galilee.
He wandered on Mount Lebanon,
and learned to love each forest tree.

But I was born at Marlborough,
and love the homely faces there ;
and for all other men besides
'tis little love I have to spare.

I should not mind to die for them,
my own dear downs, my comrades true.
But that great heart of Bethlehem,
he died for men he never knew.

And yet, I think, at Golgotha,
as Jesus' eyes were closed in death,
they saw with love most passionate
the village street at Nazareth.

H.M.S. *Iron Duke*, 1914.

E. Hilton Young

THE CRAGSMAN

IN this short span
between my finger tips on the smooth edge
and these tense feet cramped to the crystal ledge
I hold the life of man.
Consciously I embrace
arched from the mountain rock on which I stand
to the firm limit of my lifted hand
the front of time and space :—

For what is there in all the world for me
but what I know and see ?
And what remains of all I see and know,
if I let go ?

With this full breath
bracing my sinews as I upward move
boldly reliant to the rift above
I measure life from death.
With each strong thrust
I feel all motion and all vital force

borne on my strength and hazarding their course
in my self-trust :—

There is no movement of what kind it be
but has its source in me ;
and should these muscles falter to release
motion itself must cease.

In these two eyes
that search the splendour of the earth, and seek
the sombre mysteries on plain and peak, •
all vision wakes and dies.

With these my ears
that listen for the sound of lakes asleep
and love the larger rumour from the deep,
the eternal hears :—

For all of beauty that this life can give
lives only while I live ;
and with the light my hurried vision lends
all beauty ends.

Geoffrey Winthrop Young

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